

ADULT CORRECTIONAL SYSTEMS

A REPORT SUBMITTED TO THE

FISCAL AFFAIRS AND GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS COMMITTEE

JOHN J. HAINKEL, JR., PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE

CHARLES W. DEWITT, JR., SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE

PREPARED BY:

CHRISTOPHER A. KEATON, SENIOR FISCAL ANALYST

LOUISIANA LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICE

SOUTHERN LEGISLATIVE CONFERENCE

COUNCIL OF STATE GOVERNMENTS

JOHN R. ROMBACH
LEGISLATIVE FISCAL OFFICER

2001

ADULT CORRECTIONAL SYSTEMS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>PAGE</u>
PREFACE	
INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY	
I. INMATE POPULATION TRENDS AND INCARCERATION RATES	1 - 6
II. PRISON AND JAIL CAPACITIES	7 - 13
III. BUDGETARY ISSUES	14 - 18
IV. STAFFING PATTERNS AND INMATE VIOLENT INCIDENTS	19 - 25
V. PROJECTED COSTS OF NEW PRISONS	26 - 28
VI. PROBATION AND PAROLE	29 - 34
VII. REHABILITATION	35 - 36
VIII. PRISON INDUSTRIES	37 - 39
IX. PRIVATIZATION	40 - 42

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

PAGE

X. STATE PROFILES

ALABAMA	44 - 47
ARKANSAS	48 - 55
FLORIDA	56 - 61
GEORGIA	62 - 67
KENTUCKY	68 - 71
LOUISIANA	72 - 76
MARYLAND	77 - 81
MISSISSIPPI	82 - 87
MISSOURI	88 - 93
NORTH CAROLINA	94 - 99
OKLAHOMA	100 - 103
SOUTH CAROLINA	104 - 108
TENNESSEE	109 - 113
TEXAS	114 - 120
VIRGINIA	121 - 124
WEST VIRGINIA	125 - 128

VERMONT DOCUMENT 207011813

PREFACE

While states continue to predict increasing prison populations over the next five to ten years, recent data suggests that the rapid growth rates of the past have slowed. During the last six years, the annual growth of inmates in state facilities has declined from 8.1% from 1995-96 to 1% from 2000-01. This is not only a southern trend, but also a national one as well. Two factors that contribute to this drop in the growth of incarceration over the last few years are lower crime rates and states' efforts to control the amount of money being spent on corrections.

According to the latest FBI crime statistics, the number of incidents per 100,000 residents for the crimes of robbery, assault, burglary, and murder have declined, with the murder rate at a 35 year low. In addition to falling crime rates, states' efforts to control corrections expenditures associated with prior growth in prison populations have also contributed to a slower growth in prison populations. "Truth in Sentencing" legislation, the elimination of "good time" in which an inmate's sentence is reduced due to good behavior, and longer prison sentences for habitual offenders, have in the past created growing prison populations and put tremendous fiscal pressure on the states. In the last 10 years, corrections expenditures for states in the Southern Legislative Conference have increased by 122%. These southern states spend an average of \$16,245 per year to incarcerate an adult inmate and a total which exceeds \$10 billion on adult corrections for fiscal year 2000-01.

In an effort to control the growth of the prison population, to reduce the rate at which inmates return to prison, and to contain corrections expenditures, many states are now using alternative programs to incarceration. These include pretrial diversion programs, intensive probation, drug courts which allow for immediate sanctions for substance abusers, home incarceration with the use of electronic monitoring for non-violent offenders, and work release programs for technical parole violators. Many states are starting to evaluate the effectiveness of such programs by tracking participants and comparing recidivism rates. Continued data comparisons and studies of these programs will be key in determining which methods could play a major role in controlling the future growth of prison populations.

Journal of Polymer Science: Part A: Polymer Chemistry
1998, 36(1), 1-12
DOI 10.1002/jpaa.10001
Published online 1998 in Wiley InterScience (www.interscience.wiley.com).
Received 10 October 1997; accepted 10 November 1997
Published online 1998 in Wiley InterScience (www.interscience.wiley.com).
© 1998 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY

The purpose of this paper is to provide a brief overview of the methodology used in the study of the polymerization of ethylene oxide (EO) initiated by various metal complexes. The study of the polymerization of EO is of great interest because of its potential applications in the synthesis of poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) and its derivatives. The study of the polymerization of EO is also of interest because of its potential applications in the synthesis of poly(ethylene oxide) (PEO) and its derivatives.

© 1998 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.

INTRODUCTION

This report is the twenty-sixth in a series of annual presentations to the Fiscal Affairs and Government Operations Committee of the Southern Legislative Conference. The report includes a summary of key findings and statistical tables based upon a questionnaire distributed to each member state in August, 2001.

Many thanks to the legislative staff and correctional agency staff who provided the requested information. Thanks also to several co-workers who assisted with the preparation of this report: Gordon Monk, Carolyn Nicklas, and Jean Pedersen.

Christopher A. Keaton
Legislative Fiscal Analyst
Louisiana Legislative Fiscal Office
P. O. Box 44097
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70804
(225) 342-7233
FAX (225) 342-7243
email keatonc@legis.state.la.us

METHODOLOGY

The purpose of this report is to provide legislators and staff in each state with a reference document which can be used to compare Corrections Programs in a particular state to others throughout the southern region.

A questionnaire was sent to each of the 16 states in the Southern Legislative Conference. The information reported in this survey is taken directly from the returned surveys, unless so noted. In addition to group reporting of like data, selected data from the states has been compiled into a "Corrections State Profile" for each state. These include, but are not limited to, selected characteristics of adult inmates and major state initiatives.

It should be noted that although identical surveys were sent to each state, there may be certain inconsistencies due to differences in interpretation of corrections data. We have attempted to adjust these inconsistencies when making comparisons among states. To the best of our ability this has been done with each state's prior approval.

All sixteen SLC states responded to the survey.

NOTE: For purposes of this report "n/a" denotes that the requested information was not available for reporting.

INMATE POPULATION TRENDS AND INCARCERATION RATES

1970-1979	10,500	1,000	10%
1980-1989	12,000	1,200	10%
1990-1999	15,000	1,500	10%
2000-2009	18,000	1,800	10%
2010-2019	20,000	2,000	10%
2020-2029	22,000	2,200	10%
2030-2039	24,000	2,400	10%
2040-2049	26,000	2,600	10%
2050-2059	28,000	2,800	10%
2060-2069	30,000	3,000	10%
2070-2079	32,000	3,200	10%
2080-2089	34,000	3,400	10%
2090-2099	36,000	3,600	10%
2100-2109	38,000	3,800	10%
2110-2119	40,000	4,000	10%
2120-2129	42,000	4,200	10%
2130-2139	44,000	4,400	10%
2140-2149	46,000	4,600	10%
2150-2159	48,000	4,800	10%
2160-2169	50,000	5,000	10%
2170-2179	52,000	5,200	10%
2180-2189	54,000	5,400	10%
2190-2199	56,000	5,600	10%
2200-2209	58,000	5,800	10%
2210-2219	60,000	6,000	10%
2220-2229	62,000	6,200	10%
2230-2239	64,000	6,400	10%
2240-2249	66,000	6,600	10%
2250-2259	68,000	6,800	10%
2260-2269	70,000	7,000	10%
2270-2279	72,000	7,200	10%
2280-2289	74,000	7,400	10%
2290-2299	76,000	7,600	10%
2300-2309	78,000	7,800	10%
2310-2319	80,000	8,000	10%
2320-2329	82,000	8,200	10%
2330-2339	84,000	8,400	10%
2340-2349	86,000	8,600	10%
2350-2359	88,000	8,800	10%
2360-2369	90,000	9,000	10%
2370-2379	92,000	9,200	10%
2380-2389	94,000	9,400	10%
2390-2399	96,000	9,600	10%
2400-2409	98,000	9,800	10%
2410-2419	100,000	10,000	10%
2420-2429	102,000	10,200	10%
2430-2439	104,000	10,400	10%
2440-2449	106,000	10,600	10%
2450-2459	108,000	10,800	10%
2460-2469	110,000	11,000	10%
2470-2479	112,000	11,200	10%
2480-2489	114,000	11,400	10%
2490-2499	116,000	11,600	10%
2500-2509	118,000	11,800	10%
2510-2519	120,000	12,000	10%
2520-2529	122,000	12,200	10%
2530-2539	124,000	12,400	10%
2540-2549	126,000	12,600	10%
2550-2559	128,000	12,800	10%
2560-2569	130,000	13,000	10%
2570-2579	132,000	13,200	10%
2580-2589	134,000	13,400	10%
2590-2599	136,000	13,600	10%
2600-2609	138,000	13,800	10%
2610-2619	140,000	14,000	10%
2620-2629	142,000	14,200	10%
2630-2639	144,000	14,400	10%
2640-2649	146,000	14,600	10%
2650-2659	148,000	14,800	10%
2660-2669	150,000	15,000	10%
2670-2679	152,000	15,200	10%
2680-2689	154,000	15,400	10%
2690-2699	156,000	15,600	10%
2700-2709	158,000	15,800	10%
2710-2719	160,000	16,000	10%
2720-2729	162,000	16,200	10%
2730-2739	164,000	16,400	10%
2740-2749	166,000	16,600	10%
2750-2759	168,000	16,800	10%
2760-2769	170,000	17,000	10%
2770-2779	172,000	17,200	10%
2780-2789	174,000	17,400	10%
2790-2799	176,000	17,600	10%
2800-2809	178,000	17,800	10%
2810-2819	180,000	18,000	10%
2820-2829	182,000	18,200	10%
2830-2839	184,000	18,400	10%
2840-2849	186,000	18,600	10%
2850-2859	188,000	18,800	10%
2860-2869	190,000	19,000	10%
2870-2879	192,000	19,200	10%
2880-2889	194,000	19,400	10%
2890-2899	196,000	19,600	10%
2900-2909	198,000	19,800	10%
2910-2919	200,000	20,000	10%
2920-2929	202,000	20,200	10%
2930-2939	204,000	20,400	10%
2940-2949	206,000	20,600	10%
2950-2959	208,000	20,800	10%
2960-2969	210,000	21,000	10%
2970-2979	212,000	21,200	10%
2980-2989	214,000	21,400	10%
2990-2999	216,000	21,600	10%
3000-3009	218,000	21,800	10%
3010-3019	220,000	22,000	10%
3020-3029	222,000	22,200	10%
3030-3039	224,000	22,400	10%
3040-3049	226,000	22,600	10%
3050-3059	228,000	22,800	10%
3060-3069	230,000	23,000	10%
3070-3079	232,000	23,200	10%
3080-3089	234,000	23,400	10%
3090-3099	236,000	23,600	10%
3100-3109	238,000	23,800	10%
3110-3119	240,000	24,000	10%
3120-3129	242,000	24,200	10%
3130-3139	244,000	24,400	10%
3140-3149	246,000	24,600	10%
3150-3159	248,000	24,800	10%
3160-3169	250,000	25,000	10%
3170-3179	252,000	25,200	10%
3180-3189	254,000	25,400	10%
3190-3199	256,000	25,600	10%
3200-3209	258,000	25,800	10%
3210-3219	260,000	26,000	10%
3220-3229	262,000	26,200	10%
3230-3239	264,000	26,400	10%
3240-3249	266,000	26,600	10%
3250-3259	268,000	26,800	10%
3260-3269	270,000	27,000	10%
3270-3279	272,000	27,200	10%
3280-3289	274,000	27,400	10%
3290-3299	276,000	27,600	10%
3300-3309	278,000	27,800	10%
3310-3319	280,000	28,000	10%
3320-3329	282,000	28,200	10%
3330-3339	284,000	28,400	10%
3340-3349	286,000	28,600	10%
3350-3359	288,000	28,800	10%
3360-3369	290,000	29,000	10%
3370-3379	292,000	29,200	10%
3380-3389	294,000	29,400	10%
3390-3399	296,000	29,600	10%
3400-3409	298,000	29,800	10%
3410-3419	300,000	30,000	10%
3420-3429	302,000	30,200	10%
3430-3439	304,000	30,400	10%
3440-3449	306,000	30,600	10%
3450-3459	308,000	30,800	10%
3460-3469	310,000	31,000	10%
3470-3479	312,000	31,200	10%
3480-3489	314,000	31,400	10%
3490-3499	316,000	31,600	10%
3500-3509	318,000	31,800	10%
3510-3519	320,000	32,000	10%
3520-3529	322,000	32,200	10%
3530-3539	324,000	32,400	10%
3540-3549	326,000	32,600	10%
3550-3559	328,000	32,800	10%
3560-3569	330,000	33,000	10%
3570-3579	332,000	33,200	10%
3580-3589	334,000	33,400	10%
3590-3599	336,000	33,600	10%
3600-3609	338,000	33,800	10%
3610-3619	340,000	34,000	10%
3620-3629	342,000	34,200	10%
3630-3639	344,000	34,400	10%
3640-3649	346,000	34,600	10%
3650-3659	348,000	34,800	10%
3660-3669	350,000	35,000	10%
3670-3679	352,000	35,200	10%
3680-3689	354,000	35,400	10%
3690-3699	356,000	35,600	10%
3700-3709	358,000	35,800	10%
3710-3719	360,000	36,000	10%
3720-3729	362,000	36,200	10%
3730-3739	364,000	36,400	10%
3740-3749	366,000	36,600	10%
3750-3759	368,000	36,800	10%
3760-3769	370,000	37,000	10%
3770-3779	372,000	37,200	10%
3780-3789	374,000	37,400	10%
3790-3799	376,000	37,600	10%
3800-3809	378,000	37,800	10%
3810-3819	380,000	38,000	10%
3820-3829	382,000	38,200	10%
3830-3839	384,000	38,400	10%
3840-3849	386,000	38,600	10%
3850-3859	388,000	38,800	10%
3860-3869	390,000	39,000	10%
3870-3879	392,000	39,200	10%
3880-3889	394,000	39,400	10%
3890-3899	396,000	39,600	10%
3900-3909	398,000	39,800	10%
3910-3919	400,000	40,000	10%
3920-3929	402,000	40,200	10%
3930-3939	404,000	40,400	10%
3940-3949	406,000	40,600	10%
3950-3959	408,000	40,800	10%
3960-3969	410,000	41,000	10%
3970-3979	412,000	41,200	10%
3980-3989	414,000	41,400	10%
3990-3999	416,000	41,600	10%
4000-4009	418,000	41,800	10%
4010-4019	420,000	42,000	10%
4020-4029	422,000	42,200	10%
4030-4039	424,000	42,400	10%
4040-4049	426,000	42,600	10%
4050-4059	428,000	42,800	10%
4060-4069	430,000	43,000	10%
4070-4079	432,000	43,200	10%
4080-4089	434,000	43,400	10%
4090-4099	436,000	43,600	10%
4100-4109	438,000	43,800	10%
4110-4119	440,000	44,000	10%
4120-4129	442,000	44,200	10%
4130-4139	444,000	44,400	10%
4140-4149	446,000	44,600	10%
4150-4159	448,000	44,800	10%
4160-4169	450,000	45,000	10%
4170-4179	452,000	45,200	10%
4180-4189	454,000	45,400	10%
4190-4199	456,000	45,600	10%
4200-4209	458,000	45,800	10%
4210-4219	460,000	46,000	10%
4220-4229	462,000	46,200	10%
4230-4239	464,000	46,400	10%
4240-4249	466,000	46,600	10%
4250-4259	468,000	46,800	10%
4260-4269	470,000	47,000	10%
4270-4279	472,000	47,200	10%
4280-4289	474,000	47,400	10%
4290-4299	476,000	47,600	10%
4300-4309	478,000	47,800	10%
4310-4319	480,000	48,000	10%
4320-4329	482,000	48,200	10%
4330-4339	484,000	48,400	10%
4340-4349	486,000	48,600	10%
4350-4359	488,000	48,800	10%
4360-4369	490,000	49,000	10%
4370-4379	492,000	49,200	10%
4380-4389	494,000	49,400	10%
4390-4399	496,000	49,600	10%
4400-4409	498,000	49,800	10%
4410-4419	500,000	50,000	10%
4420-4429	502,000	50,200	10%
4430-4439	504,000	50,400	10%
4440-4449	506,000	50,	

The inmate population housed in state correctional facilities throughout the Southern Legislative Conference region increased by 5,322 or 1.0 percent from July 1, 2000 to July 1, 2001 (based on figures reported in previous years surveys). The rate of change for each state varied widely, from a 8.5 percent increase in West Virginia to a 1.9 percent decrease in Texas. An 19 year trend summary of the growth of inmates housed in state correctional systems as of July 1 of each year is presented below. (The variations in this table prior to 1994 reflect the addition of Missouri to the Southern Legislative Conference.) Note: These numbers have been revised where noted based on adjustments provided by the member states.

Year	Number of Inmates (in state fac.)	% Increase
1-Jul-82	168,378	
1-Jul-83	183,325	8.9%
1-Jul-84	185,756	1.3%
1-Jul-85	196,251	5.6%
1-Jul-86	204,075	4.0%
1-Jul-87	214,786	5.2%
1-Jul-88	221,990	3.4%
1-Jul-89	236,492	6.5%
1-Jul-90	264,283	11.8%
1-Jul-91	282,046	6.7%
1-Jul-92	297,037	5.3%
1-Jul-93	325,232	9.5%
1-Jul-94	352,768	8.5%
1-Jul-95	411,746	16.7%
1-Jul-96	444,952	8.1%
1-Jul-97	465,879	4.7%
1-Jul-98	485,399	4.2%
1-Jul-99	508,043	4.7%
1-Jul-00	518,361	2.0%
1-Jul-01	523,683	1.0%

Between 1991 and 2001 the resident population of the sixteen state Southern Legislative Conference region increased from 84.9 million to 104.5 million, a 23 percent increase. During that same time period, the number of state inmates (including state inmates housed in local jails) increased by 88 percent from 300,348 to 565,097. Not surprisingly, the incarceration rate in the SLC region, which is the number of inmates per one hundred thousand inhabitants, increased from 353.7 in 1991 to 540.9 in 2001 and continued to exceed the U.S. incarceration rate which increased from 314.6 in 1991 to 491 in 2001.

YEAR	SLC Total Population (thousands)	U.S. Population (thousands)	SLC Total State Inmates (incl. jails)	U.S. Inmates	SLC State Inmates/ 100,000 Pop.	U.S. Inmates/ 100,000 Pop.
1991	84,906	250,443	300,348	787,921	353.7	314.6
2001	104,475	281,421	565,097	1,381,892	540.9	491.0

The number of state inmates housed in local jails in the SLC accounts for 7.3 percent of the total inmate population of 565,097 housed in both state facilities and local jails. As of July 1, 2001, there were 41,414 state inmates housed in local jails.

All sixteen states surveyed provided projections of the growth of their inmate populations housed in state facilities to the year 2006. These states expect varying increases from 2001 to 2006 in the number of inmates, from 4.1 percent in Maryland to 63.8 percent in Kentucky. Eleven states projected inmate populations to the year 2011. Predicted increases during the ten-year period range from 8.5 percent in Oklahoma to 77.9 percent in Tennessee.

ADULT INMATE POPULATION HOUSED IN STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

STATE	Inmate Population (a)		Inmates per 100,000 Pop. (b)	Rank In SLC	Inmate Population Change			
	1-Jul-00	1-Jul-01			97 to 98	98 to 99	99 to 00	00 to 01
ALABAMA	22,692	24,280	546.0	5	0.2%	10.8%	0.1%	7.0%
ARKANSAS	10,872	11,046	413.2	12	18.1%	3.5%	1.6%	1.6%
FLORIDA	71,199	71,960	450.3	8	2.4%	3.4%	3.9%	1.1%
GEORGIA	43,324	45,463	555.4	3	5.9%	8.3%	4.0%	4.9%
KENTUCKY	11,111	11,577	286.4	15	4.9%	2.1%	-6.2%	4.2%
LOUISIANA	19,505	19,528	437.1	11	4.5%	3.3%	1.0%	0.1%
MARYLAND	23,156	23,529	444.3	10	-5.9%	8.4%	2.3%	1.6%
MISSISSIPPI	16,013	15,797	555.3	4	-31.8%	44.4%	10.1%	-1.3%
MISSOURI	27,219	28,145	503.0	7	4.6%	2.4%	7.2%	3.4%
NORTH CAROLINA	31,349	31,799	395.1	13	5.7%	-2.7%	-0.8%	1.4%
OKLAHOMA	22,666	22,605	655.0	2	36.2%	6.2%	5.5%	-0.3%
SOUTH CAROLINA	21,109	21,365	532.5	6	4.2%	1.0%	-0.3%	1.2%
TENNESSEE	16,731	17,346	304.9	14	9.2%	5.9%	2.4%	3.7%
TEXAS	146,949	144,197	691.5	1	5.1%	0.0%	0.7%	-1.9%
VIRGINIA	31,422	31,743	448.4	9	5.3%	18.6%	0.8%	1.0%
WEST VIRGINIA	3,044	3,303	182.7	16	1.2%	23.0%	1.3%	8.5%
TOTAL	518,361	523,683	501.3		4.2%	4.7%	2.0%	1.0%

(a) Incarceration rates shown are for inmates in state facilities only.

For total incarceration rates see table "State Inmates in State and Local Jails."

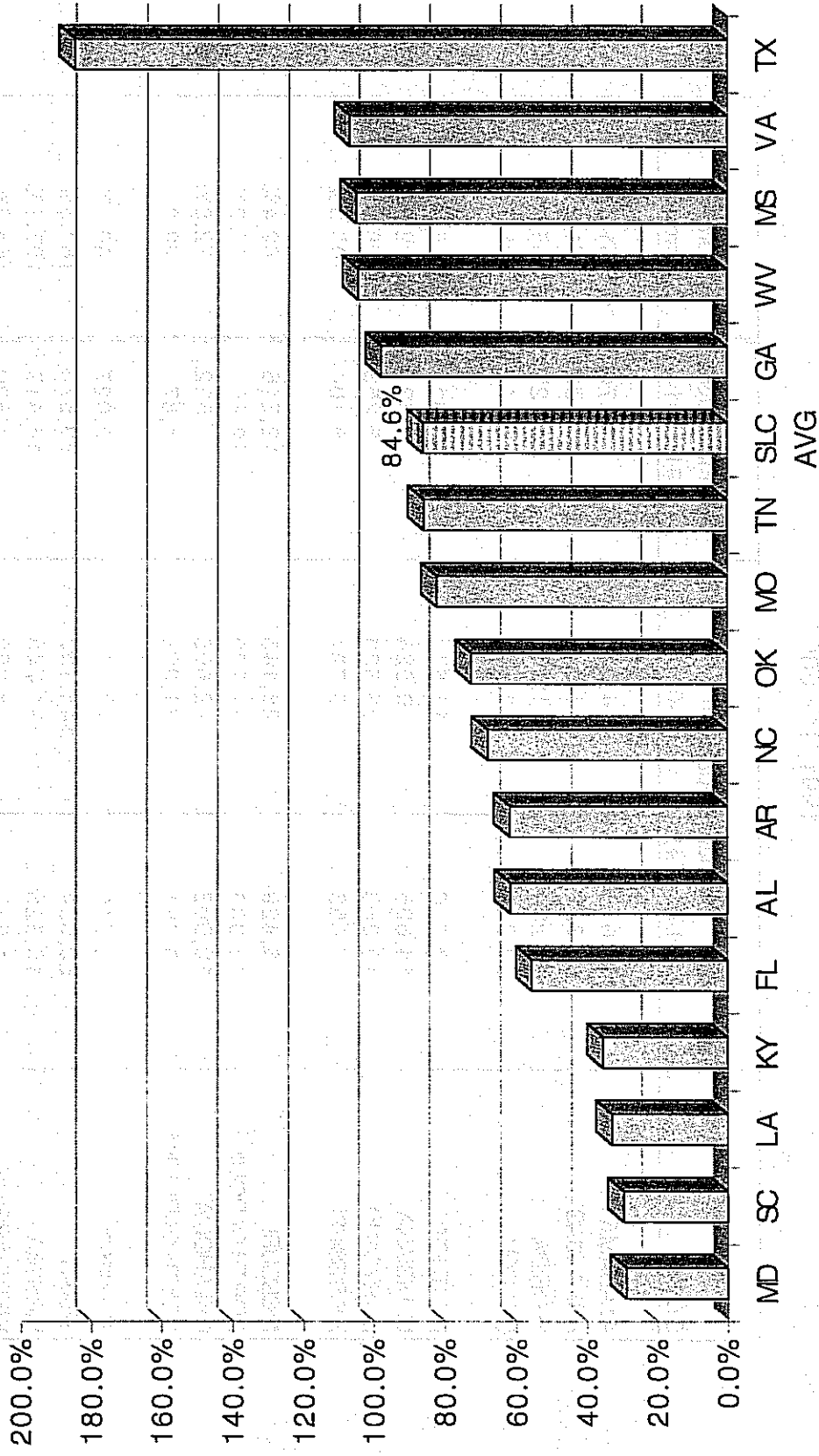
(b) Population data from Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch.

**GROWTH OF ADULT
INMATE POPULATION HOUSED IN STATE FACILITIES
1991 TO 2001**

STATE	Inmate Population		Total Increase 1991-2001	Percent Increase
	1-Jul-91 (a)	1-Jul-01		
ALABAMA	15,010	24,280	9,270	61.8%
ARKANSAS	6,823	11,046	4,223	61.9%
FLORIDA	46,233	71,960	25,727	55.6%
GEORGIA	22,946	45,463	22,517	98.1%
KENTUCKY	8,546	11,577	3,031	35.5%
LOUISIANA	14,695	19,528	4,833	32.9%
MARYLAND	18,266	23,529	5,263	28.8%
MISSISSIPPI	7,693	15,797	8,104	105.3%
MISSOURI	15,429	28,145	12,716	82.4%
NORTH CAROLINA	18,908	31,799	12,891	68.2%
OKLAHOMA	13,083	22,605	9,522	72.8%
SOUTH CAROLINA	16,491	21,365	4,874	29.6%
TENNESSEE	9,319	17,346	8,027	86.1%
TEXAS	50,624	144,197	93,573	184.8%
VIRGINIA	15,326	31,743	16,417	107.1%
WEST VIRGINIA	1,613	3,303	1,690	104.8%
TOTAL	281,005	523,683	242,678	86.4%

(a) As reported in 1992 survey.

PERCENT INCREASE IN INMATE POPULATION HOUSED IN STATE FACILITIES (1991-2001)



PROJECTED ADULT INMATE POPULATION (State Facilities)

STATE	1-Jul-01	<u>Projected</u>		<u>Percent of Increase</u>	
		2006	2011	2001 to 2006	2001 to 2011
ALABAMA	24,280	30,408	35,490	25.2%	46.2%
ARKANSAS	11,046	15,769	19,369	42.8%	75.3%
FLORIDA	71,960	80,757	N/A	12.2%	N/A
GEORGIA	45,463	54,000	N/A	18.8%	N/A
KENTUCKY	11,577	18,966	N/A	63.8%	N/A
LOUISIANA	19,528	23,727	26,302	21.5%	34.7%
MARYLAND	23,529	24,500	25,900	4.1%	10.1%
MISSISSIPPI	15,797	21,495	22,513	36.1%	42.5%
MISSOURI	28,145	34,126	40,193	21.3%	42.8%
NORTH CAROLINA	31,799	36,590	40,309	15.1%	26.8%
OKLAHOMA	22,605	23,918	24,525	5.8%	8.5%
SOUTH CAROLINA	21,365	24,396	N/A	14.2%	N/A
TENNESSEE	17,346	26,796	30,855	54.5%	77.9%
TEXAS	144,197	151,956	N/A	5.4%	N/A
VIRGINIA	31,743	34,702	36,472	9.3%	14.9%
WEST VIRGINIA	3,303	4,936	5,868	49.4%	77.7%
TOTAL (a)	523,683	607,042	307,796	15.9%	34.3%

(a) These figures only reflect reporting states and do not reflect the SLC total.

WATERBURY STATE COLLEGE

DATE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	DATE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
1900	RECEIVED	100.00	1900	PAID	100.00
1901	RECEIVED	200.00	1901	PAID	200.00
1902	RECEIVED	300.00	1902	PAID	300.00
1903	RECEIVED	400.00	1903	PAID	400.00
1904	RECEIVED	500.00	1904	PAID	500.00
1905	RECEIVED	600.00	1905	PAID	600.00
1906	RECEIVED	700.00	1906	PAID	700.00
1907	RECEIVED	800.00	1907	PAID	800.00
1908	RECEIVED	900.00	1908	PAID	900.00
1909	RECEIVED	1000.00	1909	PAID	1000.00
1910	RECEIVED	1100.00	1910	PAID	1100.00
1911	RECEIVED	1200.00	1911	PAID	1200.00
1912	RECEIVED	1300.00	1912	PAID	1300.00
1913	RECEIVED	1400.00	1913	PAID	1400.00
1914	RECEIVED	1500.00	1914	PAID	1500.00
1915	RECEIVED	1600.00	1915	PAID	1600.00
1916	RECEIVED	1700.00	1916	PAID	1700.00
1917	RECEIVED	1800.00	1917	PAID	1800.00
1918	RECEIVED	1900.00	1918	PAID	1900.00
1919	RECEIVED	2000.00	1919	PAID	2000.00
1920	RECEIVED	2100.00	1920	PAID	2100.00
1921	RECEIVED	2200.00	1921	PAID	2200.00
1922	RECEIVED	2300.00	1922	PAID	2300.00
1923	RECEIVED	2400.00	1923	PAID	2400.00
1924	RECEIVED	2500.00	1924	PAID	2500.00
1925	RECEIVED	2600.00	1925	PAID	2600.00
1926	RECEIVED	2700.00	1926	PAID	2700.00
1927	RECEIVED	2800.00	1927	PAID	2800.00
1928	RECEIVED	2900.00	1928	PAID	2900.00
1929	RECEIVED	3000.00	1929	PAID	3000.00
1930	RECEIVED	3100.00	1930	PAID	3100.00
1931	RECEIVED	3200.00	1931	PAID	3200.00
1932	RECEIVED	3300.00	1932	PAID	3300.00
1933	RECEIVED	3400.00	1933	PAID	3400.00
1934	RECEIVED	3500.00	1934	PAID	3500.00
1935	RECEIVED	3600.00	1935	PAID	3600.00
1936	RECEIVED	3700.00	1936	PAID	3700.00
1937	RECEIVED	3800.00	1937	PAID	3800.00
1938	RECEIVED	3900.00	1938	PAID	3900.00
1939	RECEIVED	4000.00	1939	PAID	4000.00
1940	RECEIVED	4100.00	1940	PAID	4100.00
1941	RECEIVED	4200.00	1941	PAID	4200.00
1942	RECEIVED	4300.00	1942	PAID	4300.00
1943	RECEIVED	4400.00	1943	PAID	4400.00
1944	RECEIVED	4500.00	1944	PAID	4500.00
1945	RECEIVED	4600.00	1945	PAID	4600.00
1946	RECEIVED	4700.00	1946	PAID	4700.00
1947	RECEIVED	4800.00	1947	PAID	4800.00
1948	RECEIVED	4900.00	1948	PAID	4900.00
1949	RECEIVED	5000.00	1949	PAID	5000.00
1950	RECEIVED	5100.00	1950	PAID	5100.00
1951	RECEIVED	5200.00	1951	PAID	5200.00
1952	RECEIVED	5300.00	1952	PAID	5300.00
1953	RECEIVED	5400.00	1953	PAID	5400.00
1954	RECEIVED	5500.00	1954	PAID	5500.00
1955	RECEIVED	5600.00	1955	PAID	5600.00
1956	RECEIVED	5700.00	1956	PAID	5700.00
1957	RECEIVED	5800.00	1957	PAID	5800.00
1958	RECEIVED	5900.00	1958	PAID	5900.00
1959	RECEIVED	6000.00	1959	PAID	6000.00
1960	RECEIVED	6100.00	1960	PAID	6100.00
1961	RECEIVED	6200.00	1961	PAID	6200.00
1962	RECEIVED	6300.00	1962	PAID	6300.00
1963	RECEIVED	6400.00	1963	PAID	6400.00
1964	RECEIVED	6500.00	1964	PAID	6500.00
1965	RECEIVED	6600.00	1965	PAID	6600.00
1966	RECEIVED	6700.00	1966	PAID	6700.00
1967	RECEIVED	6800.00	1967	PAID	6800.00
1968	RECEIVED	6900.00	1968	PAID	6900.00
1969	RECEIVED	7000.00	1969	PAID	7000.00
1970	RECEIVED	7100.00	1970	PAID	7100.00
1971	RECEIVED	7200.00	1971	PAID	7200.00
1972	RECEIVED	7300.00	1972	PAID	7300.00
1973	RECEIVED	7400.00	1973	PAID	7400.00
1974	RECEIVED	7500.00	1974	PAID	7500.00
1975	RECEIVED	7600.00	1975	PAID	7600.00
1976	RECEIVED	7700.00	1976	PAID	7700.00
1977	RECEIVED	7800.00	1977	PAID	7800.00
1978	RECEIVED	7900.00	1978	PAID	7900.00
1979	RECEIVED	8000.00	1979	PAID	8000.00
1980	RECEIVED	8100.00	1980	PAID	8100.00
1981	RECEIVED	8200.00	1981	PAID	8200.00
1982	RECEIVED	8300.00	1982	PAID	8300.00
1983	RECEIVED	8400.00	1983	PAID	8400.00
1984	RECEIVED	8500.00	1984	PAID	8500.00
1985	RECEIVED	8600.00	1985	PAID	8600.00
1986	RECEIVED	8700.00	1986	PAID	8700.00
1987	RECEIVED	8800.00	1987	PAID	8800.00
1988	RECEIVED	8900.00	1988	PAID	8900.00
1989	RECEIVED	9000.00	1989	PAID	9000.00
1990	RECEIVED	9100.00	1990	PAID	9100.00
1991	RECEIVED	9200.00	1991	PAID	9200.00
1992	RECEIVED	9300.00	1992	PAID	9300.00
1993	RECEIVED	9400.00	1993	PAID	9400.00
1994	RECEIVED	9500.00	1994	PAID	9500.00
1995	RECEIVED	9600.00	1995	PAID	9600.00
1996	RECEIVED	9700.00	1996	PAID	9700.00
1997	RECEIVED	9800.00	1997	PAID	9800.00
1998	RECEIVED	9900.00	1998	PAID	9900.00
1999	RECEIVED	10000.00	1999	PAID	10000.00

WATERBURY STATE COLLEGE

PRISON AND JAIL CAPACITIES

On July 1, 2001, the inmate population exceeded or equaled the maximum design capacity of the state correctional facilities in 4 of the sixteen states reporting. The percent of capacity ranged from 85 percent in Mississippi to 104 percent in Alabama, with the average for the region at 96 percent.

States were asked to ascertain the percentage of inmates housed in various levels of security. The levels ranged from one to three.

**A Level One institution is an institution with maximum security inmates (extended lockdown and working cell blocks).

**A Level Two institution consists of medium security inmates (working cell blocks).

**A Level Three institution contains minimum security inmates only.

Of the inmates in state prisons, 19.5 percent are in Level One institutions, 43.9 percent are in Level Two institutions, 21.7 percent are in Level Three institutions, 3.7 percent are in Community Based Centers, and 11.2 percent are in other settings (excluding local jails).

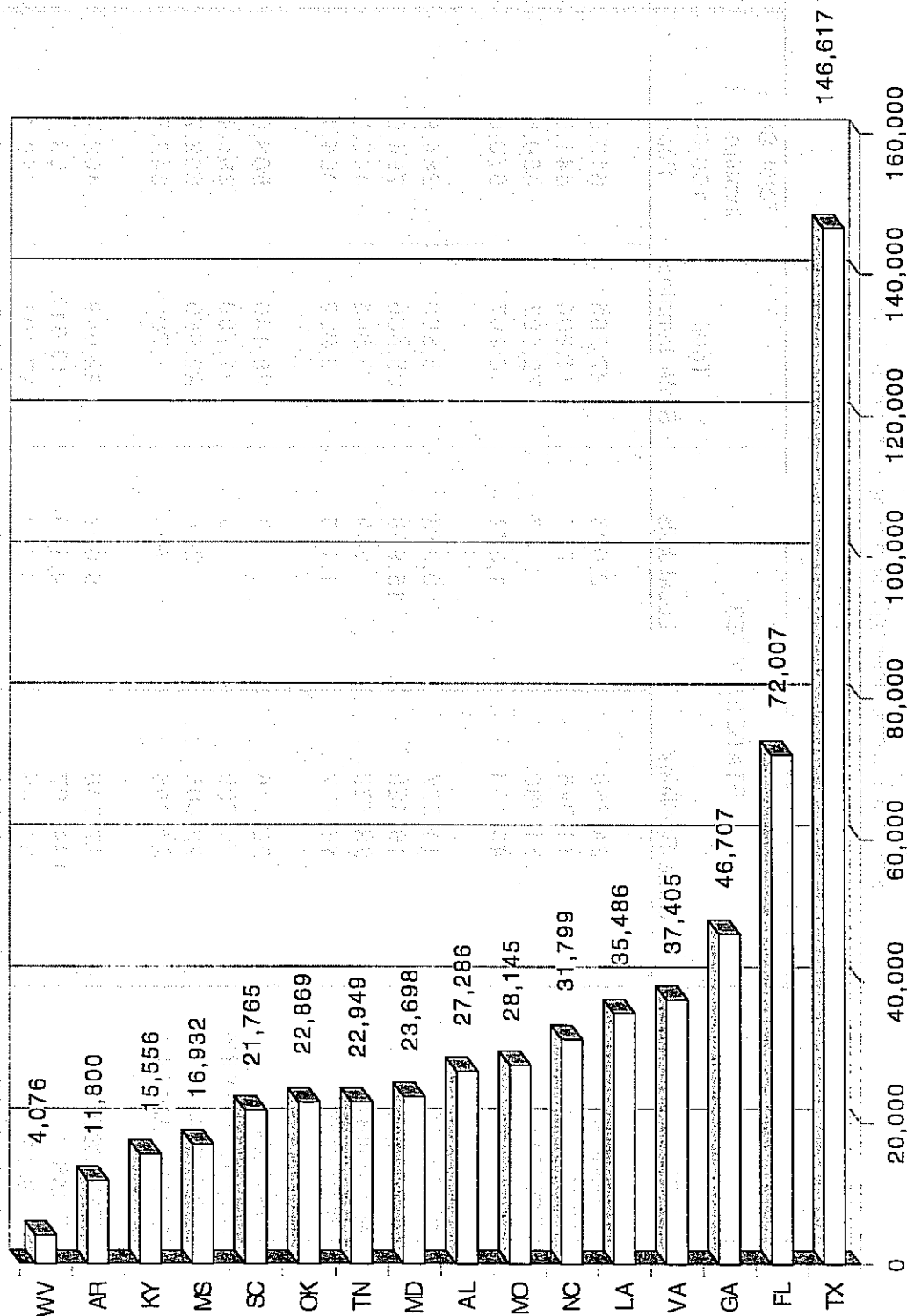
Of the sixteen states surveyed, fourteen confined inmates in local jails. The shifting of inmates to the local level has caused some jails to house inmates in excess of designed capacities. Of the ten states reporting local jail capacity data, 36,702 state inmates filled approximately 18.8 percent of those beds. Local jail populations exceed or equaled reported capacity in five of the eight states reporting total jail populations.

STATE INMATES HOUSED IN STATE AND LOCAL JAILS
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

STATE	STATE INMATES		Total State Inmates Per 100,000 Pop. *	Rank In SLC
	State Facilities	Local Jails		
ALABAMA	24,280	3,006	27,286	4
ARKANSAS	11,046	754	11,800	12
FLORIDA	71,960	47	72,007	10
GEORGIA	45,463	1,244	46,707	6
KENTUCKY	11,577	3,979	15,556	15
LOUISIANA	19,528	15,958	35,486	1
MARYLAND	23,529	169	23,698	11
MISSISSIPPI	15,797	1,135	16,932	5
MISSOURI	28,145	0	28,145	9
NORTH CAROLINA	31,799	0	31,799	14
OKLAHOMA	22,605	264	22,869	3
SOUTH CAROLINA	21,365	400	21,765	7
TENNESSEE	17,346	5,603	22,949	13
TEXAS	144,197	2,420	146,617	2
VIRGINIA	31,743	5,662	37,405	8
WEST VIRGINIA	3,303	773	4,076	16
TOTAL	523,683	41,414	565,097	540.9

* Population data from Bureau of the Census, Population Estimates Branch.

STATE INMATES HOUSED IN STATE AND LOCAL JAILS
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



POPULATION AND CAPACITY OF STATE CORRECTIONAL FACILITIES

(As of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Inmate Population	Maximum Design Capacity	Percent of Capacity
ALABAMA	24,280	23,438	104%
ARKANSAS	11,046	10,676	103%
FLORIDA	71,960	76,040	95%
GEORGIA	45,463	46,048	99%
KENTUCKY	11,577	11,358	102%
LOUISIANA	19,528	19,764	99%
MARYLAND	23,529	22,877	103%
MISSISSIPPI	15,797	18,644	85%
MISSOURI	28,145	28,698	98%
NORTH CAROLINA	31,799	33,187	96%
OKLAHOMA	22,605	23,312	97%
SOUTH CAROLINA	21,365	23,696	90%
TENNESSEE	17,346	18,162	96%
TEXAS	144,197	154,460	93%
VIRGINIA	31,743	32,116	99%
WEST VIRGINIA	3,303	3,386	98%
TOTAL	523,683	545,862	96%

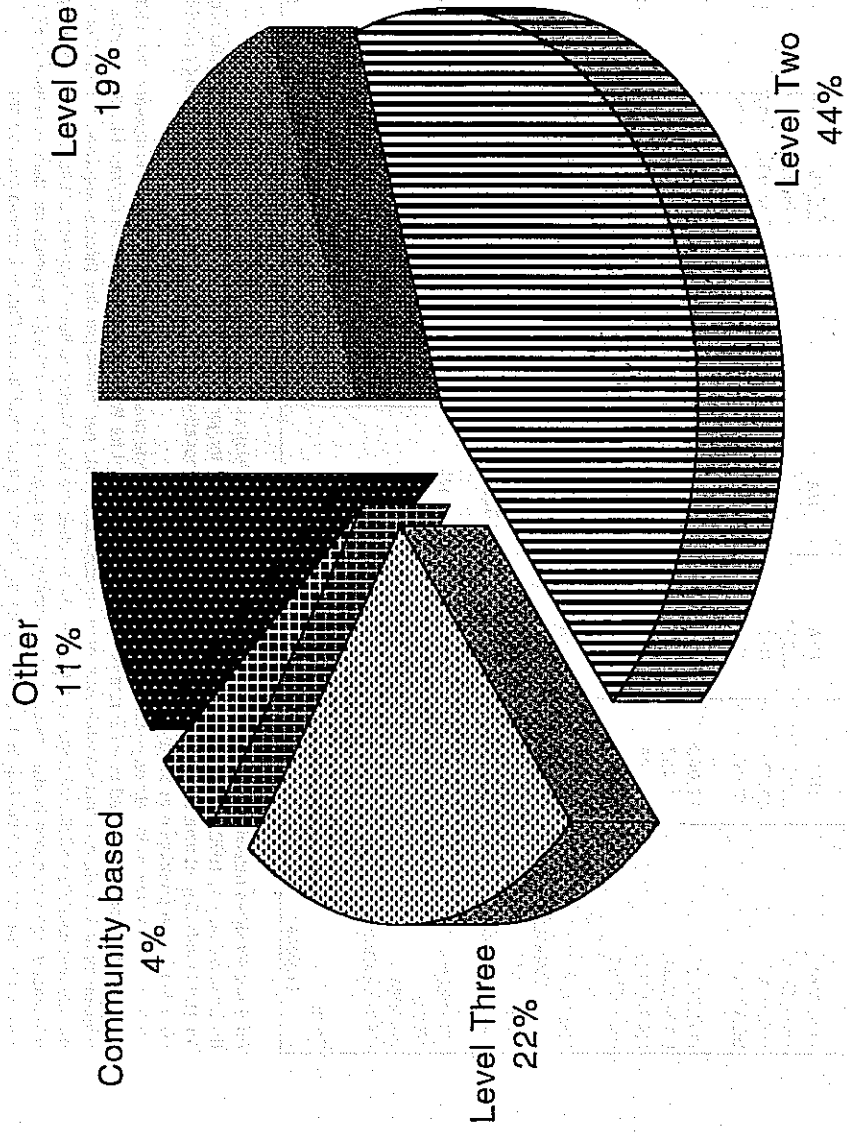
DISTRIBUTION OF ADULT INMATE POPULATION BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION
(As of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Level One		Level Two		Level Three		Community Based		Other		Total
	Inmates	%	Inmates	%	Inmates	%	Inmates	%	Inmates	%	
ALABAMA	5,997	24.3%	11,029	45.4%	2,409	9.9%	3,675	15.1%	1,270	5.2%	24,280
ARKANSAS	2,320	21.0%	5,412	49.0%	2,803	25.4%	511	4.6%	0	0.0%	11,046
FLORIDA	2,988	4.2%	66,639	92.6%	0	0.0%	2,249	3.1%	84 (a)	0.1%	71,960
GEORGIA	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	924	2.0%	44,539	98.0%	45,463
KENTUCKY	821	7.1%	8,666	74.9%	1,549	13.4%	541	4.7%	0	0.0%	11,577
LOUISIANA	9,304	47.6%	7,064	36.2%	1,339	6.9%	1,381	7.1%	440	2.3%	19,528
MARYLAND	2,115	9.0%	13,658	58.0%	4,054	17.2%	2,906	12.4%	796	3.4%	23,529
MISSISSIPPI	1,548	9.8%	11,071	70.1%	1,947	12.3%	1,231	7.8%	0	0.0%	15,797
MISSOURI	9,958	35.4%	3,755	13.3%	10,291	36.6%	2,530	9.0%	1,611	5.7%	28,145
NORTH CAROLINA	5,278	16.6%	14,510	45.6%	11,562	36.4%	0	0.0%	449	1.4%	31,799
OKLAHOMA	2,140	9.5%	10,801	47.8%	7,084	31.3%	2,126	9.4%	454	2.0%	22,605
SOUTH CAROLINA	3,383	15.8%	6,501	30.4%	10,464	49.0%	0	0.0%	1,017	4.8%	21,365
TENNESSEE	3,868	22.3%	13,081	75.4%	397	2.3%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	17,346
TEXAS	48,349	33.5%	45,741	31.7%	50,107	34.7%	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	144,197
VIRGINIA (b)	3,715	11.7%	10,108	31.8%	8,859	27.9%	1,009	3.2%	8,052	25.4%	31,743
WEST VIRGINIA	306	9.3%	1,806	54.7%	920	27.9%	70	2.1%	201	6.1%	3,303
TOTAL	101,990	19.5%	229,842	43.9%	113,785	21.7%	19,153	3.7%	58,913	11.2%	523,683

(a) Florida "other" represents substance abuse facilities

(b) Virginia's Dept. of Corrections is going through a transition to a six level classification system. Levels 4, 5, and 6 were placed in Other.

DISTRIBUTION OF ADULT INMATE POPULATION BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION



UTILIZATION OF LOCAL JAILS
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

STATE	Total			Percent of Capacity	No. of State Inmates	STATE PAYMENT PER	
	Local Jail Population	Max. Design Capacity				Inmate Day	Inmate Year
ALABAMA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	3,008	\$1.75 (a)	\$639
ARKANSAS	9,804	9,804	100.0%	100.0%	754	\$25.00 (c)	\$9,125
FLORIDA	46,946	N/A (b)	N/A	N/A	47	\$32.00 (d)	\$11,680
GEORGIA	28,829	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,244	\$20.00 (e)	\$7,300
KENTUCKY	12,000	12,789	93.8%	93.8%	3,979	\$27.51 (f)	\$10,041
LOUISIANA	34,437	34,437	100.0%	100.0%	15,958	\$24.41 (g)	\$8,910
MARYLAND	11,665	N/A	N/A	N/A	169	\$50.00 (h)	\$18,250
MISSISSIPPI	N/A	2,122	N/A	N/A	1,135	\$22.66 (i)	\$8,271
MISSOURI	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	0	N/A	N/A
NORTH CAROLINA	14,198 (g)	12,476 (g)	113.8%	113.8%	0	\$40.00 (j)	\$14,600
OKLAHOMA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	264	\$24.00 (k)	\$8,760
SOUTH CAROLINA	9,786	9,494	103.1%	103.1%	418	\$0.00 (l)	\$0
TENNESSEE	18,864	22,711	83.1%	83.1%	5,603	\$44.38 (m)	\$16,199
TEXAS	60,376	72,861	82.9%	82.9%	2,420	\$40.00 (n)	\$14,600
VIRGINIA	22,176 (i)	16,500 (k)	134.4%	134.4%	5,662	\$22.00 (o)	\$8,030
WEST VIRGINIA	N/A	1,750	N/A	N/A	773	\$32.25 (p)	\$11,771
Total	269,081	194,944	98.5%	98.5%	41,432	\$31.09	\$11,349
Average							

- (a) Some localities receive an additional \$1.25 per day based on legislation.
- (b) Effective July 1, 1996, the Florida Department of Corrections no longer rates capacity for local jails. Local facilities regulate it.
- (c) The Florida Department of Corrections received no specific appropriation for county jail beds; funds are currently paid from the diversion bed appropriation at \$32/per day.
- (d) Inmates are housed in jails only until space is available in the state prison system for the inmate. (Temporary, short-term option only.)
- (e) All facilities are reimbursed at a flat rate of \$22.39 per day except for Work Release Facilities operated by the Sheriff's which are reimbursed at \$18.25, and four parishes who earn an additional \$7.00 per inmate per day through approved cooperative endeavors to provide and capitalize additional beds for the state. All parishes are also eligible to have approved extraordinary medical expenses reimbursed. Orleans parish is also reimbursed an additional per diem of \$2 for medical expenses for state inmates and \$7 for all inmates served by their mental health unit and \$3 per day for the Intensive Incarceration and Parole Supervision Program.
- (f) The average reimbursement rate is \$50 per day; however, the rates vary among the facilities.
- (g) This is based on 1997 daily population.
- (h) Inmates perform work duties at these facilities, therefore there is no reimbursement.
- (i) TN uses four methods of reimbursement: contracted agreements, reasonable allowable (not to exceed \$35 per inmate per day), fixed rate, or a flat rate of \$25 per inmate per day. Of the \$35 reimbursement, \$3.30 is for extraordinary medical expenses.
- (j) This figure includes 1,338 federal prisoners, 36 contract inmates, 15,140 local inmates and 5,662 state inmates.
- (k) The Commonwealth of Virginia does not designate a "maximum designed bed capacity for local jails." All jails have a certified rated operating capacity, as determined by square foot measurements of cell, dayroom and dormitory housing areas.
- (l) All full service local and regional jails are provided the same per diem rates (i.e. \$8 per diem for local inmates and \$14 per diem for state felons + personnel costs). Local jail farms, which hold minimum security inmates for various work programs receive \$22 for local inmates and \$28 for state felons as a per diem and no personnel money.
- (m) County Jails - \$25 per day, excluding medical costs. State Regional Jails - \$39.50 per day including medical costs.

BUDGETARY ISSUES

Over the last ten years expenditures in the region have increased 121.95 percent. With all sixteen states reporting, the average annual cost of housing an inmate in an institution was \$16,245. Expenditures varied by type of confinement unit. The annual average cost of housing an inmate in a local jail was \$11,349 as compared to \$18,416 in a state-operated Level One institution, \$15,718 in a Level Two type institution, \$15,409 in a Level Three type institution, \$12,525 in Community Based type programs, and \$14,273 in other institutional settings. (It should be noted that these costs reflect only those services budgeted to and provided by the respective corrections agencies.)

Additionally, the average yearly expenditure per adult inmate for the southern states was \$17,745, with North Carolina spending the most at \$34,253 per inmate and Alabama spending the least at \$8,957 per inmate. North Carolina also spent the most on adult corrections per capita (\$135), while West Virginia spent the least (\$45).

ADULT CORRECTIONS OPERATING BUDGETS
(in thousands of dollars)

STATE	Corrections Expenditures		Actual Corrections Expenditures FY 00-01	Projected Corrections Expenditures FY 01-02	Percent Increase	
	FY 91-92	FY 96-97			FY 91-92 to FY 01-02	FY 96-97 to FY 01-02
ALABAMA	\$130,100	\$152,400	\$241,117	\$244,400	87.86%	60.37%
ARKANSAS	\$85,052	\$116,393	\$184,925	\$190,346	123.80%	63.54%
FLORIDA	\$743,075	\$1,219,848	\$1,656,620	\$1,680,919	126.21%	37.80%
GEORGIA	\$440,339	\$675,623	\$943,791	\$967,018	119.61%	43.13%
KENTUCKY	\$159,915	\$226,832	\$305,746	\$334,322	109.06%	47.39%
LOUISIANA	\$152,510	\$230,219	\$273,449	\$278,744	82.77%	21.08%
MARYLAND	\$311,373	\$432,722	\$521,451	\$521,451	67.47%	20.50%
MISSISSIPPI	\$101,511	\$165,854	\$243,600	\$244,436	140.80%	47.38%
MISSOURI	\$207,772	\$348,591	\$500,713	\$528,738	154.48%	51.68%
NORTH CAROLINA	\$446,456	\$678,654	\$1,089,204	\$1,085,914	143.23%	60.01%
OKLAHOMA	\$166,701	\$274,992	\$408,648	\$433,260	159.90%	57.55%
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$199,093	\$260,959	\$387,186	\$361,819	81.73%	38.65%
TENNESSEE	\$241,572	\$354,562	\$486,720	\$496,729	105.62%	40.10%
TEXAS	\$1,169,858	\$2,140,060	\$2,502,662	\$2,584,072	120.89%	20.75%
VIRGINIA	\$278,655	\$433,068	\$733,306	\$735,105	163.80%	69.74%
WEST VIRGINIA	\$24,463	\$42,007	\$82,206	\$96,019	292.51%	128.58%
TOTAL	\$4,858,445	\$7,752,784	\$10,561,344	\$10,783,292	121.95%	39.09%

ANNUAL OPERATING COST PER INMATE BY TYPE OF INSTITUTION (a)
(FY 2000-01 Actual)

STATE	Level One	Level Two	Level Three	Community Based	Other	System Wide Annual Average Cost Per Inmate	System Wide Average Cost Per Inmate Day
ALABAMA	\$11,791	\$9,575	\$9,846	\$6,441	N/A	\$10,038	\$27.50
ARKANSAS	\$21,141	\$14,516	\$12,990	N/A	\$11,702	\$14,377	\$39.39
FLORIDA	\$25,506	\$17,759	N/A	\$11,372	N/A	\$18,436	\$50.51
GEORGIA (b)	\$18,812	\$13,604	\$12,417	\$17,355	\$13,097	\$18,184	\$49.82
KENTUCKY (b)	\$18,026	\$15,114	\$12,947	N/A	N/A	\$14,691	\$40.25
LOUISIANA	\$16,424	\$12,813	\$12,228	\$6,507	\$8,844	\$11,962	\$32.77
MARYLAND (c)	\$24,449	\$18,553	\$19,241	\$16,469	\$15,714	\$18,669	\$51.15
MISSISSIPPI	\$15,728	\$13,388	\$10,979	\$2,289	\$12,030	\$13,023	\$35.68
MISSOURI	\$12,952	\$11,999	\$14,841	\$13,495	\$12,356	\$12,998	\$35.61
NORTH CAROLINA (d)	\$27,492	\$24,867	\$19,170	N/A	N/A	\$23,232	\$63.65
OKLAHOMA	\$18,162	\$15,840	\$15,532	\$13,659	\$15,929	\$15,791	\$43.26
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$12,786	\$14,633	\$16,301	N/A	N/A	\$15,945	\$43.68
TENNESSEE	\$17,193	\$18,596	\$16,265	\$15,744	\$15,744	\$17,363	\$47.57
TEXAS	\$14,193	\$13,106	\$13,443	N/A	\$16,078	\$14,441	\$39.56
VIRGINIA	\$19,102	\$17,999	\$22,489	\$22,386	\$21,239	\$20,534	\$56.26
WEST VIRGINIA	\$20,893	\$19,131	\$22,449	\$12,059	N/A	\$20,229	\$55.42
AVERAGE (e)	\$18,416	\$15,718	\$15,409	\$12,525	\$14,273	\$16,245	\$44.51

(a) Annual operating costs include those attributed to each corrections department. Expenditures associated with non-corrections budget units for inmate support are not included.

(b) Georgia and Kentucky did not report figures for 1999-00; therefore, 1998-99 actual figures were used.

(c) Maryland did not report figures for 1999-00; therefore, 1998-99 actual figures were used.

(d) The North Carolina Department of Corrections cost figures are from 1999-00 and include administrative costs.

(e) Average calculation includes only those states that provided cost data.

Note: A Level One Institution is an Institution with maximum security inmates (extended lockdown and working cell blocks), medium and minimum security inmates.

A Level Two Institution consists of maximum security inmates (working cell blocks), medium and minimum security inmates or an institution with medium and minimum security inmates. A Level Three Institution contains minimum security inmates only.

	0.00	10.00	20.00	30.00	40.00	50.00	60.00	70.00
NC								\$63.65
VA							\$56.26	
WV							\$55.42	
MD						\$51.15		
FL						\$50.51		
GA						\$49.82		
TN						\$47.57		
SLC AVG						\$44.51		
SC						\$43.68		
OK						\$43.26		
KY						\$40.25		
TX						\$39.56		
AR						\$39.39		
MS						\$35.68		
MO						\$35.61		
LA						\$32.77		
AL						\$27.50		

ADULT CORRECTIONS EXPENDITURES FOR SOUTHERN STATES

STATE	Adult Corrections Expenditures FY 00-01	Total State Inmates FY 00-01 *	Expenditures Per Inmate FY 00-01	Rank	Population Est. 2000	Expenditures Per Capita FY 00-01	Rank
ALABAMA	\$244,400,000	27,286	\$8,957	16	4,447,000	\$55	15
ARKANSAS	\$190,345,887	11,800	\$16,131	13	2,673,000	\$71	14
FLORIDA	\$1,656,620,902	72,007	\$23,006	2	15,982,000	\$104	5
GEORGIA	\$943,791,123	46,707	\$20,207	5	8,186,000	\$115	4
KENTUCKY	\$305,746,400	15,556	\$19,655	7	4,042,000	\$76	13
LOUISIANA	\$419,900,000	35,486	\$11,833	15	4,468,000	\$94	9
MARYLAND	\$521,451,145	23,698	\$22,004	3	5,296,000	\$98	7
MISSISSIPPI	\$243,600,198	16,932	\$14,387	14	2,845,000	\$86	11
MISSOURI	\$500,712,879	28,145	\$17,790	10	5,595,000	\$89	10
NORTH CAROLINA	\$1,089,203,679	31,799	\$34,253	1	8,049,000	\$135	1
OKLAHOMA	\$408,648,201	22,869	\$17,869	9	3,451,000	\$118	3
SOUTH CAROLINA	\$387,186,410	21,765	\$17,789	11	4,012,000	\$97	8
TENNESSEE	\$486,719,850	22,949	\$21,209	4	5,689,000	\$86	12
TEXAS	\$2,502,662,486	146,617	\$17,069	12	20,852,000	\$120	2
VIRGINIA	\$733,305,579	37,405	\$19,604	8	7,079,000	\$104	6
WEST VIRGINIA	\$82,206,360	4,076	\$20,168	6	1,808,000	\$45	16
TOTAL/AVERAGE	\$10,027,779,000	565,097	\$17,745		104,474,000	\$96	

* Inmates as of July 1, 2001.

Note: Expenditures are total operating expenditures for adult corrections.

STAFFING PATTERNS AND INMATE CHARACTERISTICS

Staffing patterns in the United States are highly variable, reflecting differences in inmate characteristics, institutional size, and local labor market conditions. The most common staffing pattern is the "one-to-one" ratio, where one staff member is assigned to each inmate. This pattern is typically used in smaller institutions or for high-risk inmates. Other staffing patterns include the "two-to-one" ratio, where two staff members are assigned to each inmate, and the "three-to-one" ratio, where three staff members are assigned to each inmate. These patterns are typically used in larger institutions or for low-risk inmates. The staffing pattern used in a particular institution is often determined by a variety of factors, including the institution's size, the inmate population, and the local labor market. For example, a large institution with a high inmate population may use a two-to-one staffing pattern, while a smaller institution with a low inmate population may use a one-to-one staffing pattern. Additionally, the local labor market may influence the staffing pattern, as institutions in areas with a high availability of staff may be able to use a one-to-one staffing pattern, while institutions in areas with a low availability of staff may be forced to use a two-to-one or three-to-one staffing pattern.

The states in the region were authorized employment of 107,211 security officers as of July 1, 2001. Approximately 92 percent of those positions were filled. There was an average of 5.3 inmates per security officer in the region. State staffing patterns varied from 3.2 in North Carolina to 11.2 inmates per security guard in Oklahoma. The average starting salary of a security officer was \$20,996, not including related benefits. Average training requirements were 227 hours of classroom work in the first year followed by 39 hours of on-the-job training. States require an average of 35 hours of in-service training each year thereafter. (Virginia also requires firearms qualification every two years.)

For the year ending July 1, 2001, the states reported a total of 9,979 assaults on inmates by other inmates (19.06 assaults per 1,000 inmates) and 6,994 assaults on staff (13.36 per 1,000 inmates). There were 20 inmate deaths (0.04 per 1,000 inmates) and 1 staff death. A total of 204 inmates attempted escape from prison grounds (.39 per 1,000 inmates) and 30 of those inmates remained at-large as of July 1, 2001.

POSITIONS, STAFFING RATIOS, AND STARTING SALARIES *
(as of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Correctional Officer		Percent Filled	Inmate		Inmate to Filled Security Ratio	Starting Salaries	Salary Rank
	Established	Positions Filled		Population 2001				
ALABAMA	2,717	2,408	88.6%	24,280	10.1	\$22,318	4	
ARKANSAS	2,740	2,400	87.6%	11,046	4.6	\$20,449	9	
FLORIDA	16,265	15,503	95.3%	71,960	4.6	\$25,175	2	
GEORGIA	9,467	8,917	94.2%	45,463	5.1	\$22,044	5	
KENTUCKY	2,037	1,843	90.5%	11,577	6.3	\$18,866	13	
LOUISIANA	4,274	4,217	98.7%	16,452	3.9	\$18,360	14	
MARYLAND	5,591	5,210	93.2%	23,529	4.5	\$25,921	1	
MISSISSIPPI	2,912	2,625	90.1%	15,797	6.0	\$17,072	16	
MISSOURI	5,634	5,365	95.2%	28,145	5.2	\$21,720	7	
NORTH CAROLINA	10,948	10,034	91.7%	31,799	3.2	\$22,894	3	
OKLAHOMA	2,509	2,026	80.7%	22,605	11.2	\$20,672	8	
SOUTH CAROLINA	4,653	4,013	86.2%	21,365	5.3	\$20,044	11	
TENNESSEE	3,363	3,214	95.6%	17,346	5.4	\$19,876	12	
TEXAS	26,104	23,029	88.2%	144,197	6.3	\$21,942	6	
VIRGINIA	7,232	6,734	93.1%	31,743	4.7	\$20,455	9	
WEST VIRGINIA	765	702	91.8%	3,303	4.7	\$18,120	15	
TOTAL/AVERAGE	107,211	98,240	91.6%	523,683	5.3	\$20,996		

* Salary data is based on base annual salary and does not include retirement and other related benefits.

Note: Louisiana's inmate population was reduced by 1,538 inmates in two private institutions.

CORRECTIONAL OFFICER STARTING SALARIES (W/O RETIREMENT AND RELATED BENEFITS)

MS	\$17,072
WV	\$18,120
LA	\$18,360
KY	\$18,866
TN	\$19,876
SC	\$20,044
AR	\$20,449
VA	\$20,455
OK	\$20,672
SLC AVG	\$20,996
MO	\$21,720
TX	\$21,942
GA	\$22,044
AL	\$22,318
NC	\$22,894
FL	\$25,175
MD	\$25,921
\$0	\$5,000
	\$10,000
	\$15,000
	\$20,000
	\$25,000
	\$30,000

HOURS OF TRAINING FOR ADULT CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

STATE	Hours of Classroom Training	First Year of Employment On-the-Job Training Hours	Total	In Service Each Year Thereafter
ALABAMA	440	80	520	40
ARKANSAS	200	40	240	40
FLORIDA	40	40	80	40
GEORGIA	204	56	260	20
KENTUCKY	240	0	240	40
LOUISIANA	160	0	160	40
MARYLAND	274	0	274	18
MISSISSIPPI	240	40	280	40
MISSOURI	256	80	336	40
NORTH CAROLINA	160	8	168	8
OKLAHOMA	344	0	344	40
SOUTH CAROLINA	200	15	215	40
TENNESSEE	280	80	360	40
TEXAS	160	80	240	40
VIRGINIA	280	100	380	40 (d)
WEST VIRGINIA	160	(e)	160	40
AVERAGE	227	39	266	35

(a) One year probationary status.

(b) May be required on an individual unit basis.

(c) Varies from 0 to 30 calendar days.

(d) In addition to the hours, firearms qualification is required every 2 years.

(e) 4,000 hours to complete apprenticeship program over first two years on the job.

VIOLENT INCIDENTS PER 1,000 INMATES
(FY 2000-01)

STATE	Assaults on				Deaths of				Escapes (a)			
	Inmates		Staff		Inmates		Staff		Attempted		At-Large	
	No.	Per 1,000	No.	Per 1,000	No.	Per 1,000	No.	Per 1,000	No.	Per 1,000	No.	Per 1,000
ALABAMA	365	15.03	79	3.25	0	0.00	0	0.00	27	1.11	4	0.16
ARKANSAS	158	14.30	N/A	N/A	2	0.18	0	0.00	2	0.18	0	0.00
FLORIDA	1,998	27.77	620	8.62	2	0.03	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
GEORGIA	2,155	47.40	586	12.89	1	0.02	0	0.00	42	0.92	1	0.02
KENTUCKY	82	7.08	131	11.32	0	0.00	0	0.00	31	2.68	0	0.00
LOUISIANA	12	0.61	2	0.10	0	0.00	0	0.00	3	0.15	0	0.00
MARYLAND	1,165	49.51	301	12.79	1	0.04	0	0.00	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
MISSISSIPPI	31	1.96	1	0.06	1	0.06	0	0.00	16	1.01	0	0.00
MISSOURI	422	14.99	1,038	36.88	0	0.00	0	0.00	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
NORTH CAROLINA	313	9.84	474	14.91	0	0.00	0	0.00	36	1.13	2	0.06
OKLAHOMA	919	40.65	199	8.80	4	0.18	1	0.04	6	(c) 0.27	21	0.93
SOUTH CAROLINA	313	14.65	664	31.08	0	0.00	0	0.00	14	0.66	0	0.00
TENNESSEE	277	15.97	480	27.67	1	0.06	0	0.00	9	0.52	1	0.06
TEXAS	1,618	11.22	2,267	15.72	8	0.06	0	0.00	16	0.11	1	0.01
VIRGINIA	62	1.95	29	0.91	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00
WEST VIRGINIA	89	26.95	123	37.24	0	0.00	0	0.00	2	0.61	0	0.00
TOTAL	9,979	19.06	6,994	13.36	20	0.04	1	0.00	204	0.39	30	0.06

(a) Escapes from prison grounds.

(b) Louisiana defines assault as "with a weapon or with serious injury with or without a weapon."

(c) Oklahoma's apprehensions and escapes at-large are compiled on an aggregate basis, and therefore include escapes from earlier years.

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(as of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Avg. Age at Commitment	Avg. Sentence (Yrs.)	Avg. Time Served (Yrs.)	Race and Sex Distribution			
				White %	Black %	Other %	% Male Female
ALABAMA	35.0	5.8	2.8	35.7%	64.0%	0.3%	93.13% 6.87%
ARKANSAS	30.0	8.2	2.6	49.2%	50.3%	50.0%	93.40% 6.60%
FLORIDA	32.4	4.5	3.1	43.5%	54.0%	2.5%	94.10% 5.90%
GEORGIA	31.8	6.1	5.5	31.0%	69.0%	0.0%	94.00% 6.00%
KENTUCKY	30.5	5.2	1.3	65.3%	33.6%	1.1%	92.60% 7.40%
LOUISIANA	28.9	6.3	3.5	24.3%	75.6%	0.1%	92.80% 7.20%
MARYLAND	29.5	3.8	1.5	22.0%	78.0%	0.0%	95.00% 5.00%
MISSISSIPPI	30.4	4.6	2.7	27.1%	72.3%	0.6%	91.44% 8.56%
MISSOURI	31.9	6.0	2.9	56.8%	42.5%	0.7%	92.72% 7.28%
NORTH CAROLINA	31.0	2.5	1.3	32.4%	62.7%	4.9%	93.55% 6.45%
OKLAHOMA	33.8	5.4	2.2	55.1%	32.8%	12.1%	88.20% 11.80%
SOUTH CAROLINA	30.0	4.6	2.1	31.2%	68.0%	0.8%	93.30% 6.70%
TENNESSEE	32.2	5.3	4.1	46.0%	52.0%	2.0%	94.00% 6.00%
TEXAS	32.6	8.5	4.3	31.1%	43.3%	25.6%	92.26% 7.74%
VIRGINIA	32.5	5.2	3.2	32.8%	66.2%	1.0%	93.60% 6.40%
WEST VIRGINIA	28.0	10.4	1.9	83.0%	16.0%	1.0%	94.00% 6.00%
SLC AVERAGE	31.3	5.8	2.8	41.7%	55.0%	3.3%	93.01% 6.99%

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(as of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Inmates admitted who were Parole Violators	Inmates Serving 20 yrs. >	Number of Inmates Released from custody in FY 2000 for:				Deaths	Other	Total	Inmates Serving Life (a)	Inmates Serving Death	Inmates Executed in FY 01
			Expiration	Parole	Goodtime	Probation						
ALABAMA	110	11,747	2,929	1,064	0	1,658	64	198	5,913	1,263	186	0
ARKANSAS	6,780	3,535	736	5,950	0	0	36	40	6,762	424	38	2
FLORIDA	6	11,010	16,610	104	0	9,137	196	758	26,805	5,627	370	3
GEORGIA	3,057	6,284	4,670	11,266	n/a	n/a	98	n/a	16,034	246	128	0
KENTUCKY	1,666	3,073	3,882	2,622	0	1,252	36	1,541	9,333	23	41	0
LOUISIANA	8,809	4,623	869	1,121	12,287	642	92	88	15,099	3,668	91	0
MARYLAND	N/A	5,063	5,299	2,993	6,391	n/a	60	381	15,124	213	14	0
MISSISSIPPI	43	2,436	2,388	808	0	2,726	39	1,216	7,177	570	63	0
MISSOURI	9,130	5,347	1,515	18,023	35	4,097	52	932	24,654	781	74	6
NORTH CAROLINA	507	308	17,142	3,980	n/a	0	65	1,619	22,806	3,223	205	2
OKLAHOMA	112	603	3,053	861	0	2,340	61	393	6,708	367	119	15
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,198	3,200	5,265	3,240	(b)	2,281	74	813	11,673	370	70	1
TENNESSEE	827	3,383	3,965	3,773	0	4,247	47	1,204	13,236	180	104	1
TEXAS	12,319	43,882	5,028	11,155	19,390	650	494	0	36,717	n/a	440	20
VIRGINIA	916	10,028	749	2,313	5,585	(c)	77	298	9,022	313	28	6
WEST VIRGINIA	214	n/a	313	542	(d)	203	18	99	1,175	204	(e)	(e)
TOTAL	45,694	114,522	74,413	69,815	43,688	29,233	1,509	9,580	228,238	17,472	1,971	56

(a) Life without the possibility of parole.

(b) Expiration and probation inmates earn good time toward sentences.

(c) Included in "Expiration" Category.

(d) Included in the figure for expiration of sentence.

(e) West Virginia does not have the death penalty.

PROJECTED COSTS OF NEW PRISONS

Data was requested from each state on the projected cost of constructing and operating a new medium security prison. According to the information received, the average size of a planned facility is 1,104 beds and the average cost is \$56.5 million. This equates to an average construction cost per bed of approximately \$51,000. Costs per bed range from \$21,741 in Mississippi to \$87,408 in Kentucky.

Operation of the hypothetical average-sized medium security institution of 1,173 beds would require 256 security officers, 97 support personnel, and an annual operating budget of \$16.4 million. This is an average operating cost per bed of \$13,897 per year. Projected operating costs per bed ranged from \$8,889 in Alabama to \$19,120 in Kentucky.

SELECTED NEW MEDIUM SECURITY PRISONS: PROJECTED CONSTRUCTION COSTS
(as of July 1, 2001)

	Capex.			Design	Supervision	Contingencies	Equipment	Land	Other	Total Costs	Cost per Bed	Method of Financing
		Construction										
AL	n/a	n/a	n/a									
AR	948	\$25,811,953	\$2,129,598									
FL	1,499	\$44,424,326	\$850,000									
GA	1,000	\$46,484,844	\$1,766,424									
KY	1,000	\$69,129,440	\$6,118,560									
LA	420	\$14,900,959	\$1,497,159									
MD	1,024	\$74,536,952	\$4,763,000									
MS	1,000	\$21,740,586	\$0									
MO	1,596	\$73,042,000	\$4,820,772									
NC	624	\$29,900,000	\$1,750,000									
OK	1,000	\$45,000,000	In construction									
SC	1,500	\$66,000,000	\$4,000,000									
TN	1,700	\$58,440,000	\$2,800,000									
TX	1,000	\$41,190,000	\$4,022,100									
VA	1,056	\$58,840,206	\$4,648,794									
WV	1,200	\$55,000,000	\$2,500,000									
AVG	1,104											

SELECTED NEW MEDIUM SECURITY PRISONS: PROJECTED OPERATING COSTS

(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

STATE	Maximum Design Capacity	# Positions		Inmates Per Guard	Annual Operating Cost	Average Op. Cost Per Bed
		Security	Non-Security			
ALABAMA	900	153	59	5.9	\$8,000,000	\$8,889
ARKANSAS	948	213	61	4.5	\$14,033,250	\$14,803
FLORIDA	1,499	244	75	6.1	\$16,755,451	\$11,178
GEORGIA	1,000	325	90	3.1	\$15,000,000	\$15,000
KENTUCKY	1,788	304	138	5.9	\$34,187,000	\$19,120
LOUISIANA	420	309	71	1.4	\$6,223,980	\$14,819
MARYLAND	1,024	259	65	4.0	\$15,220,434	\$14,864
MISSISSIPPI	1,000	153	88	6.5	\$10,322,200	\$10,322
MISSOURI	1,596	236	127	6.8	\$19,757,883	\$12,380
NORTH CAROLINA	816	254	74	3.2	\$14,321,319	\$17,551
OKLAHOMA	1,000	152	102	6.6	\$12,519,179	\$12,519
SOUTH CAROLINA	1,500	350	150	4.3	\$28,314,000	\$18,876
TENNESSEE	1,700	294	158	5.8	\$23,268,750	\$13,688
TEXAS	1,000	184	85	5.4	\$13,106,460	\$13,106
VIRGINIA	1,382	218	139	6.3	\$14,152,000	\$10,240
WEST VIRGINIA	1,200	450	75	2.7	\$18,000,000	\$15,000
AVERAGE	1,173	256	97	4.6	\$16,448,869	\$13,897

PROBATION AND PAROLE

Probation and parole are two different ways of supervising offenders in the community. Probation is typically used for first-time offenders, while parole is used for offenders who have been previously incarcerated.

Probation is a court-ordered program that allows offenders to remain in the community while being supervised by a probation officer.

Parole is a court-ordered program that allows offenders to be released from prison before the end of their sentence. Parole is typically used for offenders who have served a significant portion of their sentence in prison and are considered to be at a lower risk of reoffending. Both probation and parole involve regular supervision by a probation or parole officer, who monitors the offender's behavior and reports to the court.

Several states reported that the probation and/or parole functions are handled by agencies other than the corrections departments. There are 989,963 persons assigned to supervised probation in the region. Exclusive of Georgia, supervision is provided for 172,116 parolees in the region. Based on information provided by those agencies reporting, there are 15,865 probation and parole agents supervising the 1,162,079 total probationers and parolees reported in the region.

On average, there are 73.2 offenders per agent. The number of offenders per agent ranges from 142.6 in Arkansas to 44.3 in West Virginia. The average number of inmates and probationers per 100,000 population was 1,653 for the southern states. Texas ranks first with 2,424 per 100,000 population and West Virginia ranks last with 304 per 100,000 population. The average expenditure per offender is \$1,202 per year of which 85.2 percent is derived from state sources.

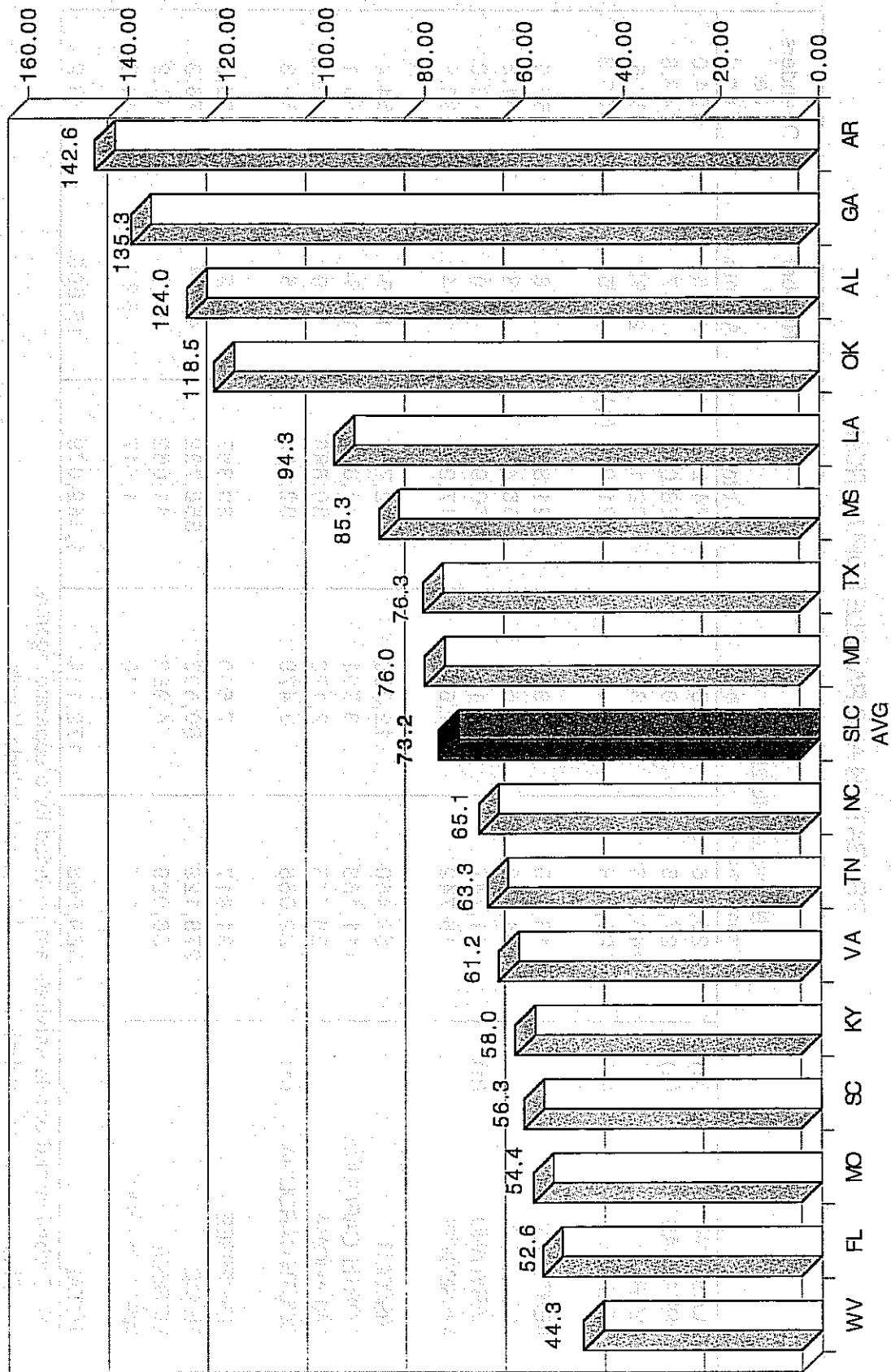
PROBATION AND PAROLE POPULATION

	Number of Offenders		Parolees	Total	Number of Agents	Offenders Per Agent
	Probationers					
ALABAMA	(a)	20,906	3,390	24,296	196	124.0
ARKANSAS	(a)	27,975	10,090	38,065	267	142.6
FLORIDA		145,826	6,305	152,131	2,893	52.6
GEORGIA	(a)	121,098	n/a	121,098 (b)	895	135.3
KENTUCKY		16,480	4,857	21,337	368	58.0
LOUISIANA		34,368	21,065	55,433	588	94.3
MARYLAND	(a)	41,747	9,156	50,903	670	76.0
MISSISSIPPI		15,749	1,645	17,394	204	85.3
MISSOURI		50,460	12,299	62,759	1,154	54.4
NORTH CAROLINA		111,163	3,701	114,864	1,764	65.1
OKLAHOMA		28,513	2,173	30,686	259	118.5
SOUTH CAROLINA	(a)	29,056	3,479	32,535	578	56.3
TENNESSEE		31,817	7,550	39,367	622	63.3
TEXAS		278,129	80,603	358,732	4,704	76.3
VIRGINIA		36,099	4,963	41,062	671	61.2
WEST VIRGINIA		577	840	1,417	32	44.3
TOTAL		989,963	172,116	1,162,079	15,865	73.2

(a) Probation and parole services are provided by a separate agency.

(b) Figure is only for Probationers and does not include Parolees.

OFFENDERS PER PROBATION/PAROLE AGENT



TOTAL STATE INMATES AND PROBATIONERS PER 100,000

POPULATION

(As of July 1, 2001)

STATE	Total State Inmates Per 100,000 Pop.		Rank In SLC	Total State Probationers Per 100,000 Pop.		Rank In SLC	Total Inmates & Probationers		Per 100,000 Pop.	Rank In SLC
	Total State Inmates	Inmates Per 100,000 Pop.		Total Probationers	Probationers Per 100,000 Pop.		Total Inmates	Probationers		
ALABAMA	27,286	614	4	24,296	546	14	51,582	1,160	12	
ARKANSAS	11,800	441	12	38,065	1,424	4	49,865	1,866	4	
FLORIDA	72,007	451	10	152,131	952	8	224,138	1,402	9	
GEORGIA	46,707	571	6	121,098	1,479	2	167,805	2,050	2	
KENTUCKY	15,556	385	15	21,337	528	15	36,893	913	15	
LOUISIANA	35,486	794	1	55,433	1,241	5	90,919	2,035	3	
MARYLAND	23,698	447	11	50,903	961	7	74,601	1,409	8	
MISSISSIPPI	16,932	595	5	17,394	611	12	34,326	1,207	11	
MISSOURI	28,145	503	9	62,759	1,122	6	90,904	1,625	6	
NORTH CAROLINA	31,799	395	14	114,864	1,427	3	146,663	1,822	5	
OKLAHOMA	22,869	663	3	30,686	889	9	53,555	1,552	7	
SOUTH CAROLINA	21,765	542	7	32,535	811	10	54,300	1,353	10	
TENNESSEE	22,949	403	13	39,367	692	11	62,316	1,095	14	
TEXAS	146,617	703	2	358,732	1,720	1	505,349	2,424	1	
VIRGINIA	37,405	528	8	41,062	580	13	78,467	1,108	13	
WEST VIRGINIA	4,076	225	16	1,417	78	16	5,493	304	16	
TOTAL/AVG	565,097	541		1,157,764	1,108		1,727,176	1,653		

PROBATION AND PAROLE FUNDING

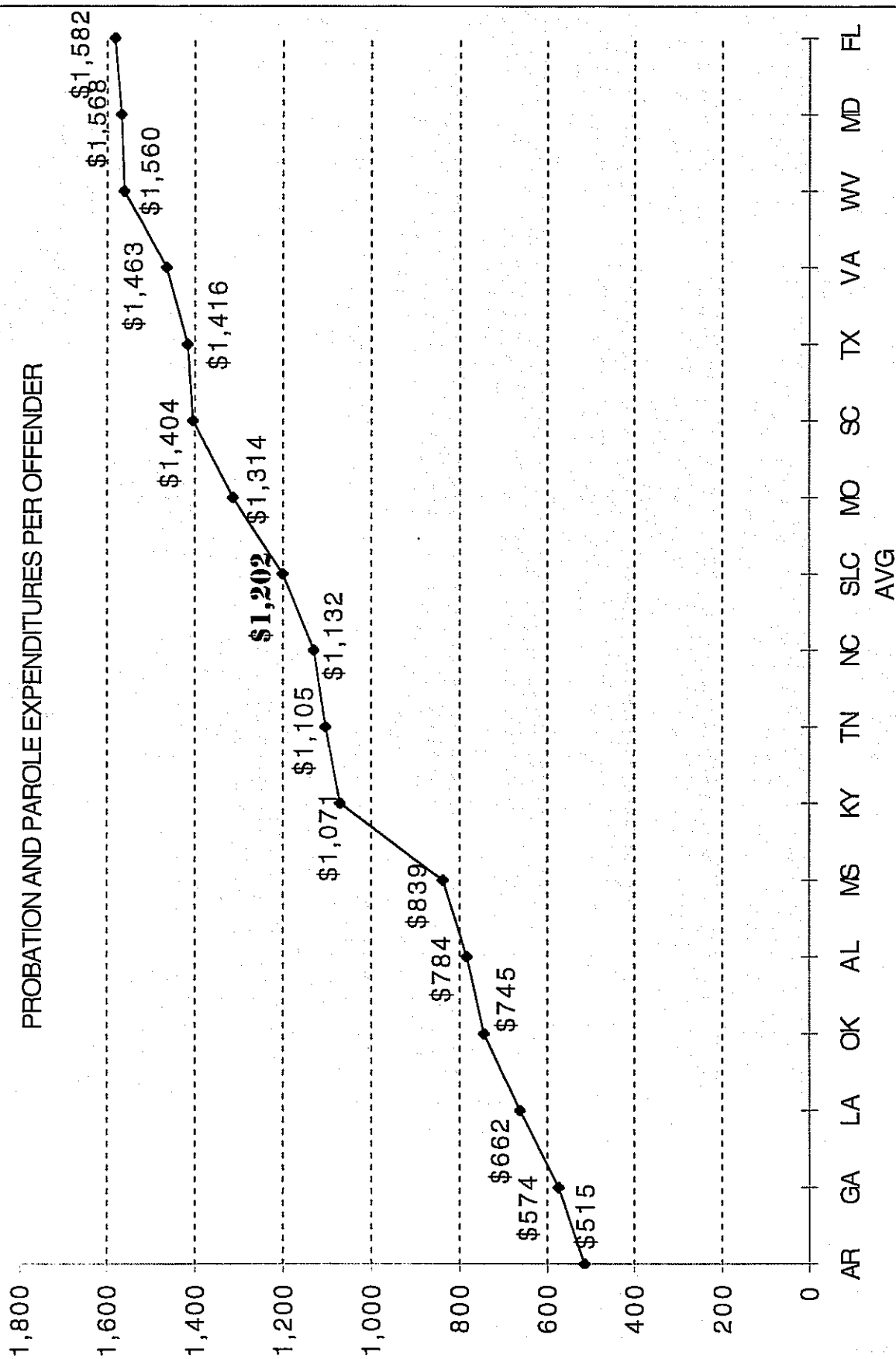
STATE	State Funds	Supervision Fees	Other Funds	Total	Exp. Per Offender	Rank
ALABAMA (a)	\$13,782,436	\$5,135,000	\$136,484	\$19,053,920	\$784	12
ARKANSAS (a)	\$15,100,000	\$4,500,000	\$0	\$19,600,000	\$515	16
FLORIDA	\$223,090,449	\$8,890,126	\$8,691,367	\$240,671,942	\$1,582	1
GEORGIA (a)	\$69,460,961	\$0	\$0	\$69,460,961	\$574 (b)	15
KENTUCKY	\$22,728,700	\$0	\$116,200	\$22,844,900	\$1,071	10
LOUISIANA	\$26,763,269	\$9,908,435	\$0	\$36,671,704	\$662	14
MARYLAND (a)	\$79,033,177	\$0	\$759,556	\$79,792,733	\$1,568	2
MISSISSIPPI	\$11,201,504	\$3,386,120	\$0	\$14,587,624	\$839	11
MISSOURI	\$82,493,997	\$0	\$0	\$82,493,997	\$1,314	7
NORTH CAROLINA	\$130,000,000	\$0 (c)	\$0	\$130,000,000	\$1,132	8
OKLAHOMA	\$16,628,089	\$6,230,086	\$0	\$22,858,175	\$745	13
SOUTH CAROLINA (a)	\$23,632,157	\$3,056,349	\$18,998,196	\$45,686,702	\$1,404	6
TENNESSEE	\$41,437,680	\$1,691,220	\$368,200	\$43,497,100	\$1,105	9
TEXAS	\$374,190,567	\$113,971,405	\$19,696,942	\$507,858,914	\$1,416	5
VIRGINIA	\$59,249,549	\$0	\$829,560	\$60,079,109	\$1,463	4
WEST VIRGINIA	\$1,908,636	\$301,791	\$0	\$2,210,427	\$1,560	3
TOTAL	\$1,190,701,171	\$157,070,532	\$49,596,505	\$1,397,368,208		
Average	\$74,418,823	\$14,279,139	\$6,199,563.13	\$87,335,513	\$1,202	

(a) Probation and parole services are provided by a separate agency.

(b) Figure is only for probationers and does not include parolees.

(c) Supervision fees are collected \$20 per month, but do not go into corrections budget.

PROBATION AND PAROLE EXPENDITURES PER OFFENDER





REHABILITATION

This is the sixth year data has been compiled regarding Rehabilitation. All of the sixteen states reported that they have Adult Basic Education and/or Literacy programs. Also, all sixteen states provide some form of Vocational Education to inmates within their system. The number of inmates receiving their GED ranged from 100 in West Virginia to 5,534 in Texas. Fourteen states reported the percentage of the Corrections budget allocated to rehabilitation. They range from .5 percent in Georgia to 10 percent in West Virginia.

REHABILITATION

INMATE REHABILITATION

State	Average Monthly Enrollment				On-The-Job Training	GED FY 2000	% of Budget Allocated to Rehab Programs
	Adult Basic Education	Literacy Programs	Vocational Education	Religious Guidance			
ALABAMA	328	2,530	634	1,525	n/a	258	n/a
ARKANSAS	3,850	2,053	305	2,000	580	809	n/a
FLORIDA	5,170	1,479	3,769	16,545	368	1,257	2.80%
GEORGIA	19,788	14,372	1,558	6,210	1,027	1,204	0.50%
KENTUCKY	3,723	1,348	1,308	25	540	442	2.00%
LOUISIANA	1,079	1,503	940	411	820	625	0.70%
MARYLAND	2,385	2,703	1,300	3,200	1,300	966	2.50%
MISSISSIPPI	605	747	440	14,055	440	373	2.00%
MISSOURI	4,000	260	621	6,238	n/a	1,989	1.00%
N. CAROLINA	3,100	1,900	1,800	n/a	n/a	2,200	1.40%
OKLAHOMA	155	154	112	n/a	n/a	1,274	7.50%
S. CAROLINA	4,955	2,526	1,020	8,556	2,480	890	2.70%
TENNESSEE	1,500	(c)	1,500	n/a	n/a	1,000	1.80%
TEXAS	25,957	25,957	5,139	137,050	n/a	5,534	6.00%
VIRGINIA	5,596	2,674	2,662	n/a	n/a	1,068	3.50%
W. VIRGINIA	350	380	400	500	500	100	10.00%

(a) Funding for the rehabilitation programs is not provided by the Department of Corrections but through the State Post Secondary Education and Literacy program figures are combined.

(b) Tennessee's Adult Basic Education and Literacy program figures are combined.

(c) This figure includes the Institutional Division, Community Justice Assistance Division, Parole Division and Winham School systems.

PRISON INDUSTRIES

Prison Industries is a not-for-profit organization that provides employment and training opportunities for inmates. The organization is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit and is a member of the National Prison Industries Association (NPIA). Prison Industries is a leading provider of vocational training and employment opportunities for inmates. The organization is a leading provider of vocational training and employment opportunities for inmates. The organization is a leading provider of vocational training and employment opportunities for inmates.

All sixteen states maintain a prison industries program. Total gross sales in all product lines was \$477 million for those programs operated by corrections departments. The operations employed 24,572 inmates, an average of 6.01 hours per day. Inmate reimbursement averaged \$.47 per hour ranging from \$0.00 to \$1.00 per hour. State use laws have been enacted by most of the states, with the exception of Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Mississippi, and Tennessee.

PRISON INDUSTRIES

State	Total Sales	Net Profit	# Inmates Employed	Inmate Pay/Hr.	Hrs./Day/ Inmate	Largest Product Lines		Gross Sales	State Use Law	
						Line			Yes	No
ALABAMA	\$14,400,000	\$2,800,000	750	\$0.25	8	Janitorial Chemicals Clothing Standard Furniture Metal Furniture Chairs		\$1,050,000 \$1,020,000 \$860,000 \$390,000 \$390,000	X	
ARKANSAS	\$5,527,848	(\$11,783)	580	\$0.00	8	Duplicating (printing) Clothing Furniture Chair Operation Janitorial		\$1,005,590 \$1,518,255 \$846,657 \$628,906 \$489,034		X
FLORIDA	\$93,677,025	(\$156,562)	4,684	\$0.51	4-6	Food & Food Products Textiles, Garments, Apparel Furniture License Plates Agricultural Commodities		\$14,400,000 \$13,000,000 \$11,500,000 \$6,500,000 \$5,500,000		X
GEORGIA	\$28,176,430	\$3,065,259	1,400	0	6.5	Signs/Screens Chemicals Garments License Plates Printing		\$4,110,054 \$3,577,583 \$4,645,040 \$3,416,940 \$2,570,482		X
KENTUCKY	\$13,626,608	\$910,394	789	\$0.80	6	Office Furniture License Tags Printing Clothing		\$2,406,834 \$2,489,539 \$1,116,423 \$744,400		X
LOUISIANA	\$9,977,099	\$1,548,268	820	\$0.14	6.5	Garments License Tags Chemicals (Soap/Cleaning) Furniture Mattress, Brooms, Mops		\$2,835,627 \$2,027,759 \$1,436,191 \$1,262,232 \$655,116	X	
MARYLAND	\$38,020,211	1,462,222	1,377	\$0.80	5.5	Partitions Meat Wood Tags Upholstery		\$5,960,814 \$4,480,210 \$3,700,963 \$3,411,565 \$3,234,845	X	
MISSISSIPPI	\$5,453,000	\$401,000	400	\$0.33	7	Garment Printing Metal Fab Furniture Services		\$1,923,000 \$1,095,000 \$581,000 \$572,000 \$426,000		X

State	Total Sales	Net Profit	# Inmates Employed	Inmate Pay/Hr.	Hrs./Day/ Inmate	Largest Product Lines		Gross Sales	State Use Law	
						Line			Yes	No
MISSOURI	\$27,831,771	(\$5,060,045)	\$1,400	.13 - .72	6.5	License Plates Furniture Office Supplies Laundry/Dry Cleaning Metal Products/Signs		\$4,698,345 \$4,325,256 \$4,042,103 \$3,113,765 \$2,991,140	x	
N. CAROLINA	\$71,348,000	\$363,000	2,000	\$0.18	7.5	Meat Sewing Signs Laundry Paint		\$11,113,000 \$9,410,000 \$7,895,000 \$7,295,000 \$6,357,000	x	
OKLAHOMA	\$11,640,368	\$1,354,869	1,250	\$0.44	7.5	Modular Panel Systems Wood Furniture Tags Upholstery Garments		\$1,554,889 \$1,349,577 \$1,429,374 \$1,142,505 \$1,556,177	x	
S. CAROLINA	\$19,986,784 (in 2000)	N/A	\$2,000	\$0.25	6.5	Printing Apparel Office Furniture Modular Panel Systems Tire Retreading		\$3,103,814 \$1,811,277 \$1,173,744 \$1,093,121 \$1,052,638	x	
TENNESSEE	\$19,800,000	\$1,600,000	960	\$1.00	6.5	License Plates Textiles Printing Services Wood Furniture Metal Furniture		\$5,800,000 \$2,700,000 \$1,300,000 \$1,700,000 \$930,000		x
TEXAS	\$70,893,158	\$366,395	4,636	\$0.00	8	Metal Garment Modular Furniture Wood Furniture License/Sticker		\$6,698,650 \$24,387,360 \$5,718,232 \$2,924,081 \$10,424,360	x	
VIRGINIA	\$38,422,922	\$1,410,866	1,293	\$0.66	5.6	Office Systems License Tags Wood Furniture Clothing Metal Furniture		\$9,866,273 \$7,506,235 \$6,947,183 \$5,533,109 \$2,944,714	X	
W. VIRGINIA	\$8,193,517	\$624,371	233	\$0.76	varies	Quick Copy Printing License Plates Stock Room Furniture		\$1,654,189 \$1,402,470 \$857,120 \$649,698 \$617,439	X	
TOTAL/AVG	\$476,974,761	\$10,678,254	24,572	\$0.47	6.01					

PRIVATIZATION

Privatization of Services for the SLC region encompasses a wide array of services. They include, but are not limited to the following: (1) Medical and Drug Treatment Services; (2) Halfway Houses, Community Rehabilitation Centers, and Work Release Centers; (3) Food Service; (4) Electronic Monitoring; and (5) Management of Prison Facilities. The total value of these services is approximately \$1.2 billion serving approximately 341,337 inmates.

**PRIVATIZATION OF SERVICES
(FY 2000-01)**

State	Type of Services	Value of Service	Number of Inmates/Beds
Alabama	Medical Services	\$26,000,000	22,692
Arkansas	Medical/Dental	\$1,400,000	950
Florida	Food Services	\$8,664,300	8,364
	Health Services	\$21,068,114	5,078
	Substance Abuse	\$5,572,259	11,491
Georgia	Private Prisons (3)	\$72,873,710	4,550
Kentucky	Management of two private facilities	\$15,000,000	1,300
Louisiana	Community Based Rehabilitation Centers	\$2,596,464	399
	Corrections Corp. of America-WNC	\$15,330,857	1,524
	Wackenhut Corporation-ALC	\$14,862,032	1,524
Maryland	Food Services	\$9,079,627	6,829
	Medical Services	\$59,000,000	26,000
Mississippi	Medical	\$25,897,777	4,967
	Private Prison	\$2,482,453	3,468
	County/Regional	\$18,475,689	2,035
	County Jails	\$13,167,441	1,133
Missouri	Medical Services	\$49,459,924	27,542

PRIVATIZATION OF SERVICES
(FY 2000-01)

State	Type of Services	Value of Service	Inmates/Beds
North Carolina	Medical Services	\$3,276,187	1,634
	Substance Abuse Treatment Beds	\$7,544,437	321
	Private Prisons	\$12,257,066	628
	Halfway House	\$318,200	20
Oklahoma	Private Prisons	\$93,922,130	5,653
	Halfway House	\$10,776,062	898
South Carolina	Medical Services	\$18,000,000	3,000
Tennessee	Facility Operation	\$50,102,877	3,531
	Medical	\$11,133,027	9,114
	Food Service	\$12,118,875	13,389
Texas	Medical Services	\$336,665,370	135,401
	Private Non-Secure Facilities		
	County Jails	\$827,236	80
	Halfway House	\$6,800,000	620
	Substance Abuse	\$21,700,000	1,987
	Private Secure Facilities		
	ID Facilities	\$43,500,000	3,578
	State Jail Facilities	\$78,200,000	7,297
	Parole Facilities	\$58,700,000	4,969
	County Leased Beds	\$36,300,000	2,491
Virginia	Medical Services	\$21,925,169	10,158
	Food Services	\$1,330,406	1,151
	Housing of Inmates in Private Facilities	\$16,295,172	1,571
West Virginia	Medical Services	\$6,000,000	2,000
	Food Services	\$2,000,000	2,000
Total		\$1,210,621,861	341,337

STATE PROFILES

State profiles are provided for each of the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Each profile includes information on the state's economy, demographics, and other key factors.

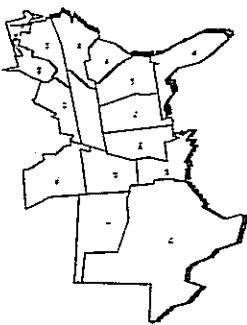
The profiles are organized by state, with each state's profile appearing in alphabetical order. Each profile includes a brief overview of the state's economy, demographics, and other key factors.

Alabama

Alabama is a state in the Southeastern United States. It is known for its cotton industry and its role in the American Civil War. The state's economy is primarily based on agriculture, with cotton being the most important crop. Other major industries include manufacturing and services. The state's population is approximately 5 million, and its capital is Montgomery.

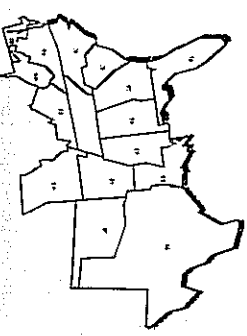
The data collected from the individual survey responses was compiled into a "Corrections State Profile" for each state. These profiles include inmate demographics, the most frequently committed crimes in each state, HIV/AIDS information and statistics, methods utilized by the member states to relieve overcrowding, court order requirements in each state, and state initiatives. The initiatives discussed for 2000 include "The Elderly and Infirm Population in the Corrections System" and "Prison Based Substance Abuse Treatment Programs".

Comparisons of selected inmate characteristics in each state profile are found in the chapter entitled "Staffing Patterns and Inmate Characteristics". Also, a comparison is made in each profile of the number of drug offenders included in the total inmate population. For purposes of this survey, drug offenders are defined as those individuals sentenced for offenses related to possession, sale, use, growing, and manufacturing of narcotic drugs.



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

STATE RESPONSE:

35 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

2,116 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

5 YEARS, 10 MONTHS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

2 YEARS 9.5 MONTHS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. THEFT OF PROPERTY/ROBBERY
- B. POSSESSION/DISTRIBUTION OF A
CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE
- C. FORGERY

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

- PERCENTAGE WHITE
- PERCENTAGE BLACK
- PERCENTAGE OTHER
- PERCENTAGE MALE
- PERCENTAGE FEMALE

- 35.70%
- 64.00%
- 0.30%
- 93.13%
- 6.87%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

3,289 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

1,263 INMATES

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

265 INMATES

ALABAMA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

186

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001

0

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

11,747 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

N/A

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

110 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

PAROLE

GOODTIME

PROBATION

DEATH

OTHER

TOTAL

2,929 INMATES

1064 INMATES

0 INMATES

1658 INMATES

64 INMATES

198 INMATES

5,913 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

No RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

No

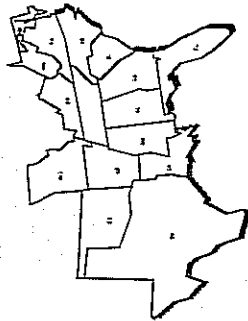
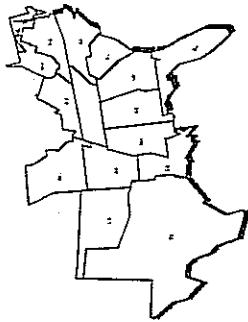
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

0 INMATES

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

1,317 INMATES

ALABAMA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES

(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

STATE RESPONSE:

N/A

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

ALL INMATES ARE TESTED.

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

THIS IS REQUIRED BY STATUTE

ADMISSION

ALL INMATES

RANDOM

N/A

INCIDENT

N/A

HIGH RISK GROUP

N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

ALL ENTRY/EXIT

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

N/A

NOTE: ALABAMA STATE LAW REQUIRES THE SEPARATION OF ALL INMATES WITH SEXUALLY TRANSMITTED DISEASES.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS INDICATED THAT THEY ARE UNDER A FEDERAL COURT ORDER SETTLEMENT SINCE 1999 AND A STATE COURT ORDER SINCE 1996. THESE COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS INCLUDE: MENTAL HEALTH CARE, REMOVAL OF STATE READY INMATES FROM COUNTY JAILS, AND CREATION OF SECULAR SAP PROGRAM.

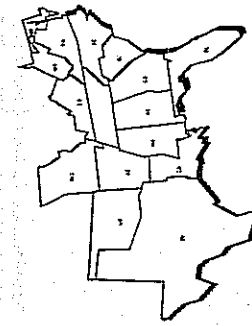
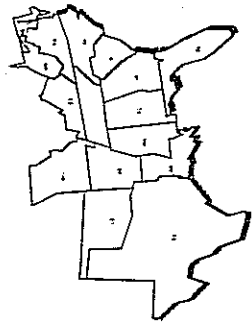
STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

THE ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HOUSES AGED AND INFIRMED INMATES AT THE HAMILTON PRISON FOR THE AGED AND INFIRMED IN HAMILTON, ALABAMA. THIS 200-BED PRISON IN NORTHWESTERN ALABAMA NEAR THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER IS ONE OF ONLY A FEW IN THE NATION SPECIALIZING IN AGED AND DISABLED INMATES.

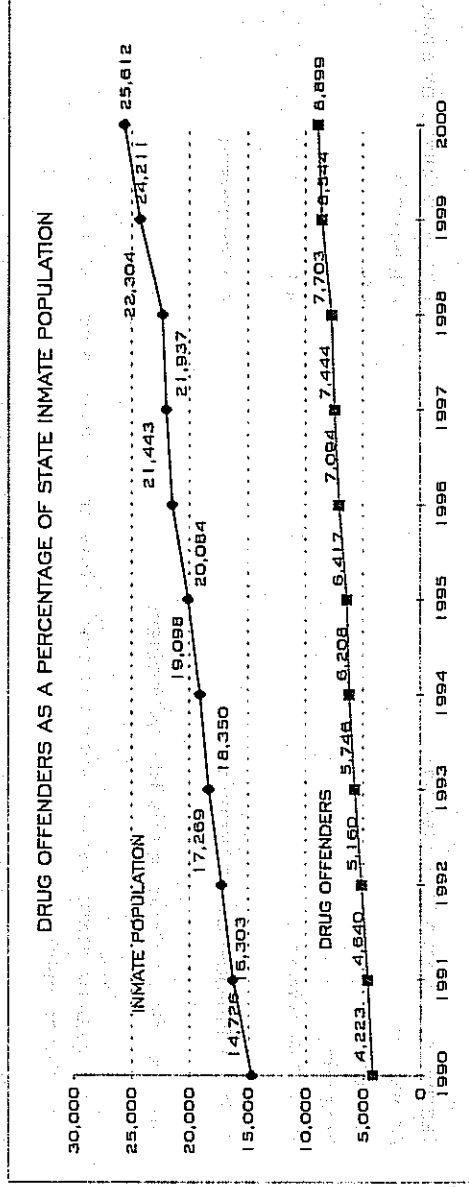
ALABAMA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

ALABAMA HAS WITNESSED AN INCREASE IN THE CRIME RATE ESPECIALLY AS IT RELATES TO DRUG/ALCOHOL USE. REHABILITATION AND TREATMENT WILL HOPEFULLY ENABLE THE INMATE TO INTEGRATE BACK INTO FAMILY AND SOCIETY, BECOMING AN ASSET TO THE COMMUNITY, AND A WORKING TAXPAYER RATHER THAN A TAX LIABILITY. AN ADDITIONAL BENEFIT IS REALIZED IN A REDUCTION OF OVER CROWDING IN THE PRISON SYSTEM. ALABAMA WAS THE FIRST STATE IN THE NATION TO OPEN A PENAL FACILITY TOTALLY DEDICATED TO DRUG TREATMENT LOCATED AT VENTRESS CORRECTIONAL FACILITY IN CLAYTON, ALABAMA. INMATES HAVING BEEN ASSESSED ON ENTRY INTO THE ALABAMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS AS NEEDING SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT ARE PLACED IN ONE OF THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMS: PRE-TREATMENT PHASE; 8 WEEK SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM; 15 WEEK DUAL DISORDERS PROGRAM; THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY; AFTERCARE (CONTINUED RECOVERY); 6 MONTH CRIME BILL PROGRAM.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR ALABAMA HAS INCREASED FROM 28.7% IN 1990 TO 34.7% IN 2000.

ALABAMA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

PERCENTAGE BLACK

PERCENTAGE OTHER

PERCENTAGE MALE

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

30

240 INMATES

8 YEARS

2.6 YEARS

A. CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE

B. HOMICIDE

C. SEXUAL OFFENSES

49.20%

50.30%

0.50%

93.40%

6.60%

701 INMATES

424 INMATES

24 INMATES

ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

38 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001

2 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

3,535 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)
YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

394 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

6,780 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 00 FOR THE FOLLOWING:
EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

PAROLE

736 INMATES

GOODTIME

5,950 INMATES

PROBATION

N/A

DEATH

N/A

OTHER

38 INMATES

TOTAL

40 INMATES

6,764 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

N/A

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

Yes

NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 01 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

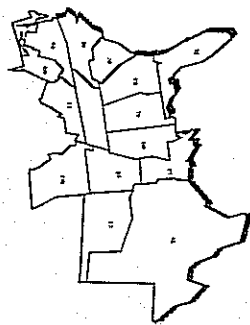
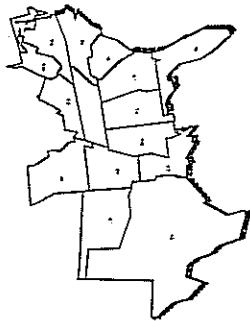
N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

760 INMATES

ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

27 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

3,883 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

ALL

RANDOM

N/A

INCIDENT

BITES AND FIGHTS

HIGH RISK GROUP

TB & SEXUALLY ACTIVE

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

UPON INTAKE, THEREAFTER, UPON
REASON OR REQUEST

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

14 INMATES

THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES INSTITUTE A FORM OF ISOLATION KNOWN AS MEDICAL ISOLATION, WHICH IS ADMINISTERED ONLY AS NECESSARY. SHOULD AN INMATE DEMONSTRATE ABHORRENT BEHAVIOR SUCH AS ASSAULT, ENGAGING IN SEX W/OTHER INMATES, OR BE CONVICTED OF "KNOWINGLY" TRANSMITTING HIV AN INMATE IS PLACED IN CLOSED CUSTODY SINGLE-CELL ISOLATION. OTHERWISE, HIV INFECTED INMATES MAY BE HOUSED IN GENERAL POPULATION.

ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

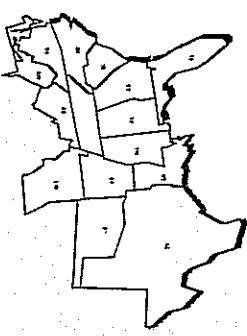
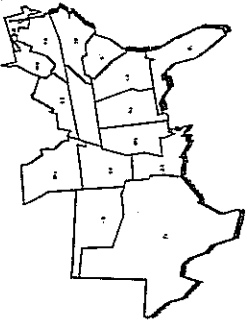
THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF ARKANSAS ESTABLISHED ACT 418 IN 1987, WHICH PROVIDES THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WITH THE "PRISON OVERCROWDING EMERGENCY POWERS ACT." UNDER AUTHORITY GRANTED BY THIS ACT, THE CORRECTIONS BOARD MAY DECLARE A "PRISON OVERCROWDING STATE OF EMERGENCY" WHEN THE PRISON POPULATION EXCEEDS 98% OF CAPACITY FOR THIRTY CONSECUTIVE DAYS. DURING SUCH AN EMERGENCY, THE BOARD MAY MOVE UP PAROLE ELIGIBILITY AND/OR DISCHARGE DATES BY UP TO NINETY DAYS FOR RELEASE. THE ACT MAY BE INVOKED EACH NINETY DAYS THEREAFTER IF THE BOARD DECLARES AN EMERGENCY. SINCE 1983, THE DEPARTMENT HAS FROZEN INTAKE ON VARIOUS OCCASIONS SO AS NOT TO OVERCROWD AND THUS INMATES WERE BACKED UP IN COUNTY JAILS. THEREFORE, THE DEPARTMENT'S UNITS HAVE NEVER BEEN OVERCROWDED.

THE 1993 GENERAL ASSEMBLY ENACTED ACT 548 AND ACT 531, KNOWN AS THE COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT ACT TO PROMOTE AN ALTERNATIVE TO TRADITIONAL PRISONS BY OFFERING A WELL-ROUNDED APPROACH TO COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT THROUGH THE USE OF SUPERVISION, FACILITIES, AND PROGRAMS FOR LOW-RISK OFFENDERS.

IN ADDITION, ACT 549 CREATED THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT (JULY 1, 1993). THE DEPARTMENT IS COMPRISED OF ADULT PROBATION, PAROLE AND OTHER INTERMEDIATE SANCTIONS INCLUDING REGIONAL COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT CENTERS (CPC). CPC'S HOUSE NON-VIOLENT, LOW RISK OFFENDERS CONFINED AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION OR SENTENCED TO THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS FOR JUDICIAL TRANSFER TO THE DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT.

ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS SPECIAL HOUSING (SHELTERED LIVING UNITS) FOR ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES. HOWEVER, THERE IS NO SPECIAL LEGISLATION THAT ADDRESSES THIS ISSUE.

PRISON-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS (ADC) SCREENS ALL INMATES FOR A HISTORY OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND DEVELOPS RECOMMENDATIONS FOR INDIVIDUAL TREATMENT. THESE RECOMMENDATIONS ARE FORWARDED TO THE APPROPRIATE UNITS WITHIN THE ADC. THE UNIT CLASSIFICATION COMMITTEE REVIEWS TARGETED INMATES FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM (SATP). THROUGH VARIOUS PROGRAMS, SATP CURRENTLY MAINTAINS A SIX HUNDRED AND THREE (603) BED TREATMENT CAPACITY LOCATED AT THIRTEEN (13) CORRECTIONAL SITES WITHIN THE STATE.

THE PROGRAMS ARE AS FOLLOWS:

- (1) PRIMARY CARE (CAPACITY 221)-CLASSIC, THIRTY (30) DAY ALCOHOL AND DRUG TREATMENT. DEPENDING ON THE UNIT, THE TREATMENT MODALITY COULD BE RESIDENTIAL, DAY CARE, OR INTENSIVE OUTPATIENT. COST: STATE \$625,578.
- (2) BOOT CAMP (CAPACITY 120)-ONE HUNDRED FIVE (105) DAY MILITARY STYLE PROGRAM FOR MALE AND FEMALE FIRST TIME, NON-VIOLENT OFFENDERS. INTENSIVE OUTPATIENT DRUG AND ALCOHOL TREATMENT COMPLEMENTS MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES AND GED CLASSES. COST: STATE \$109,390.

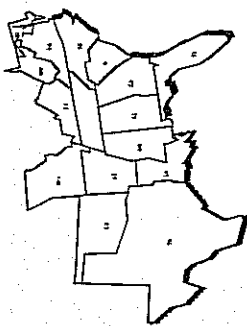
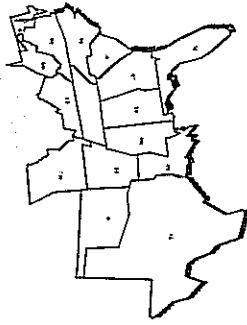
ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

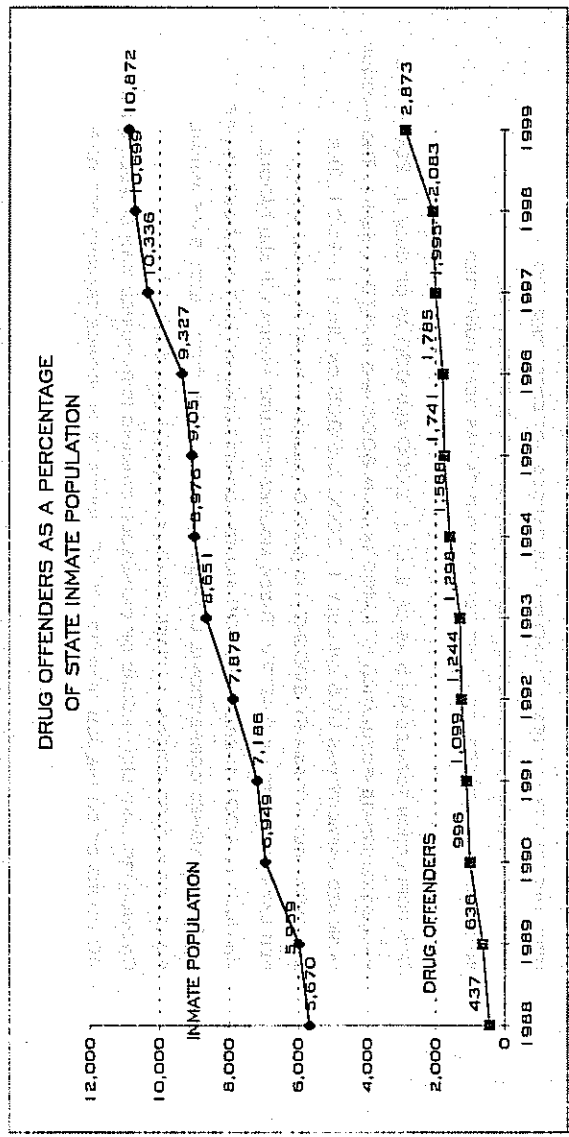
- (3) TECHNICAL PAROLE VIOLATOR PROGRAM (CAPACITY 64)-ALTERNATIVE, SIXTY (60) DAY INTENSE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TREATMENT PROGRAM COMBINED WITH GROUP THERAPY, JOB PREPARATION, RELAPSE PREVENTION, PARENTING AND GED CLASSES FOR PAROLEES WHO RECEIVE A TECHNICAL PAROLE VIOLATION FROM A PAROLE HEARING OFFICER.
- (4) DUAL DIAGNOSIS PROGRAM (CAPACITY 8)-STRUCTURED, INTENSIVE OUTPATIENT DRUG AND ALCOHOL PROGRAM FOR MALES AND FEMALES WITH A SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF ADDICTION AND MENTAL DISORDERS. THE CURRICULUM IS DESIGNED TO MEET THE SPECIAL NEEDS OF THIS UNIQUE INMATE POPULATION. COST: STATE \$ 15,000.
- (5) THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY (CAPACITY 190)-A NINE (9) MONTH MODIFIED THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY APPROACH PROVIDES THE TREATMENT MODALITY FOR THIS COMPREHENSIVE DRUG AND ALCOHOL TREATMENT PROGRAM. A UNIQUE FEATURE OF THIS PROGRAM IS THAT IT IS DESIGNED TO ACTIVELY TRACK PARTICIPANTS INTO THE COMMUNITY TO PROVIDE INTENSIVE AFTERCARE SUPERVISION. COST: FEDERAL \$355,670; STATE \$ 118,563.

ARKANSAS



STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

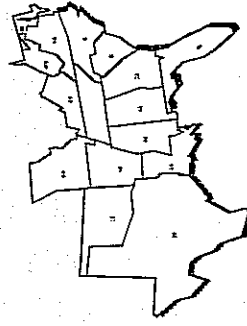
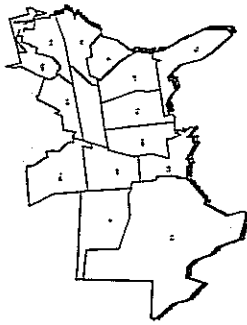
(6) RISK ASSESSMENT PROGRAM - A PROJECT TO ENHANCE THE SAFETY OF THE COMMUNITY BY CONDUCTING RISK ASSESSMENTS ON A TARGETED POPULATION OF INMATES WHO ARE SOON TO BE RELEASED FROM PRISON. ALL PARTICIPANTS (APPROXIMATELY 3,000) IN SATP, THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY, BOOT CAMP, RSVP, DUAL DIAGNOSIS AND THE TECHNICAL VIOLATOR PROGRAM WILL BE ASSESSED. THIS PROJECT WILL HELP COORDINATE CARE FOR RELEASES, AND IT WILL PROVIDE A DATABASE TO SUPPORT COMMUNITY SUPERVISION.
COST: FEDERAL \$84,016 STATE \$28,005.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR ARKANSAS HAS INCREASED FROM 7.71% IN 1988 TO 26.43% IN 1999.

ARKANSAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



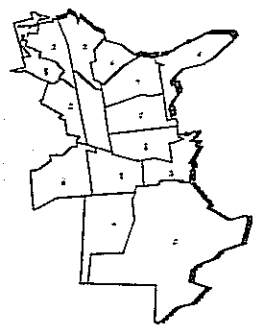
ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY PUNISHMENT

IN ADDITION TO THE ADULT INMATE POPULATION INCARCERATED AND REPORTED BY THE ARKANSAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, ARKANSAS CURRENTLY HAS IN OPERATION THREE RESIDENTIAL BASED FACILITIES WHICH HOUSE MINIMUM-SECURITY INMATES WITH FELONY SENTENCES NOT EXCEEDING TWO YEARS. IN AN EFFORT TO INCLUDE THIS POPULATION IN THE SURVEY FOR INFORMATION PURPOSES ONLY, THE FOLLOWING DATA HAS BEEN SUBMITTED:

THIS POPULATION TOTALLED 915 AS OF JULY 1, 2000 AND 936 AS OF JULY 1, 2001. THE PROJECTED INMATE POPULATION IS 1,465 IN YEAR 2006 AND 1,465 IN 2011. THE MAXIMUM DESIGNED CAPACITY WAS 965 ON JULY 1, 2000 AND 965 ON JULY 1, 2001. THE OPERATING BUDGET FOR FY 2000-01 IS \$36.5 MILLION WITH AN AVERAGE COST PER DAY PER INMATE OF \$42.72. THESE FIGURES EXCLUDE PROBATION AND PAROLE. ON JULY 1, 2001 THERE WERE 505 FILLED CORRECTIONAL OFFICER POSITIONS OUT OF 543 ESTABLISHED CORRECTIONAL OFFICER POSITIONS. THE ENTRY-LEVEL BASE ANNUAL SALARY OF A CORRECTIONAL OFFICER ON JULY 1, 2001 WAS \$20,449. ONE-HUNDRED AND SIXTY HOURS OF CLASSROOM TRAINING IS REQUIRED WITH AN ADDITIONAL 40 HOURS OF ON-THE-JOB TRAINING AND 40 HOURS OF IN-SERVICE TRAINING PER YEAR.

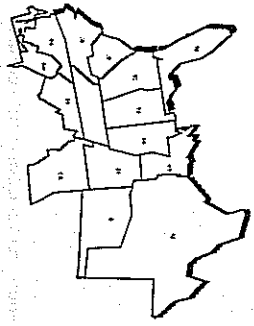
THE AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT OF INMATES IS 31 YEARS WITH 32 INMATES BEING 50 YEARS OR OLDER. THE THREE MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING ARE #1 POSS OF CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, #2 POSS OF DRUG PARAPHERNALIA, AND #3 THEFT. THE RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION IS 79% WHITE AND 21% BLACK, OF WHICH 76% ARE MALES AND 24% ARE FEMALES. THE NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FISCAL YEAR 2001 FOR EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE WAS 210, PAROLE 1,024 GOODTIME 0, AND PROBATION 133 FOR A TOTAL OF 1,367. THERE WERE NO AIDS CASES. THERE WERE 1,009 INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES AND THERE WERE NO CONFIRMED HIV CASES. THE NUMBER OF ASSAULTS ON INMATES BY OTHER INMATES WAS 19, AND 2 INMATE ASSAULTS ON STAFF. NO DEATHS RESULTED FROM VIOLENT INCIDENTS AND 4 ESCAPES WERE ATTEMPTED WITH 0 INMATES STILL AT LARGE.

ARKANSAS



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

32.4 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

1,221 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

4.5 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

3.1 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. DRUGS
- B. BURGLARY
- C. MURDER/MANSLAUGHTER

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

43.50%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

54.00%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

2.50%

PERCENTAGE MALE

94.10%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

5.90%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

2,737 INMATES

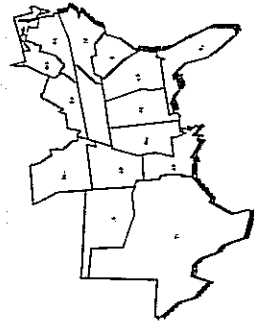
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

5,627 INMATES

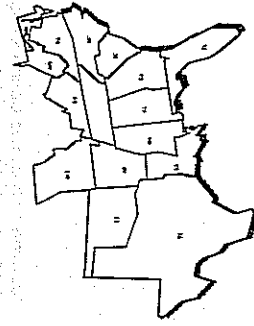
NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

461 INMATES

FLORIDA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:
370 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001

3 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

11,010 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)
YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

307 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

6 INMATES (ONLY INCLUDES PAROLE VIOLATORS
WHO RECEIVED A NEW SENTENCE)

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

16,610 INMATES

PAROLE

104 INMATES

GOODTIME

ALMOST ALL INMATES WHOSE SENTENCES EXPIRED OR WERE RELEASED HAVE RECEIVED SOME FORM OF GOODTIME.

PROBATION

9,137 INMATES

DEATH

196 INMATES

OTHER

758 INMATES

TOTAL

26,805 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

EARLY RELEASE VIA CONTROL RELEASE;
GOODTIME (GAIN TIME) IS APPLIED TO EACH INMATE ACCORDING TO THEIR
RESPECTIVE SENTENCING GUIDELINES.

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

THE FLORIDA PAROLE COMMISSION IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WILL CONSIDER AN INMATE
ELIGIBLE FOR RELEASE UNDER THE CONDITIONAL MEDICAL RELEASE PROGRAM WHEN THE INMATE, BECAUSE OF AN EXISTING
MEDICAL OR PHYSICAL CONDITION, IS DETERMINED TO BE PERMANENTLY INCAPACITATED OR TERMINALLY ILL.

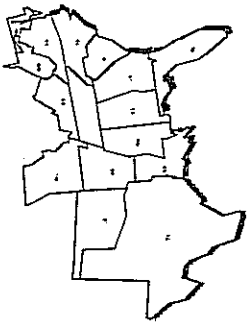
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

N/A

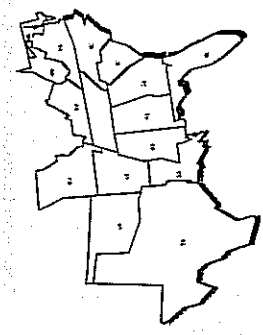
INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

3,999 INMATES

FLORIDA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES: 66 (CORRECTIONS IS THE ONLY AGENCY THAT REPORTS AIDS CASES)

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES: 14,430 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION: 1,430 INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES N/A

RANDOM: 1,430 INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES N/A

INCIDENT: 1,430 INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES N/A

HIGH RISK GROUP: 1,430 INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING: THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS TESTS ALL INMATES ON REQUEST OR WHEN MEDICALLY INDICATED

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES: 635 INMATES

THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

FLORIDA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS INDICATED THAT WHEN THE POPULATION OF THE STATE CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM EXCEEDS 100 PERCENT OF ITS TOTAL CAPACITY FOR 21 DAYS, THE GOVERNOR MAY USE HIS EMERGENCY POWERS TO REDUCE THE POPULATION OF THE STATE CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM BY TRANSFERRING INMATES TO FEDERAL JURISDICTIONS WHICH MAY HAVE A CONCURRENT OR CONSECUTIVE SENTENCE OR ANY ACTIVE DETAINER PLACED ON THE INMATE. NOTIFICATION OF THIS TRANSFER MUST BE MADE WITHIN 30 DAYS. NO PRISONER SHALL BE SO TRANSFERRED WHO IS CONVICTED OF A CAPITAL FELONY IN THE STATE NOR SHALL ANY TRANSFER TAKE PLACE TO ANY COUNTY OR MUNICIPAL JURISDICTION WITHIN THE STATE.

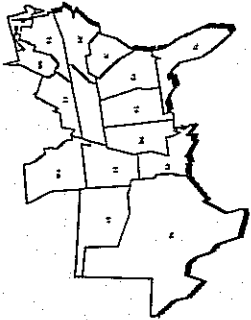
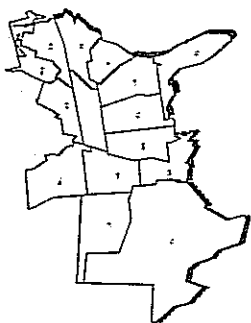
WHEN THE INMATE POPULATION OF THE STATE CORRECTIONAL SYSTEM IS PROJECTED, BASED UPON THE LAST CRIMINAL JUSTICE ESTIMATING CONFERENCE, TO EXCEED THE TOTAL CAPACITY, THE SECRETARY SHALL DEVELOP A PLAN TO ADDRESS THE PROJECTED BED-CAPACITY DEFICIENCY. THIS PLAN SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO THE GOVERNOR, THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, AND THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES AT LEAST 30 DAYS PRIOR TO THE PROJECTED BED-CAPACITY DEFICIT OCCURRING.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

FLORIDA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES

ACCORDING TO FLORIDA'S STATUTES, ELDERLY INMATES SHALL BE ELIGIBLE TO BE HOUSED AT RIVER JUNCTION CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION. THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS SHALL USE THE INFORMATION IN EXISTING DATABASES TO DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF OFFENDERS WHO WILL BE ELIGIBLE. THE LEGISLATURE DIRECTS THE DEPARTMENT TO CONSIDER A BROAD RANGE OF ELDERLY OFFENDERS FOR THE RIVER JUNCTION INSTITUTE WHO HAVE GOOD DISCIPLINARY RECORDS AND A MEDICAL GRADE THAT WILL PERMIT THEM TO PERFORM MEANINGFUL WORK ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING PARTICIPATION IN AN APPROPRIATE CORRECTIONAL WORK PROGRAM FACILITY, IF AVAILABLE.

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

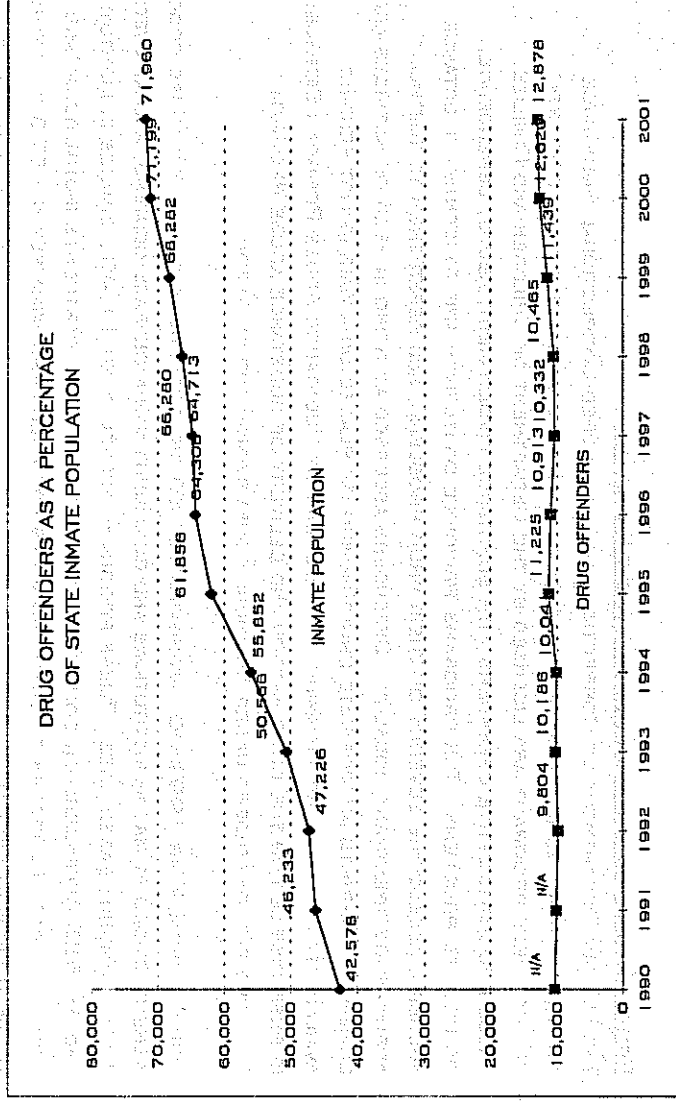
THE FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS DEVELOPED CORRECTIONAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS AT INSTITUTIONAL AND COMMUNITY-BASED SITES THROUGHOUT THE STATE. ALL OF THESE PROGRAMS ARE LICENSED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF CHILDREN AND FAMILIES. THESE PROGRAMS SERVE OFFENDERS WITH SUBSTANCE INVOLVEMENT, ABUSE, DEPENDENCE, OR RELATED PROBLEMS. THE PROGRAMS' PRINCIPLE OBJECTIVES ARE TO IDENTIFY SUBSTANCE ABUSERS, ASSESS THE SEVERITY OF THEIR DRUG PROBLEMS, AND REFER THEM TO THE MOST APPROPRIATE TREATMENT MODALITY. OFFENDERS ASSESSED AS BEING IN NEED OF SERVICES ARE EITHER REFERRED TO APPROPRIATE PROGRAMMING OR PLACED ON A WAITING LIST PENDING AVAILABILITY OF SUCH PROGRAMMING. THE BUREAU OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM SERVICES IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COORDINATION AND DELIVERY OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM SERVICES FOR OFFENDERS UNDER COMMUNITY SUPERVISION AND IN PRISON.

DURING FISCAL YEAR 1999-00, APPROXIMATELY 80 COMPREHENSIVE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS WERE PROVIDED AT MAJOR INSTITUTIONS AND COMMUNITY WORK RELEASE CENTERS, AND AT OVER 110 COMMUNITY-BASED SITES. THESE PROGRAMS SERVED OVER 11,491 INMATES IN INSTITUTIONS AND 35,525 OFFENDERS ON COMMUNITY SUPERVISION. THE DEPARTMENT'S INSTITUTIONAL AND COMMUNITY-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS PROVIDED APPROXIMATELY 49,873 SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT EPISODES.

FLORIDA

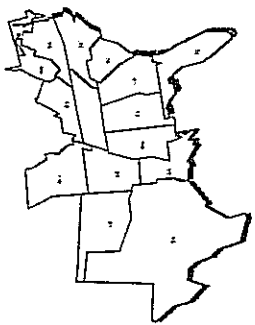
STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

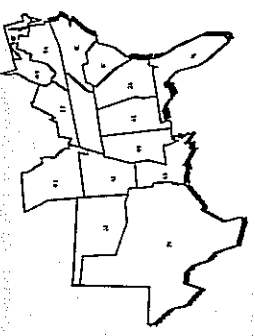


NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR FLORIDA HAS DECREASED FROM 24.34% IN 1990 TO 17.9% IN 2001. FLORIDA ATTRIBUTES THIS DECLINE TO THE FOLLOWING: (1) THE EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT RULE WHICH MEANS THAT 85% OF THE SENTENCE MUST BE SERVED; AND (2) OVERALL PRISON "ADMISSIONS" HAVE DECREASED SINCE 1990-91, WITH A SLIGHT INCREASE IN FY 1996-97.

FLORIDA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:
TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

31.84 YEARS
562 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

6.14 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

5.53 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. BURGLARY
- B. ARMED ROBBERY
- C. MURDER

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE
PERCENTAGE BLACK
PERCENTAGE OTHER
PERCENTAGE MALE
PERCENTAGE FEMALE

31.00%
69.00%
0.00%
94.00%
6.00%

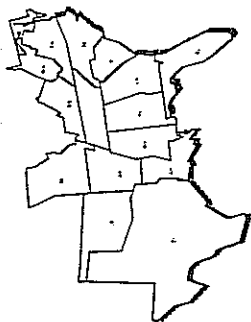
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

6,008 INMATES
246 INMATES

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

264 INMATES

GEORGIA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:
128 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

0 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

6,284 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

544 INMATES

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

3,057 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 00 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

4,670 INMATES

PAROLE

11,266 INMATES

GOODTIME

N/A

PROBATION

N/A

DEATH

98 INMATES

OTHER

N/A

TOTAL

16,034 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

(ONLY THE BOARD OF PARDONS AND PAROLES MAY GRANT MEDICAL REPRIEVES.)

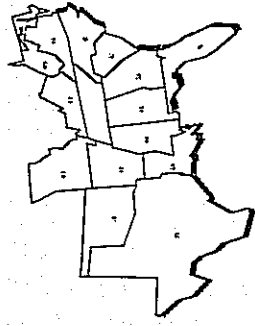
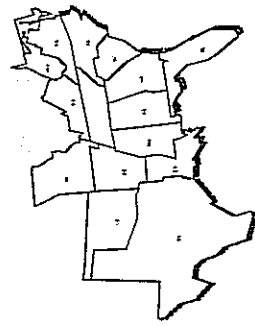
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

4,037 INMATES IN 2000

GEORGIA



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2000)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

UNKNOWN

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

18,061 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

17,934 INMATES

RANDOM

N/A

INCIDENT

N/A

HIGH RISK GROUP

N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

UPON ADMISSION; UPON REQUEST, OR
CLINICALLY INDICATED

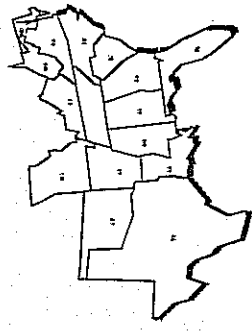
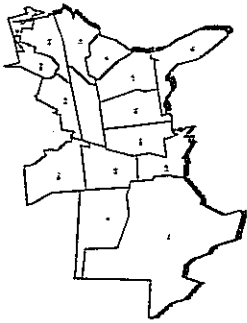
INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

472 INMATES

THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.
HOWEVER, A SMALL PERCENTAGE WHO ARE CONSIDERED SEXUAL PREDATORS ARE PLACED
IN SEPARATE HOUSING (~< 10%)

GEORGIA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

BEGINNING IN 2000, THE STATE HAS FUNDED ADDITIONAL PROBATION DETENTION AND DIVERSION CENTER EXPANSION FOR LOW-LEVEL, NON-VIOLENT OFFENDERS TO RESERVE PRISON SPACE FOR VIOLENT AND REPEAT OFFENDERS.

THERE ARE CURRENTLY FIVE JUDICIAL CIRCUITS (OUT OF 48) USING DRUG COURTS.

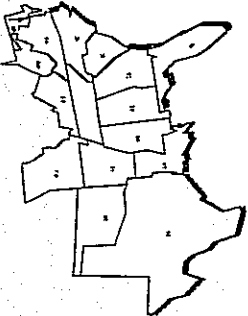
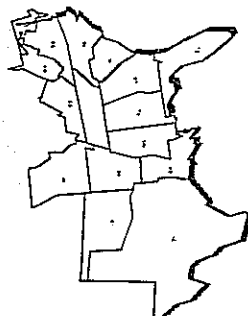
COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL COURT ORDER FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

WILLIAMS VS. WHITWORTH, USDC, ND, CA, NO. 1:91-CV-179

THE FEDERAL COURT ORDER REQUIRES A SET NUMBER OF INMATES AND A MINIMUM RATIO OF SECURITY OFFICERS TO INMATES AT ARRENDALE STATE PRISON.

GEORGIA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES

GEORGIA'S ELDERLY/INFIRM INMATES ARE HOUSED AT MEN'S STATE PRISON AND SOME AT THE PRISON HOSPITAL IN AUGUSTA. COSTS OF PROVIDING MEDICAL CARE FOR THIS POPULATION IS NOT SEPARATED OUT FROM ALL OTHER COSTS. THERE IS NO LEGISLATION ENACTED ADDRESSING THIS ISSUE. THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS CONDUCTED A STUDY OF CHRONICALLY ILL INMATES TO DETERMINE THE NUMBER OF INMATES AND THEIR MEDICAL AND ASSISTED LIVING NEEDS.

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PROVIDES SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION TO ALL INMATES, AND CONTRACTS FOR VARIOUS LEVELS OF MORE SPECIALIZED SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMMING. THIS CONTRACT CURRENTLY PROVIDES FOR A VARIETY OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS. THE INTENSITY LEVEL OF THE PROGRAM INCREASES AS INMATES ARE IDENTIFIED WITH HIGHER LEVELS OF NEED. PROGRAMS CURRENTLY IN PLACE INCLUDE: SPECIALIZED INTERVENTION PROGRAMS, PRISON SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS, AND RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS.

THE 12 WEEK SPECIALIZED INTERVENTION PROGRAMS ARE DESIGNED TO BE THE INMATE'S INITIAL INDUCTION TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT. THE PROGRAMS COVER A VARIETY OF PSYCHO-EDUCATIONAL TOPICS SUCH AS THE BASIC CONCEPTS OF ADDICTION AND RECOVERY, COGNITIVE DISTORTIONS AND RELAPSE PREVENTION. THESE PROGRAMS ARE AT 8 STATE MALE PRISONS AND 1 FEMALE PRISON SERVING 20-25 INMATES PER QUARTER.

PRISON SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS ARE STRUCTURED 6 WEEK TWO PHASE PROGRAMS. THE ORIENTATION PHASE IS DESIGNED TO ADDRESS THE STAGES OF CHANGE AND THE BASIC TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF ADDICTION, AND RECOVERY. THE INTENSIVE PHASE PROVIDES INTERPERSONAL SKILL BUILDING GROUPS, PRINCIPALS OF RECOVERY, PROBLEM SOLVING SKILLS, ETC. PROGRAM HAS 50 BEDS AT WASHINGTON STATE PRISON AND 50 BEDS AT SMITH STATE PRISON.

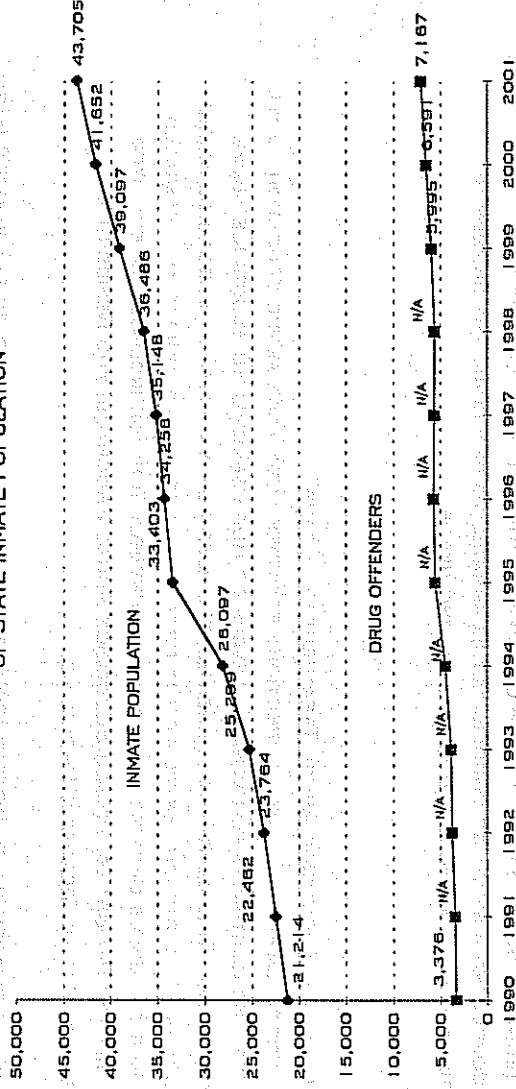
GEORGIA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

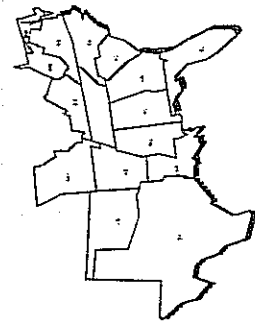
RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS ARE INTENSIVE 6 MONTH, FOUR PHASE PRE-RELEASE PROGRAMS DESIGNED TO PREPARE THE OFFENDER FOR RELEASE FROM PRISON. THE PRIMARY GOAL IS FOR OFFENDERS TO LEARN REAL-LIFE SKILLS THAT WILL HELP THEM OVERCOME A LIFE OF CRIME AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE. THERE IS A STRONG EMPHASIS ON DEVELOPING RELAPSE PREVENTION SKILLS. OFFENDERS ATTEND 12 WEEKS OF VOCATIONAL OR "ON THE JOB TRAINING" PROGRAMS FOR WHICH THEY EARN A SPECIAL SKILLS CERTIFICATE. OFFENDERS ARE DIRECTED TO CONTINUING SERVICES AFTER RELEASE THROUGH THEIR LOCAL PAROLE OFFICE.

DRUG OFFENDERS AS A PERCENTAGE OF STATE INMATE POPULATION

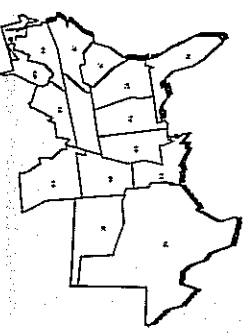


NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR GEORGIA HAS REMAINED AT APPROXIMATELY 16% OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS.

GEORGIA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

PERCENTAGE BLACK

PERCENTAGE OTHER

PERCENTAGE MALE

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

30.5 YEARS

1,380 INMATES

5.2 YEARS

1.25 YEARS

A. ROBBERY I

B. Poss. Of CONTROLLED SUB.

C. BURGLARY II

65.30%

33.60%

1.10%

92.60%

7.40%

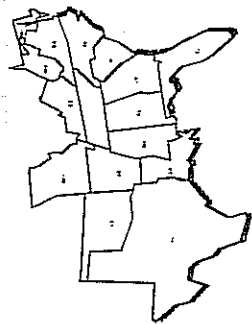
706 INMATES

23 INMATES

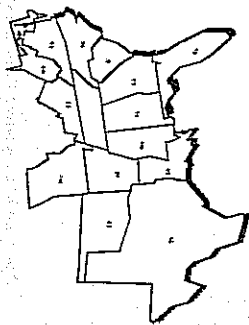
13 INMATES *

* FOR LIFE ONLY, NOT LIFE WITH PAROLE FOR 25 YRS.

KENTUCKY



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

41 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

0

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

3,073 INMATES (EXCLUDING LIFE AND DEATH)

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

106 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

1,666 INMATES (INCLUDES NEW COMMITMENTS
AND TECHNICAL VIOLATORS)

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

PAROLE

GOODTIME

PROBATION

DEATH

OTHER

TOTAL

3,882 INMATES

2,622 INMATES

0

1,252 INMATES

36 INMATES

1,541 INMATES

9,333 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2000 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

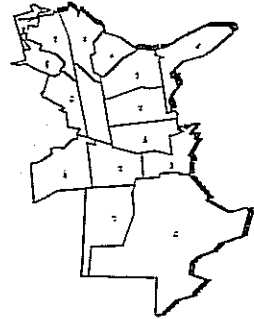
NO RESPONSE

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

480 INMATES

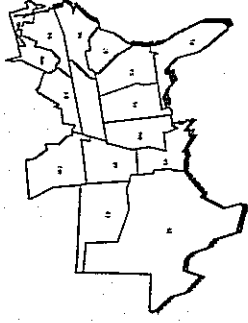
KENTUCKY

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

IN AN EFFORT TO ALLEVIATE OVERCROWDING, KENTUCKY HAS CONTINUED TO CONSTRUCT NEW FACILITIES, CONTRACT FOR PRIVATE PRISON BEDS, DOUBLE BUNK INMATES WHERE POSSIBLE, AND HOUSE INMATES IN COUNTY JAILS. (KENTUCKY IS CURRENTLY UNDER CONTRACT FOR THREE (3) MINIMUM SECURITY PRIVATE PRISONS.)



COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2001, THE KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

IN 1995 THE KENTUCKY DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS OPENED A LICENSED NURSING CARE FACILITY INSIDE ONE OF THEIR SECURE INSTITUTIONS. THE 58 BED UNIT IS FULLY STAFFED AND MEETS ALL THE NECESSARY LICENSURE REQUIREMENTS. THE DOC HAS RECENTLY CONVERTED A 30 BED UNIT TO A SHORT-TERM CARE FACILITY TO MEET THE NEEDS OF THE ELDERLY POPULATION. IN 1994 THE KENTUCKY STATE REFORMATORY'S MEDICAL STAFF CONSISTED OF 15 NURSES AND 1 DOCTOR. TODAY THE STAFF CONSISTS OF 89 NURSES, 4 DOCTORS, AND A NURSE PRACTITIONER.

A LARGE NUMBER OF ELDERLY INMATES ARE HOUSED AT THE KENTUCKY STATE REFORMATORY; HOWEVER, MANY ARE ALSO HOUSED IN ALMOST ALL STATE INSTITUTIONS. KENTUCKY ENACTED LEGISLATION THAT PERMITS PHYSICIANS TO RECOMMEND TO THE PAROLE BOARD THOSE INMATES WHO HAVE LESS THAN 1 YEAR LIFE EXPECTANCY OR WHO ARE TOTALLY DEPENDANT ON OTHERS FOR THEIR EVERY DAY NEEDS. SOME TERMINAL PATIENTS ARE PAROLED.

KENTUCKY

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

IN 1992, KENTUCKY OPENED ITS 1ST RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM AT THE ROEDERER CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX. THIS 60-DAY PROGRAM TREATS 50 CLIENTS. IN 1993 THE PROGRAM EXPANDED TO 90 DAYS AND SERVED 75 CLIENTS. THE PROGRAM WAS MOVED IN 1994 TO THE KENTUCKY STATE REFORMATORY WHERE IT EXPANDED TO 146 TREATMENT SLOTS. IN RECOGNITION OF THE NEED FOR MORE INTENSIVE TREATMENT SERVICES, THE PROGRAM WAS LENGTHENED TO 6 MONTHS IN 1997.

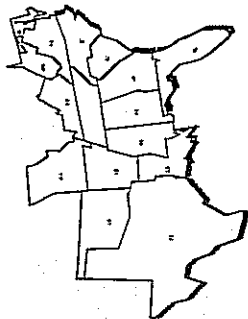
CURRENTLY, RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAMS EXIST AT THE LUTHER LUCKETT CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX AND MARION ADJUSTMENT CENTER. THE NEWEST TREATMENT PROGRAM AT GREEN RIVER CORRECTIONAL COMPLEX IS SCHEDULED TO OPEN IN LATE APRIL 2001. INTERVENTIONS WILL FOCUS ON RELAPSE PREVENTION AND CORRECTING CRIMINAL THINKING ERRORS. IN ADDITION TO THESE PRISON-BASED TREATMENT PROGRAMS, EACH INSTITUTION ALSO PROVIDES PRE-TREATMENT DRUG AND ALCOHOL EDUCATION CLASSES. THIS PROGRAM IS FOR INMATES WITH LESS SEVERE PROBLEMS. THE BOOT CAMP AT ROEDERER CC ALSO PROVIDES SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMMING TO COMPLEMENT ITS HIGHLY STRUCTURED REGIMEN.

IN 1997, 2 JAIL-BASED TREATMENT PROGRAMS WERE OPENED IN THE CHRISTIAN AND HARDIN COUNTY DETENTION CENTERS. THESE PROGRAMS ARE SPECIFICALLY FOR CLASS D OFFENDERS WHO, BY STATUTE, MUST SERVE THEIR SENTENCES IN LOCAL OR REGIONAL JAILS. THESE SIX-MONTH PROGRAMS EMPHASIZE RELAPSE PREVENTION AND CORRECTION OF CRIMINAL THINKING ERRORS.

A STATEWIDE COMMUNITY-BASED AFTERCARE PROGRAM WAS IMPLEMENTED IN 1995 TO PROVIDE CONTINUING SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT SERVICES FOR PROBATIONERS AND PAROLEES WHO HAVE COMPLETED TREATMENT.

KENTUCKY

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



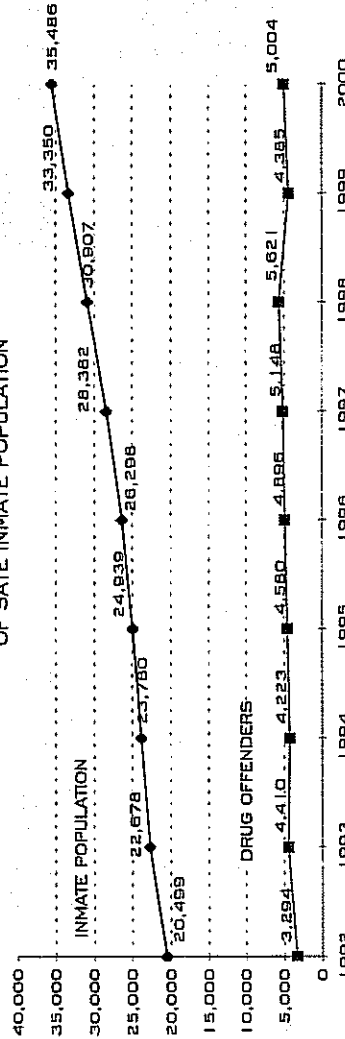
PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS INDICATED THAT APPROXIMATELY 75% OF ALL ADULT INMATES COMMITTED TO STATE CUSTODY HAVE SOME LEVEL OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE HISTORY. THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WAS AWARDED FUNDING FROM THE FEDERAL RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT (RSAT) FOR STATE PRISONERS GRANT PROGRAM. TWO (2) RSAT PROGRAMS WILL BE OPERATED THROUGH THIS FUNDING. ONE IS OPERATING AT THE CONCORDIA PARISH DETENTION FACILITY AND THE SECOND WILL BE OPERATING AT ELAYN HUNT CORRECTIONAL CENTER. THROUGH THE RSAT PROGRAM INMATES WILL RECEIVE 6-12 MONTHS OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT IN FACILITIES SET APART FROM THE GENERAL POPULATION.

IN ADDITION TO ADDRESSING THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEMS OF THE INMATE, THE PROGRAM IS INTENDED TO DEVELOP THE INMATES' COGNITIVE, BEHAVIORAL, SOCIAL, VOCATIONAL, AND OTHER SKILLS TO SOLVE THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE AND RELATED PROBLEMS. CONTINUED DRUG AND ALCOHOL SCREENING AFTER RELEASE IS REQUIRED.

EACH INSTITUTION ALSO PROVIDES PRE-RELEASE COUNSELING SERVICES. PRESENTLY, THE DEPARTMENT IS TRACKING THE INMATES WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE BLUE WALTERS SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM THAT WAS CLOSED OCTOBER 3, 2000 DUE TO STATE FUNDING PROBLEMS. INMATES WHO ARE ELIGIBLE FOR THE PROGRAM WILL NOW BE SENT TO ORLEANS PARISH CRIMINAL SHERIFF'S SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM.

DRUG OFFENDERS AS A PERCENTAGE OF STATE INMATE POPULATION



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR LOUISIANA HAS DECREASED FROM 16.07% IN 1992 TO 14.10% IN 2000. (PREVIOUS YEARS INFORMATION IS NOT AVAILABLE.)

LOUISIANA

1. The first step in the process of creating a new product is to identify a market need. This is often done through market research, which can involve surveys, focus groups, and other methods of gathering information from potential customers.

2. Once a market need has been identified, the next step is to develop a concept for the new product. This involves creating a detailed description of the product, including its features, benefits, and target market.

3. The third step is to conduct a feasibility study. This involves assessing the technical, financial, and market viability of the product concept. This step is crucial in determining whether the product is worth developing and marketing.

4. If the feasibility study is positive, the next step is to develop a business plan. This document outlines the company's strategy for developing and marketing the new product, including details on production, distribution, and pricing.

5. The final step in the process is to launch the new product. This involves creating a marketing campaign to promote the product and reaching out to potential customers. Once the product is launched, the company will need to monitor its performance and make adjustments as needed.

6. The process of creating a new product is a complex one, but it is essential for companies looking to stay competitive in a rapidly changing market. By following these steps, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

7. In addition to the steps outlined above, there are several other factors that can influence the success of a new product. These include the quality of the product, the timing of the launch, and the effectiveness of the marketing campaign.

8. Overall, the process of creating a new product is a challenging but rewarding one. It requires a combination of creativity, research, and strategic planning. By following the steps outlined in this document, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

9. The process of creating a new product is a complex one, but it is essential for companies looking to stay competitive in a rapidly changing market. By following these steps, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

10. In addition to the steps outlined above, there are several other factors that can influence the success of a new product. These include the quality of the product, the timing of the launch, and the effectiveness of the marketing campaign.

11. Overall, the process of creating a new product is a challenging but rewarding one. It requires a combination of creativity, research, and strategic planning. By following the steps outlined in this document, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

12. The process of creating a new product is a complex one, but it is essential for companies looking to stay competitive in a rapidly changing market. By following these steps, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

13. In addition to the steps outlined above, there are several other factors that can influence the success of a new product. These include the quality of the product, the timing of the launch, and the effectiveness of the marketing campaign.

14. Overall, the process of creating a new product is a challenging but rewarding one. It requires a combination of creativity, research, and strategic planning. By following the steps outlined in this document, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

15. The process of creating a new product is a complex one, but it is essential for companies looking to stay competitive in a rapidly changing market. By following these steps, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

16. In addition to the steps outlined above, there are several other factors that can influence the success of a new product. These include the quality of the product, the timing of the launch, and the effectiveness of the marketing campaign.

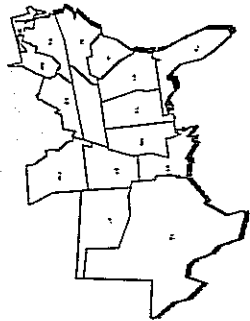
17. Overall, the process of creating a new product is a challenging but rewarding one. It requires a combination of creativity, research, and strategic planning. By following the steps outlined in this document, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

18. The process of creating a new product is a complex one, but it is essential for companies looking to stay competitive in a rapidly changing market. By following these steps, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.

19. In addition to the steps outlined above, there are several other factors that can influence the success of a new product. These include the quality of the product, the timing of the launch, and the effectiveness of the marketing campaign.

20. Overall, the process of creating a new product is a challenging but rewarding one. It requires a combination of creativity, research, and strategic planning. By following the steps outlined in this document, companies can increase their chances of success and bring new, innovative products to market.





STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

29.5 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

1,581 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

3.8 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

1.5 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

A. DRUGS
B. MURDER
C. ROBBERY

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

22.00%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

78.00%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

0.00%

PERCENTAGE MALE

95.00%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

5.00%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

1,907

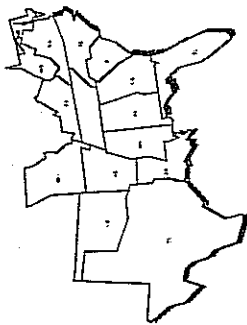
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

213

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

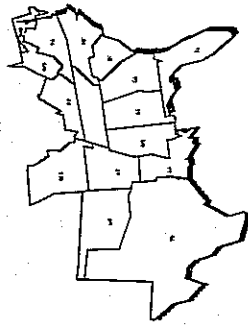
66 INMATES

MARYLAND



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

14 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

NONE

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

7,183 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

1,840 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

N/A

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

5,299 INMATES

PAROLE

2,993 INMATES

GOODTIME

6,391 INMATES

PROBATION

N/A INMATES

DEATH

60 INMATES

OTHER

381 INMATES

TOTAL

15,124 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

SINCE 1991, MARYLAND HAS ALLOWED INMATES WITH SERIOUS MEDICAL PROBLEMS TO BE RELEASED THROUGH THE MEDICAL PAROLE PROGRAM. INMATES WHO ARE GRANTED MEDICAL PAROLE HAVE SERIOUS MEDICAL PROBLEMS AND NO LONGER PRESENT ANY RISK TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

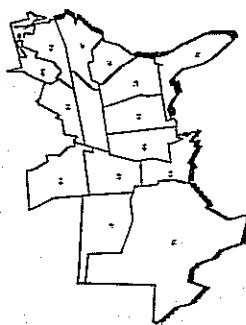
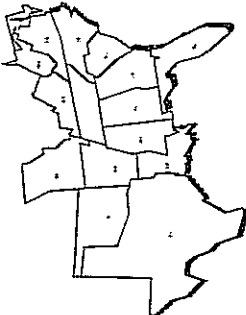
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

9 INMATES

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

1,095 INMATES

MARYLAND



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

STATE RESPONSE:

500 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

8,008 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

6,146 INMATES

RANDOM

N/A

INCIDENT

21 INMATES

HIGH RISK GROUP

N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

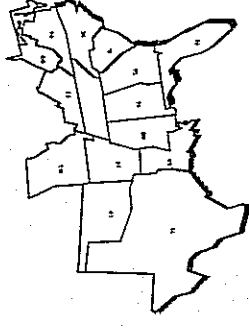
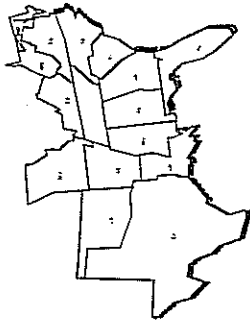
1/2 OF ADMISSIONS AND 8% OF STANDING POP.
OR ABOUT 41% OVERALL

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

500 INMATES

THE MARYLAND DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

THE MARYLAND DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS HAS PLANS FOR A 512 CELL MAXIMUM FACILITY INSTITUTION ADJACENT TO THE WESTERN CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION. ADDITIONAL FACILITIES TO RELIEVE OVERCROWDING INCLUDE: THE HERMAN L. TOULSON CORRECTIONAL BOOT-CAMP, THE 550 CAPACITY HOME DETENTION UNIT, AND REMEDIAL DRUG PROGRAMS INCLUDING RSAT AND ROTC.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE MARYLAND DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

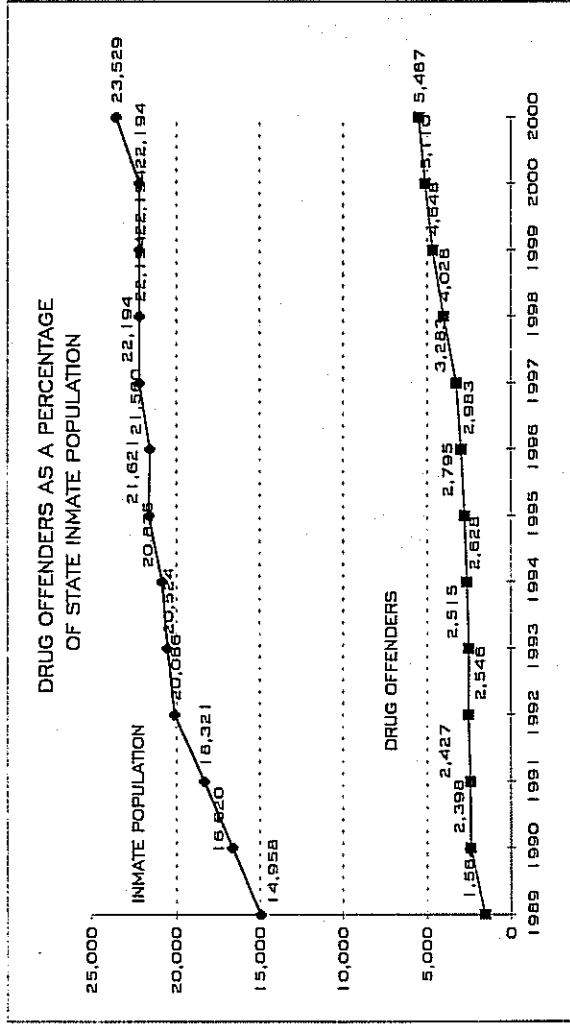
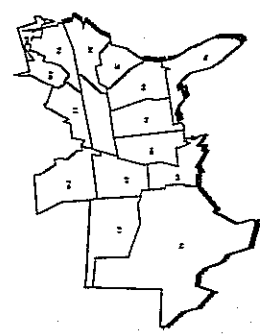
OLDER INMATES ARE HOUSED IN SEVERAL FACILITIES, USUALLY ONES THAT HAVE IN-PATIENT INFIRMARIES NEARBY. THEY ARE, HOWEVER, MAINSTREAMED. THE FACILITIES WHERE THEY ARE "COLLECTED" HAVE GENERALLY HOUSED THEM TOGETHER. THERE IS NO SPECIAL PROGRAMMING AS YET, EXCEPT FOR A SUPPORT GROUP AT ONE FACILITY AND A HOSPICE PROGRAM FOR THE TERMINALLY ILL. THUS THERE ARE NO SPECIAL HOUSING COSTS, THOUGH MEDICAL COSTS ARE ABOUT TWICE THE AVERAGE. THERE HAS BEEN NO SPECIAL LEGISLATION ADDRESSING THIS ISSUE.

MARYLAND

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THERE ARE SEVERAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS RANGING FROM A SIX MONTH THERAPEUTIC PROGRAM TO AA AND NA GROUPS (HELD IN VERY FACILITY). THE 6 MONTH PROGRAM IS FUNDED BY A FEDERAL GRANT. ANOTHER FEDERAL GRANT PROGRAM ADDRESSES DRUG FREE PRISONS. SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION AND RECOVERY GROUPS OCCUR IN ALL MEDIUM SECURITY FACILITIES. THERE IS A 6 WEEK PROGRAM FOR PAROLE VIOLATORS AND OTHERS NEARING RELEASE, DIVERTING MANY FROM LONGER SENTENCES. THE CORRECTIONAL BOOT CAMP OFFERS SIX MONTHS OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT AND ADDITIONAL SERVICES FOR THOSE WITH THE MOST SERIOUS PROBLEMS.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR MARYLAND HAS INCREASED FROM 10.59% IN 1989 TO 23.32% IN 2000.

MARYLAND

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

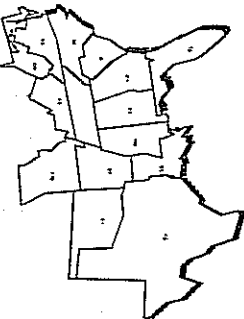
The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:

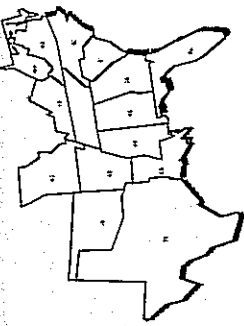
The following information is provided for your information:

The following information is provided for your information:



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE
PERCENTAGE BLACK
PERCENTAGE OTHER
PERCENTAGE MALE
PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

30.42 YEARS

312 INMATES

4.63 YEARS

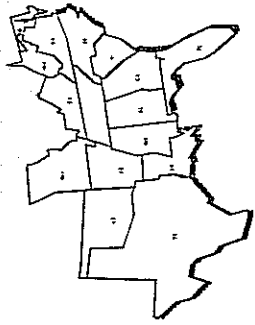
2.67 YEARS

- A. COCAINE SALES
- B. BURGLARY OF A RESIDENCE
- C. FELONY DUI

27.13%
72.29%
0.58%
91.44%
8.56%

1,084 INMATES
570 INMATES

69 INMATES



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:
63 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

0 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

2,436 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

248 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

43 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

2,388 INMATES

PAROLE

808

GOODTIME

0

PROBATION

2,726

DEATH

39

OTHER

1,216

TOTAL

7,177

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

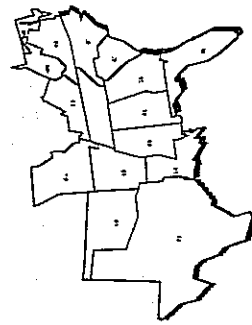
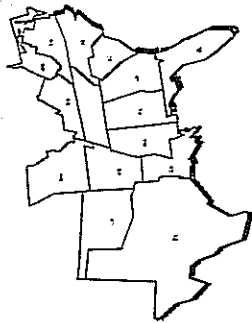
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

NONE

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

1,478 INMATES

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

58 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

ALL

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

5,399

RANDOM

< 1% OF INMATES

INCIDENT

< 1% OF INMATES

HIGH RISK GROUP

AS ORDERED BY MD

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

ADMISSION, AS NEEDED

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

203 INMATES

THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS INDICATED THAT SEGREGATION BY CLASSIFICATION IS A CHOICE MADE BY ADMINISTRATION FOR CLASSIFICATION PURPOSES FOR HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

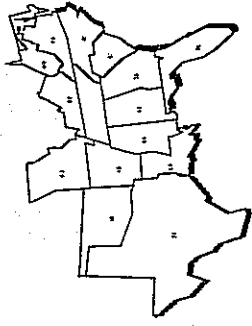
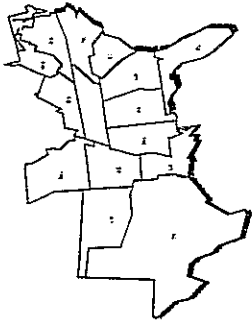
ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION

MISSISSIPPI STATUTES OFFER THE FOLLOWING PROGRAMMATIC OPTIONS AS ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION:

INTENSIVE SUPERVISION PROGRAM- ALSO KNOWN AS HOUSE ARREST, THIS PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO ALLOW CLOSE MONITORING OF INMATES WHO DO NOT REQUIRE INCARCERATION IN AN INSTITUTION, BUT NEED CLOSER MONITORING THAN A REGULAR PROBATIONER REQUIRES. INMATES ASSIGNED TO THIS PROGRAM ARE REQUIRED TO WEAR AN ELECTRONIC MONITORING DEVICE AT ALL TIMES.

MISSISSIPPI

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION (CONT)

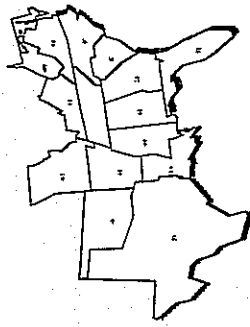
NON-ADJUDICATED PROBATION - THIS IS A FORM OF PROBATION USED FOR ELIGIBLE 1ST TIME OFFENDERS. IF THIS PROGRAM PERIOD IS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED, THE CASE IS EXPUNGED AND THE DEFENDANT DOES NOT HAVE A FELONY RECORD. THERE ARE 2 NON-ADJUDICATED PROBATION STATUTES PRESENTLY BEING USED BY THE COURTS. ONE REFERS TO OFFENDERS WHO HAVE BEEN INDICTED FOR NON-DRUG OFFENSES, SUCH AS EMBEZZLEMENT, FORGERY, UTTERING FORGERY AND BURGLARY, ETC. AND ANOTHER REFERS TO CERTAIN DRUG CASES.

PRE-TRIAL DIVERSION PROGRAM - IT PROVIDES THE DEFENDANT WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO AVOID A FELONY CONVICTION. ONCE A DEFENDANT HAS BEEN INDICTED, ARRAIGNED, AND ENTERED A GUILTY PLEA TO A FELONY CHARGE, THE DEFENSE ATTORNEY MAY REQUEST A REFERRAL FOR PLACEMENT IN THIS PROGRAM UNDER THE CONTROL OF THE DISTRICT ATTORNEY'S OFFICE. THE DEFENDANT IS INVESTIGATED AND IF THE DA APPROVES HIM FOR PLACEMENT IN THE PROGRAM, A DIVERSION OR REMAND ORDER WILL BE SIGNED BY THE CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE WHICH LISTS THE RULES AND REGULATIONS SET FORTH IN THE PROGRAM.

SUSPENDED SENTENCE PROBATION - IS AVAILABLE TO A DEFENDANT IF THE COURTS DETERMINE THAT IT IS IN THE BEST INTEREST OF JUSTICE AND THE PUBLIC, AND AFTER THE DEFENDANT HAS BEEN CONVICTED OR HAS ENTERED A GUILTY PLEA. THE JUDGE MAY SUSPEND EXECUTION OF THE SENTENCE AND PLACE THE DEFENDANT ON PROBATION. PROBATIONERS MUST COMPLY WITH ALL COURT ORDERED CONDITIONS. THEY MAY BE REQUIRED TO PAY ALL FINES, COURT COSTS, AND RESTITUTION. FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF PROBATION MAY RESULT IN REVOCATION PROCEEDINGS CONDUCTED BY THE SENTENCING JUDGE.

DRUG COURTS - DESIGNED TO QUICKLY ADDRESS A CRIME COMMITTED BY AN OFFENDER WHO HAS A SUBSTANCE ADDICTION. OFFENDERS IN THIS PROGRAM APPEAR BEFORE A JUDGE ON A REGULAR BASIS, AND REPORTS ARE GIVEN TO THE JUDGE ON THE OFFENDER. FAILURE TO APPEAR OR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THE TREATMENT PROGRAM CAN MEAN INSTANT DISMISSAL FROM THE PROGRAM. THE JUDGE MAY THEN IMPOSE AN APPROPRIATE SENTENCE ON THE OFFENDER.

MISSISSIPPI



COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS BEEN UNDER A FEDERAL COURT ORDER SINCE 1985 THAT REQUIRES A SET NUMBER OF INMATES PER INSTITUTION.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY AND INFIRMED INMATES

THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS CURRENTLY EXPERIENCING AN INCREASE IN NUMBERS OF INMATES WHO WOULD BE CLASSED AS ELDERLY/INFIRM-THOSE PERSONS OVER 50 YEARS OF AGE AND THOSE WITH CHRONIC AND DISABLING DISEASE PROCESSES. IN ORDER TO ADDRESS THIS ISSUE, MDOC HAS HAD A LONG-STANDING POLICY OF MANDATORY PHYSICAL EVALUATION AND EXAMINATION FOR INMATES OVER 50 YEARS OF AGE. IN THE CASE OF PERSONS WITH CHRONIC DISEASES, MDOC PROVIDES CHRONIC CARE CLINICS FOR DIABETES, SEIZURES, HEART DISEASE AND HYPERTENSION, LUNG DISEASES AND ORTHOPEDICS. THE MDOC ALSO PROVIDES DISABILITY HOUSING FOR THOSE INMATES NEEDING PHYSICAL/MEDICAL/NURSING HELP OR SPECIALIZED EQUIPMENT.

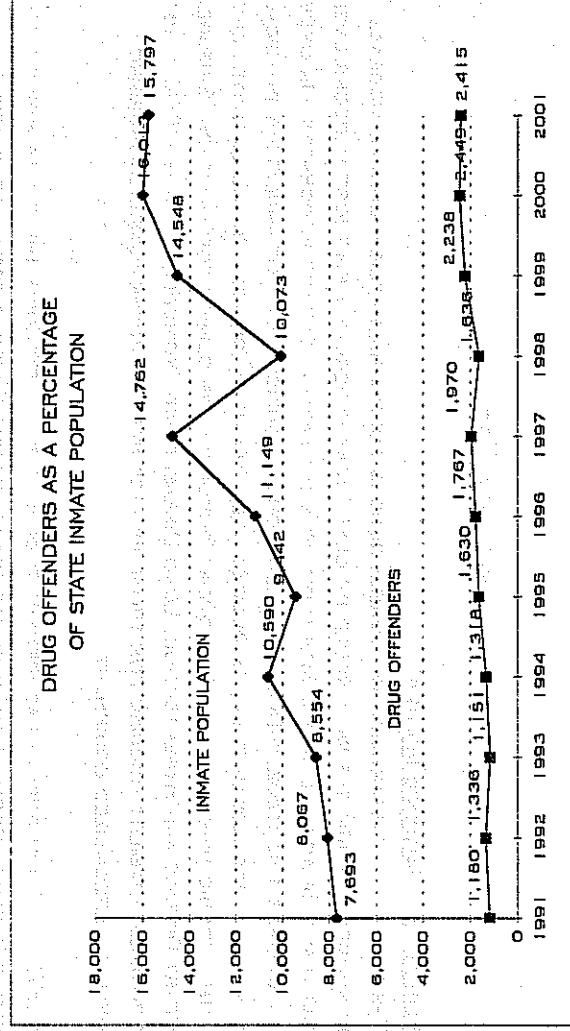
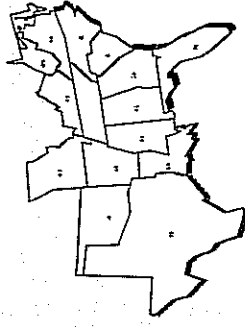
MDOC HAS NO CURRENT MEASUREMENT TOOL IN USE TO DETERMINE THE COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH THE ELDER POPULATION, NOR HAS ANY LEGISLATION BEEN PASSED ON THIS ISSUE. THESE ARE ISSUES THAT WILL BE ADDRESSED IN THE FUTURE, AS MDOC HAS REALIZED

MISSISSIPPI

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

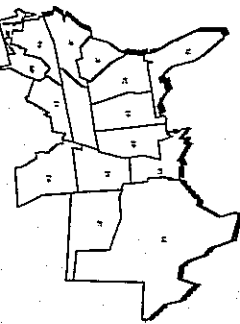
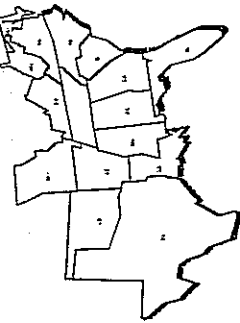
PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THERE ARE ALCOHOL AND DRUG TREATMENT PROGRAMS AND ALSO PRE-RELEASE PROGRAMS THAT ARE FUNDED BY THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH, THE MISSISSIPPI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS, AND THROUGH RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT GRANTS. WHILE THERE IS NOTHING IN PLACE CURRENTLY TO EVALUATE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THESE PROGRAMS, NEGOTIATIONS HAVE BEGUN WITH A LOCAL UNIVERSITY TO ACCOMPLISH THIS TASK.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR MISSISSIPPI HAS REMAINED AT APPROXIMATELY 15% OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS.

MISSISSIPPI



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

31.9 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

394 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

6 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

2.86 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. DANGEROUS DRUGS
- B. ROBBERY
- C. HOMICIDE

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

56.80%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

42.50%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

0.70%

PERCENTAGE MALE

92.72%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

7.28%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

1,396 INMATES

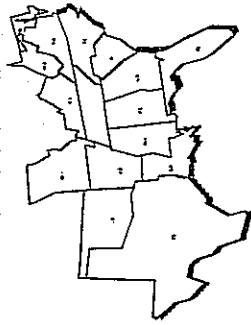
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

781 INMATES

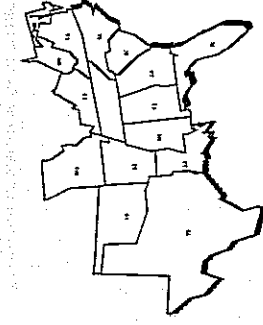
NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

84 INMATES

MISSOURI



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

74 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

6 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

5,347 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

251 INMATES

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

9,130 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

1,515 INMATES

PAROLE

18,023 INMATES

GOODTIME

35 INMATES

PROBATION

4,097 INMATES

DEATH

52 INMATES

OTHER

932 INMATES

TOTAL

24,654 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

CREDIT FOR TIME SERVED

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

Yes

NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

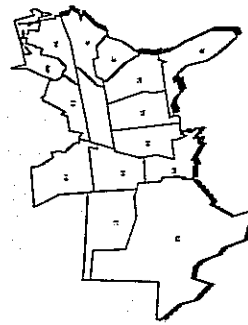
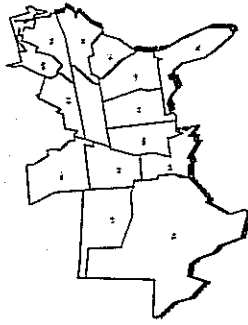
N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

1,522 INMATES

MISSOURI

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

STATE RESPONSE:

10 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

13,637

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

6,871 INMATES

RANDOM

NONE

INCIDENT

605 INMATES

HIGH RISK GROUP

N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

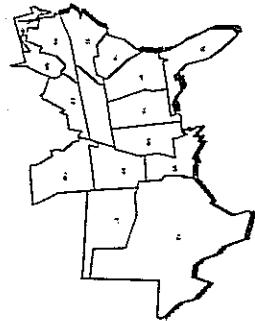
ADMISSION, EXIT, VOLUNTARY, OTHER RANDOM

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

253 INMATES

THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

MISSOURI



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

METHODS OF RELIEVING OVERCROWDING

TO RELIEVE OVERCROWDING OR REDUCE THE PRISON POPULATION IN MISSOURI, THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS BUILT NEW PRISONS AND HAS ADDED ON TO EXISTING FACILITIES. ALSO, THE USE OF COMMUNITY DIVERSION PROGRAMS AND DRUG COURTS HAS HELPED ALLEVIATE OVERCROWDING.

AS ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION, THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PROVIDES ELECTRONIC MONITORING, RESIDENTIAL FACILITIES, COMMUNITY RELEASE COURTS AND DRUG COURTS.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

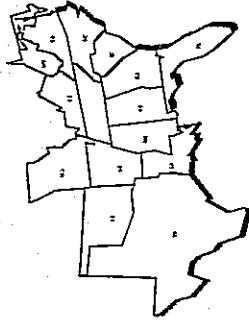
THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

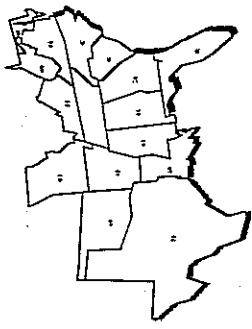
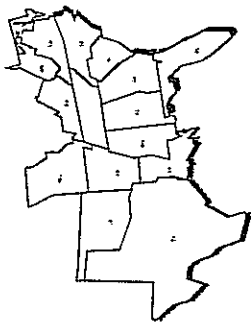
STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES

THE NUMBER OF ELDERLY INMATES IN THE MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS VERY SMALL. IN A FEW FACILITIES, THERE ARE SEPARATE HOUSING QUARTERS FOR THE ELDERLY. THE MISSOURI BOARD OF PROBATION AND PAROLE HAS A MEDICAL PAROLE (COMPASSIONATE RELEASE) WHICH MIGHT APPLY TO ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES. MISSOURI STATUTES (RSMO 217.250) AUTHORIZES PAROLE OF INMATES WHO ARE ADVANCED IN AGE.

MISSOURI





STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

A COMBINATION OF STATE-OPERATED PROGRAMS, INTERAGENCY AGREEMENTS AND CONTRACTED SERVICES ARE EMPLOYED TO MEET THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES NEEDS OF THE OFFENDER POPULATION. THESE SERVICES INCLUDE: SUBSTANCE ABUSE SCREENING ASSESSMENT UTILIZING THE MULTIDIMENSIONAL ADDICTIONS AND PERSONALITY PROFILE (MAPP); DRUG TESTING FOR INSTITUTION AND FIELD POPULATIONS; INSTITUTIONAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATION PROGRAMS; INSTITUTIONAL PARTIAL-DAY TREATMENT PROGRAMS; COMMUNITY BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS INCLUDING COMMUNITY RELEASE CENTER TREATMENT PRGMS AND DRUG COURT TREATMENT SERVICES; AND REQUIRED EDUCATION AND COMMUNITY TREATMENT (REACT).

IN FY 00, THE MODOC ADMINISTERED 28,195 MULTIDIMENSIONAL ADDICTIONS AND PERSONALITY PROFILE SCREENINGS. THIS REPRESENTED A 65 PERCENT INCREASE IN THE SCREENINGS CONDUCTED IN FY99. OCTOBER 1, 2001 THE DEPARTMENT WILL SWITCH TO THE TEXAS CHRISTIAN UNIVERSITY DRUG SCREENING AS THE DEPARTMENT WIDE SUBSTANCE ABUSE SCREENING INSTRUMENT.

DRUG TESTING THROUGH URINALYSIS REDUCES DRUG USE BY INTERDICTION. THE DEPARTMENT CONDUCTS RANDOM AND TARGETED TESTING OF INSTITUTIONAL AND COMMUNITY OFFENDER POPULATIONS ON A MONTHLY BASIS. THERE WAS A TOTAL OF 132,543 SAMPLES PERFORMED IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS LABORATORIES FOR THE FY 2001.

SINCE 1993, THE GROWTH IN INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT CENTER BEDS HAS BEEN SIGNIFICANT. IN 1989, THE MISSOURI DOC OPERATED 220 INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT BEDS. TODAY, 2,837 INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT BEDS ARE AVAILABLE. OF THESE BEDS, 1,331 ARE DESIGNATED FOR LONG-TERM TREATMENT; THE REMAINING 1,506 ARE RESERVED FOR SHORT-TERM SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT.

IN FY99, 10,704 OFFENDERS WERE PLACED IN INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT CENTERS. IN FY00, 11,056 OFFENDERS WERE PLACED IN ITCs. THE COMBINED AVERAGE MONTHLY ITC POPULATION DURING FY 99 WAS 2,627, INCREASING TO 2,782 IN FY00.

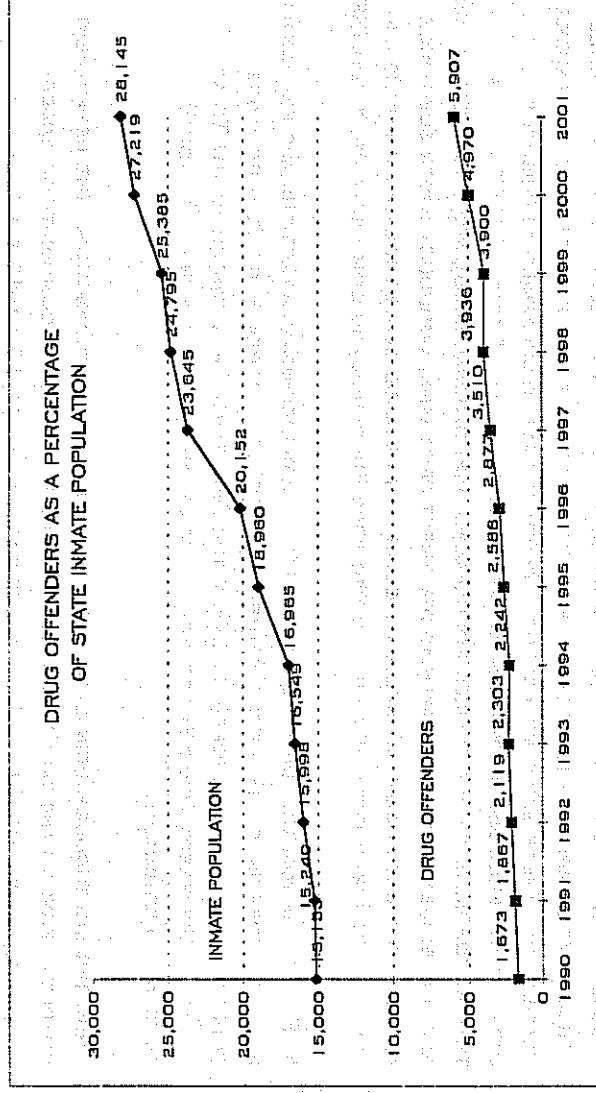
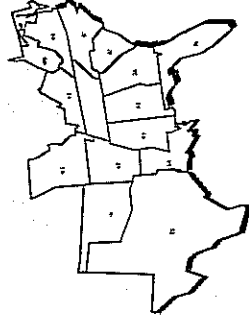
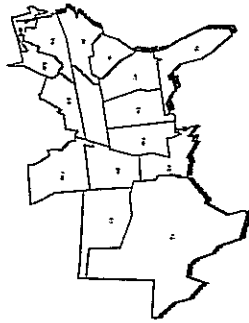
MISSOURI

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS (CONT.)

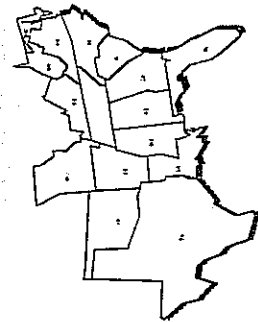
SIXTY-SEVEN PERCENT OF OFFENDERS IN INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT CENTERS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED TREATMENT IN FY00, REPRESENTING A 3.4% INCREASE OVER THE FY99 COMPLETION RATE OF 63.7%. THE MAJORITY OF THE OFFENDERS WHO SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT WAS GRANTED PROBATION BY THE COURT; THE REMAINING NUMBER WERE PLACED ON PAROLE OR REINSTATED ON PAROLE.

RECIDIVISM AND OUTCOME MEASURES ARE TRACKED FOR THE TREATMENT PROGRAMS. OUTCOME MEASURES INCLUDE TRACKING PROGRAM COMPLETION RATES, ARREST RATES AFTER COMPLETION, EMPLOYMENT AFTER THE PROGRAM AND EDUCATIONAL LEVELS ACHIEVED POST PROGRAM. SPECIFIC RESEARCH PROJECTS HAVE BEEN COMPLETED FOR TWO MoDOC TREATMENT CENTERS.

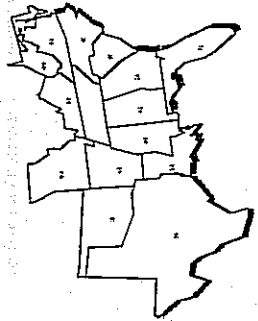


NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR MISSOURI HAS INCREASED FROM 12.24% IN 1991 TO 20.99% IN 2001.

MISSOURI



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

PERCENTAGE BLACK

PERCENTAGE OTHER

PERCENTAGE MALE

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

31 YEARS

916 INMATES

2.5 YEARS

1.3 YEARS

A. DRUG CRIMES

B. DWI

C. LARCENY

32.35%

62.74%

4.91%

93.55%

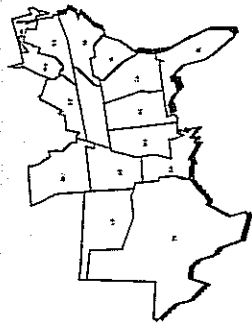
6.45%

3,223 INMATES

N/A

70 INMATES

NORTH CAROLINA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

205 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

2 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

9,463 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

308 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

507 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

17,142 INMATES

PAROLE

3,980 INMATES

GOODTIME

0 INMATES

PROBATION

0 INMATES

DEATH

65 INMATES

OTHER

1,619 INMATES

TOTAL

22,806 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

NO

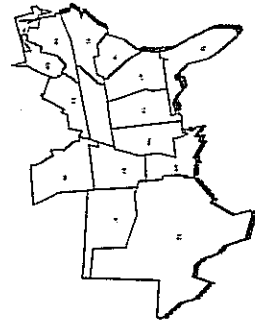
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

0 INMATES

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

2,555 INMATES

NORTH CAROLINA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES

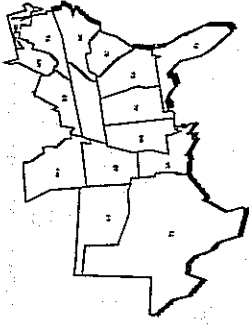
ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES

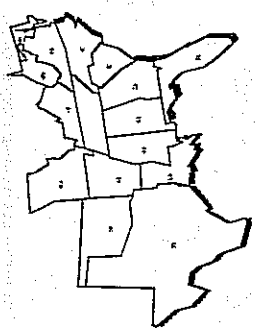
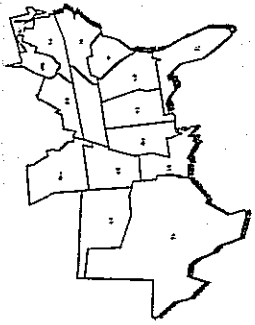
THE NUMBER OF SPECIAL NEEDS INMATES RESIDING IN THE POPULATION AND ENTERING PRISON HAS INCREASED OVER THE YEARS. MORE INMATES NOW ARRIVE WITH IMMUNOLOGICAL DEFICIENCIES AND OTHER CONTAGIOUS CONDITIONS, RENAL DISEASE AND OTHER SERIOUS HEALTH CONDITIONS. THE COMBINATION OF LONGER SENTENCES AND MORE LIMITED ELIGIBILITY FOR DIMINUTION OF SENTENCE WILL CAUSE THE NUMBER OF SPECIAL NEEDS INMATES IN THE POPULATION TO CONTINUE TO RISE.

WHILE THESE INMATES ARE GENERALLY SCATTERED THROUGHOUT THE SYSTEM, YEARS OF POURING MAXIMUM CUSTODY INMATES WITH LONG SENTENCES INTO THE LOUISIANA STATE PENITENTIARY (LSP) RESULTED IN LSP HAVING A SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF INMATES WITH SPECIAL NEEDS. DURING THE LAST SEVERAL YEARS, STEPS HAVE BEEN TAKEN TO SPREAD THESE SPECIAL POPULATIONS INTO OTHER INSTITUTIONS DUE, IN PART, TO CONTINUED CHALLENGES WITH RECRUITING AND RETAINING A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF MEDICAL PERSONNEL AT LSP. LSP DOES MAINTAIN A 120-BED SKILLED NURSING UNIT FOR ELDERLY AND INFIRMED INMATES, WHICH INCLUDES A HOSPICE PROGRAM.

THE DR. MARTIN L. FORCHT, JR. CLINICAL TREATMENT UNIT, A DIVISION OF DAVID WADE CORRECTIONAL CENTER, IS LOCATED IN RURAL, SOUTHERN CADDIS PARISH. THE FACILITY'S LOCATION ALLOWS EASY ACCESS TO THE LSU HEALTH SCIENCES CENTER AND OTHER SPECIALTY SERVICES WHICH ARE LOCATED IN THE AREA. THE FACILITY ALSO FUNCTIONS AS A RECEPTION AND DIAGNOSTIC CENTER FOR NORTH LOUISIANA PARISHES. THE FACILITY OPENED IN OCTOBER 1996 AND CONTINUES TO BE UNDER RENOVATION AT THIS TIME. INMATE LABOR HAS BEEN UTILIZED IN THE RENOVATIONS EXCEPT WHERE LICENSED CONTRACTORS ARE REQUIRED. A FEDERAL VOI/TIS GRANT WAS OBTAINED WHICH FUNDED NINETY PERCENT OF THE RENOVATIONS WITH THE STATE MATCHING THE OTHER TEN PERCENT. THE UNIT CURRENTLY HOUSES A CAPACITY OF 358 INMATES. A NEW MEDICAL BUILDING HAS BEEN REQUESTED THROUGH CAPITAL OUTLAY FUNDS. RENOVATIONS TO A NEW CELLBLOCK UNIT WERE COMPLETED IN 2000 AND A KITCHEN WAS RENOVATED IN EARLY 2001. IN ADDITION, LOUISIANA STATE PENITENTIARY AT ANGOLA, LOUISIANA, MAINTAINS A 120 BED SKILLED NURSING UNIT FOR THE ELDERLY AND INFIRM INMATES, WHICH INCLUDES A HOSPICE PROGRAM.

LOUISIANA





STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

PERCENTAGE BLACK

PERCENTAGE OTHER

PERCENTAGE MALE

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

(IN A RULING MADE BY THE SUPREME COURT, INMATES SERVING LIFE ARE NO LONGER
ELIGIBLE FOR PAROLE IN LOUISIANA.)

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

28.9 YEARS

1,261 INMATES

6.3 YEARS

3.5 YEARS

A. DRUG OFFENSES

B. ROBBERY

C. HOMICIDE

24.30%

75.60%

0.10%

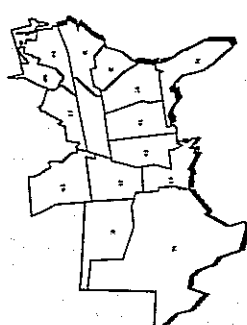
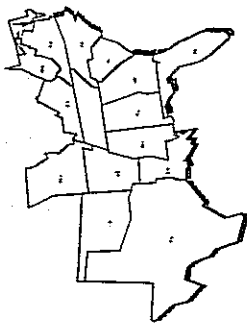
92.80%

7.20%

0 INMATES

3,668 INMATES

143 INMATES



STATE INITIATIVES

SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS THE FOLLOWING SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS.

DRUG ALCOHOL RECOVERY TREATMENT (DART) - IN-PRISON INTENSIVE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT (30-90 DAYS) FOR MEDIUM CUSTODY ADULT OFFENDERS. FOLLOWED UP WITH 8 WEEKS OF AFTERCARE UPON COMPLETION OF THE IRT PHASE. OFFENDERS THEN PARTICIPATE IN 12 WEEKS OF PRE-RELEASE COMMUNITY TRANSITION ACTIVITIES AT THE END OF THEIR SENTENCE. THE ANNUAL COST IS \$5.5 MILLION.

PRIVATE FACILITIES - INTENSIVE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT (180-360 DAYS) FOR MINIMUM CUSTODY ADULT OFFENDERS. AT THE END OF TREATMENT, OFFENDERS ARE RELEASED TO THE COMMUNITY. THE ANNUAL COST IS \$7.5 MILLION.

DWI FACILITY - INTENSIVE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT (30-90 DAYS) FOR PROBATION/PAROLE OFFENDERS WITH DWI CONVICTIONS. AT THE END OF THE PROGRAM, THE OFFENDERS RETURN TO THEIR COMMUNITIES. THE ANNUAL COST IS \$3.4 MILLION.

FEDERAL FUNDED PROGRAMS - INTENSIVE RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT (180-360 DAYS) OF TREATMENT PRIMARILY FOR YOUTHFUL OFFENDERS AND SOME ADULTS. SIX MONTHS IN INTENSIVE PROGRAMS; THREE MONTHS IN PRE-RELEASE COMMUNITY TRANSITION AND THREE MONTHS OF POST-RELEASE ACTIVITY. THE ANNUAL COST IS \$652,930.

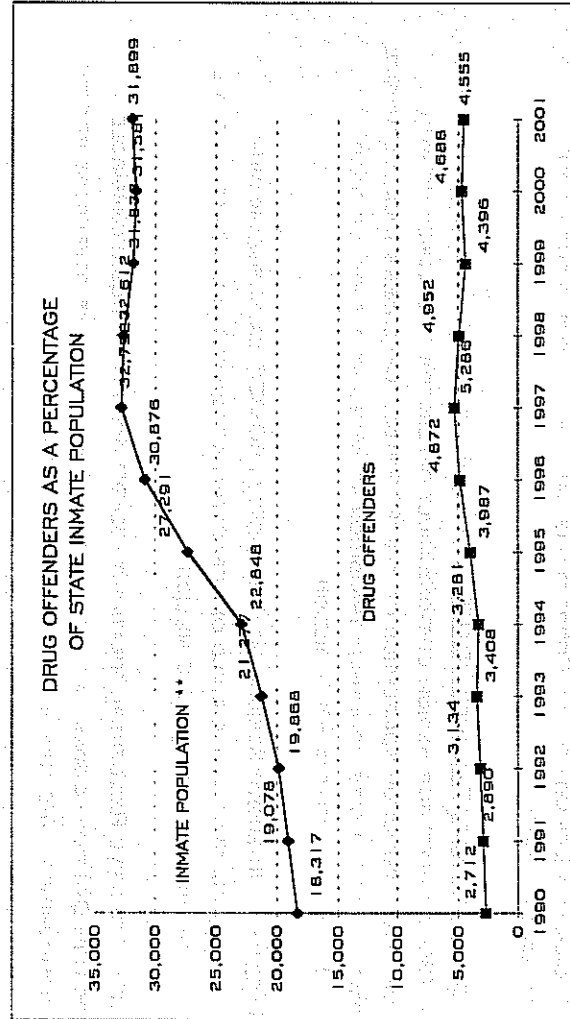
NORTH CAROLINA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS ARE MEASURED BY ASSESSING IF: SUBSTANCE ABUSE SERVICES ARE PROVIDED TO THE INMATES WHO ARE IDENTIFIED AS NEEDING TREATMENT; A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF INMATES WHO ENTER THE PROGRAMS ACTUALLY COMPLETE THE PROGRAM; THE COMPLETERS ARE CONTINUING THEIR RECOVERY THROUGH GROUP MEETINGS AND OTHER ACTIVITIES; AND THE INMATES WHO COMPLETE THE PRE-RELEASE COMMUNITY TRANSITION PROGRAMS STILL ACTIVE IN THE RECOVERY PROCESS UPON RELEASE FROM THE DEPARTMENT.

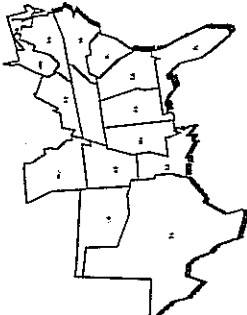
ADDITIONALLY, PARTICIPANTS ARE TRACKED IN THE PROGRAMS THROUGH A SEPARATE TREATMENT SUBSTANCE ABUSE MODULE, ACD, WHICH INTERFACES WITH THE INMATE TRACKING SYSTEM USED BY PRISONS, OPUS. THE NORTH CAROLINA SENTENCING COMMISSION COMPARED THE RECIDIVISM RATES FOR THOSE IN SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS TO THOSE INMATES IN THE GENERAL POPULATION.



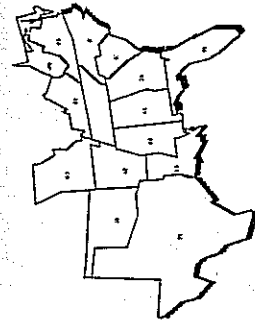
NOTE: THE NUMBERS OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR NORTH CAROLINA HAS REMAINED CONSTANT OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS.

**THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR NORTH CAROLINA INCLUDES ALL NORTH CAROLINA PRISONERS HOUSED IN STATE FACILITIES, OUT-OF-STATE FACILITIES, AND LOCAL JAILS.

NORTH CAROLINA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

STATE RESPONSE:

33.75 YEARS

395 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

5.38 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

2.21 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. DRUG POSSESSION
- B. DRUG DISTRIBUTION
- C. LARCENY

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

PERCENTAGE BLACK

PERCENTAGE OTHER

PERCENTAGE MALE

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

55.10%

32.80%

12.10%

88.20%

11.80%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

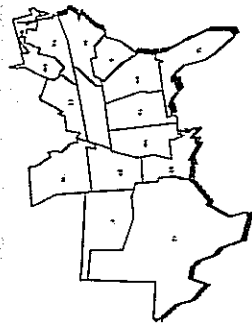
1,379 INMATES

367 INMATES

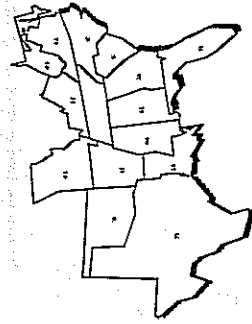
NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

95 INMATES (LIFE AND LIFE W/O PAROLE)

OKLAHOMA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

119 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

15 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

603 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

215 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

112 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

3,053 INMATES

PAROLE

861 INMATES

GOODTIME

0 INMATES

PROBATION

2,340 INMATES

DEATH

61 INMATES

OTHER

393 INMATES

TOTAL

6,708 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

INMATES RECEIVE EARNED CREDITS AND ACHIEVEMENT CREDITS

THROUGHOUT INCARCERATION IF ELIGIBLE. MOST INMATES HAVE RECEIVED SOME FORM OF CREDIT BY THE TIME THEY ARE RELEASED FROM CUSTODY.

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES

EARLY MEDICAL RELEASE CAN ONLY BE CONSIDERED AND ALLOWED BY THE STATE PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD, NOT THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS. DOC MAY REQUEST ADDITIONS TO THE PARDON AND PAROLE BOARD DOCKETS.

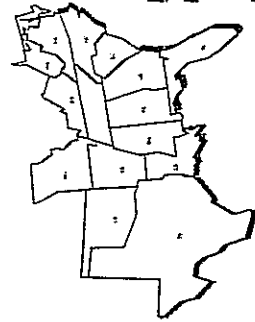
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 01 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

749 INMATES

OKLAHOMA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

STATE RESPONSE:

34

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

7,588

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

7,588

RANDOM

N/A

INCIDENT

N/A

HIGH RISK GROUP

N/A

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

ADMISSION AND PER

DOCTOR'S ORDER

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

28 INMATES

THE OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

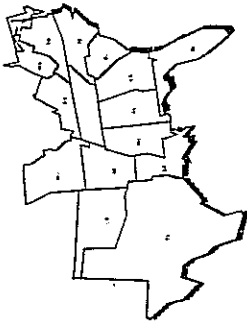
STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

ELDERLY INMATES IN OKLAHOMA ARE TREATED COMPARABLY TO OTHER INMATES. ACCOMMODATIONS AND MEDICAL ATTENTION IS PROVIDED WHERE INDICATED. DURING THE 1997 LEGISLATIVE SESSION, DEPARTMENT STAFF ATTEMPTED, UNSUCCESSFULLY, TO INITIATE LEGISLATION THAT WOULD ALLOW THE DEPARTMENT TO ESTABLISH A FACILITY THAT WOULD HOUSE ELDERLY AND HANDICAPPED OR DISABLED OFFENDERS.

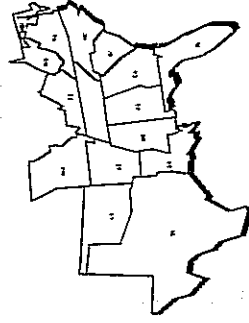
OKLAHOMA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

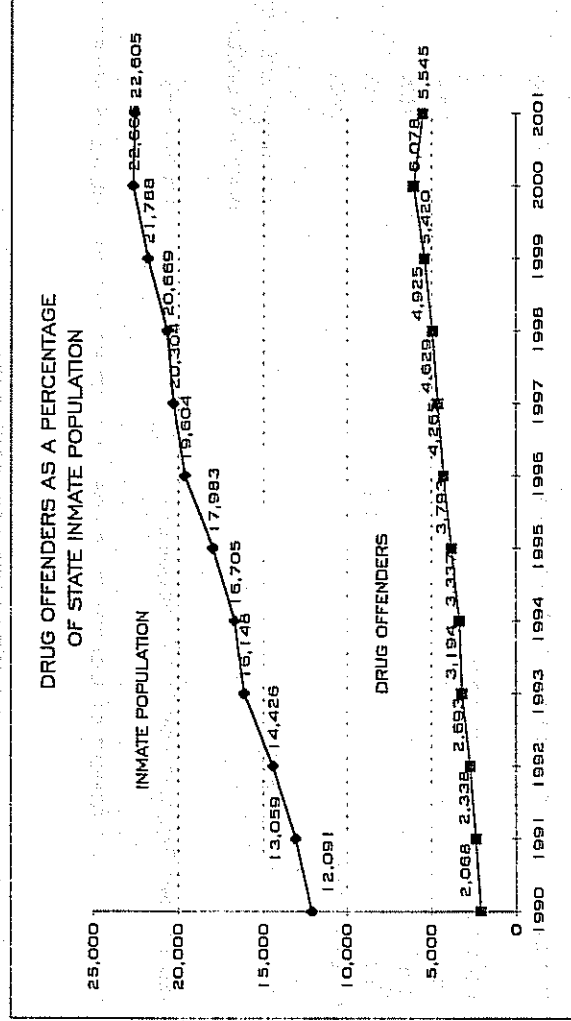


PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PROVIDES SEVERAL PROGRAMS FOR THE TREATMENT OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE. THE PRISON BASED TREATMENT PROGRAMS CONSIST OF FIVE LEVELS OF TREATMENT (HALFWAY HOUSE, 6 MONTHS, 12 MONTHS, REGIMENTED TREATMENT PROGRAMS, AND THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY). THE COST OF THESE PROGRAMS IS \$1.4 MILLION EXCLUDING PERSONNEL COSTS. THE FUNDING SOURCES ARE RESIDENTIAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT GRANTS, SPECIAL POPULATION TREATMENT UNIT, AND PRIVATE PRISON CONTRACTS.

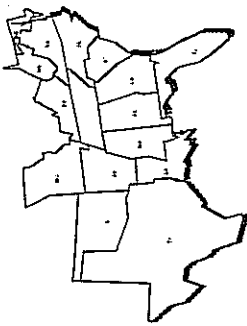


THE OKLAHOMA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS IN THE PROCESS OF EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THESE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS UTILIZING THE CPAI. THEY BEGAN TRACKING PROGRAM PARTICIPATION IN LATE 1999 AND BELIEVE THAT IT WILL TAKE A MINIMUM OF 5 YEARS TO ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS BASED ON RECIDIVISM RATES.

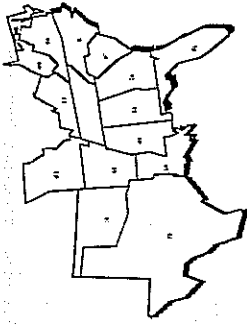


NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR OKLAHOMA HAS INCREASED FROM 17.9% IN 1991 TO 24.53% IN 2001.

OKLAHOMA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE
PERCENTAGE BLACK
PERCENTAGE OTHER
PERCENTAGE MALE
PERCENTAGE FEMALE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

30.0 YEARS

446 INMATES

4.67 YEARS

2.08 YEARS

A. DRUGS
B. BURGLARY
C. HOMICIDE

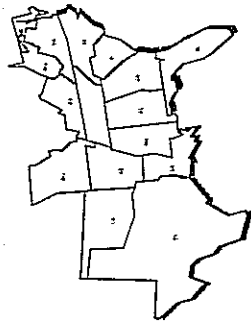
31.20%
68.00%
0.80%
93.30%
6.70%

1,517 INMATES

370 INMATES

72 INMATES

SOUTH CAROLINA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

PAROLE

GOODTIME

PROBATION

DEATH

OTHER

TOTAL

5,265 INMATES

3,240 INMATES

* INMATES

2,281 INMATES

74 INMATES

813 INMATES

11,673 INMATES

STATE RESPONSE:

70 INMATES

1 INMATE

3,200 INMATES

341 INMATES

1,198 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

* EXPIRATION AND PROBATION INMATES EARNED
GOOD TIME TOWARD SENTENCES.

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

YES NONE WERE RELEASED IN FY 00.

THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS INSTITUTES A POLICY KNOWN AS THE "MEDICAL FURLOUGH PROGRAM

FOR TERMINALLY ILL INMATES". THE POLICY STATES THAT ANY INMATE THAT HAS BEEN DIAGNOSED BY A SOUTH CAROLINA

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS STAFF PHYSICIAN AS HAVING A TERMINAL ILLNESS AND WHO IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR EARLY PAROLE

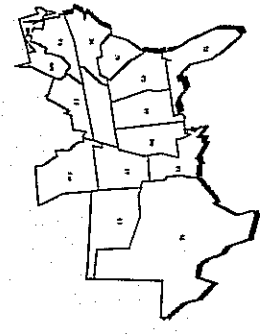
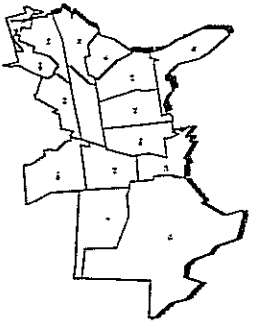
MAY APPLY FOR A MEDICAL FURLOUGH, WHICH, IF APPROVED WILL ALLOW THE INMATE TO SPEND APPROXIMATELY HIS/HER LAST

YEAR AT HOME WITH HIS/HER FAMILY.

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

1,670 INMATES

SOUTH CAROLINA



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION	STATE RESPONSE:
NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:	220 INMATES
NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES	N/A
TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:	
Admission	N/A
RANDOM	N/A
INCIDENT	N/A
High Risk Group	N/A
SYSTEMS' FREQUENCY OF TESTING:	ON ADMISSION, POST-EXPOSURE AND CLINICAL INDICATIONS
INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:	374 INMATES
INMATES FOUND TO BE POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES ARE INCARCERATED IN ONE FACILITY. MALE HIV POPULATION IS ASSIGNED TO BROAD RIVER CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION, COLUMBIA, SC. FEMALE HIV POPULATION IS ASSIGNED TO WOMEN'S CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION, COLUMBIA, SC.	

SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPT. OF CORRECTIONS WAS NOT UNDER A FEDERAL COURT ORDER AS OF JULY 1, 2001.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS GENERALLY DEFINES ANY INMATES OVER THE AGE OF 55 AS "ELDERLY INMATES." CURRENTLY, SCDC PLACES ALL ELDERLY INMATES IN GENERAL POPULATION AT ALL INSTITUTIONS UNLESS THE INMATE HAS SPECIAL NEEDS (I.E., MEDICAL NEEDS, MENTAL HEALTH NEEDS). SOME ELDERLY INMATES ARE PLACED IN A 20-BED ASSISTED LIVING UNIT LOCATED AT PERRY CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION. TERMINALLY ILL INMATES WHO A PHYSICIAN DETERMINES HAS LESS THAN ONE YEAR TO LIVE MAY APPLY FOR A MEDICAL FURLOUGH FOR TERMINALLY ILL INMATES. A SPONSOR WILL PROVIDE RESIDENCE AND ASSUME COMPLETE FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY FOR LIVING EXPENSES AND MEDICAL CARE FOR THE INMATE. THE REQUEST MUST ALSO INCLUDE A SIGNED STATEMENT FROM A COMMUNITY PHYSICIAN AGREEING THEY WILL PROVIDE MEDICAL CARE FOR THE FURLOUGHED INMATE AND THAT SCDC WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY COSTS. ALL REQUESTS REQUIRE THE AGENCY DIRECTOR'S APPROVAL.

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

CURRENTLY, THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS PROVIDES A MODALITY OF PRISON-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS REFERRED TO AS A THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY. THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITIES WITHIN THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS ARE FORMED FOR MUTUAL ADVANTAGE FOR OFFENDERS WHO ARE CHEMICALLY DEPENDENT. THE COMMON GOAL OF THESE PROGRAMS IS CHANGE. IN ADDITION TO THE RESIDENTIAL PROGRAMMING, THE SCDC ALSO OFFERS NON-RESIDENTIAL LEVELS OF PROGRAMMING TO INCLUDE THOSE THAT ARE CONSIDERED LOW INTENSITY (EDUCATIONAL), AND LOW/MODERATE (EDUCATIONAL & GROUP).

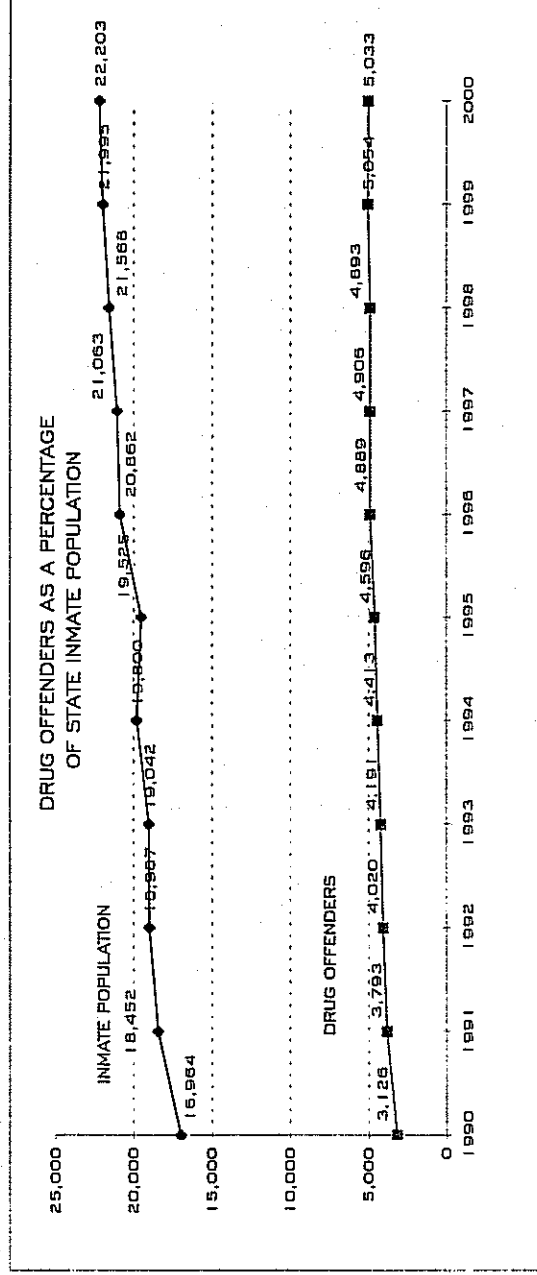
SOUTH CAROLINA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

THE SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS LISTED THE FOLLOWING MODIFIED THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENTS PROGRAMS:

PROGRAM NAME	FEDERAL FUNDS	STATE FUNDS	TOTAL FUNDS	FUNDING SOURCE
LEATH CI	\$321,247	\$186,167	\$507,414	RES. SUB. ABUSE TREATMENT GRANT
TURBEVILLE CI	\$643,194	\$264,398	\$1,057,592	RES. SUB. ABUSE TREATMENT GRANT
STATE PARK CI	NONE	\$141,480	\$141,480	STATE FUNDED
TOTAL	\$964,441	\$592,045	\$1,706,486	

THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS IS EVALUATED BY COMPARING THE REINCARCERATION RATES OF THOSE WHO HAVE HAD SUBSTANCE USE/ABUSE TREATMENT TO THOSE WHO HAVE NOT. ALSO, RECIDIVISM RATES FOR THOSE IN THE PROGRAM ARE COMPARED TO INMATES IN GENERAL POPULATION. PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS ARE TRACKED THROUGH A SAMPLING OF SUCCESSFUL PROGRAM COMPLETERS WHO HAVE BEEN RELEASED FROM THE SCDOC.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR SOUTH CAROLINA HAS REMAINED FAIRLY CONSTANT AT ABOUT 20% OVER THE LAST 10 YEARS.

SOUTH CAROLINA

DECLARATION

I, the undersigned, do hereby declare that the foregoing is a true and correct copy of the original as the same appears in the records of the County of [] State of []

Witness my hand and seal of office this [] day of [] 19[]

Notary Public for the State of []

My commission expires on the [] day of [] 19[]

Notary Public

My commission expires on the [] day of [] 19[]

Notary Public

My commission expires on the [] day of [] 19[]

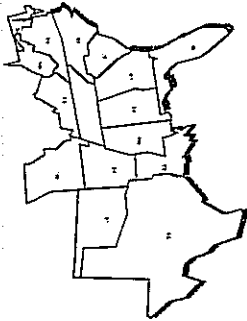
Notary Public

My commission expires on the [] day of [] 19[]

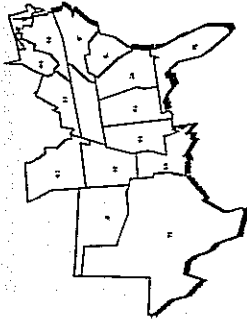
Notary Public

Notary Public





STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

32.2 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

546 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

5.3 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

4.1 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. HOMICIDE
- B. DRUGS
- C. ROBBERY

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

46.00%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

52.00%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

2.00%

PERCENTAGE MALE

94.00%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

6.00%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

1,727 INMATES

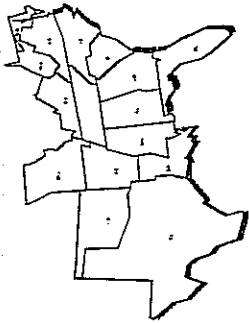
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

180 INMATES

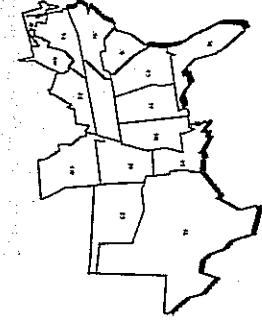
NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

114 INMATES

TENNESSEE



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES

(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

104 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

1 INMATE

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

3,383 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

77 INMATES

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

827 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

3,965 INMATES

PAROLE

3,773 INMATES

GOODTIME

N/A INMATES

PROBATION

4,247 INMATES

DEATH

47 INMATES

OTHER

1,204 INMATES

TOTAL

13,236 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

NO RESPONSE

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

NO

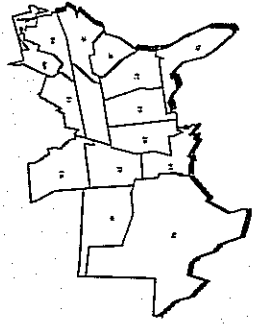
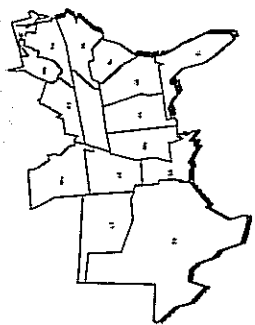
BY STATUTE, THE COMMISSIONER MAY GRANT FURLOUGHS FOR MEDICAL REASONS TO INMATES WHO MEET VERY STRICT CRITERIA. THIS FURLOUGH MAY BE REVOKED AT ANY TIME.

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

96 INMATES

TENNESSEE

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES: 225 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES 4,735 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION	4,735 INMATES
RANDOM	0
INCIDENT	3 INMATES
HIGH RISK GROUP	7 INMATES

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

TESTING IS MANDATORY FOR INMATES UNDER AGE 21. INMATES
OVER 21 ARE VOLUNTARILY TESTED UPON ADMISSION.

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

225 INMATES

THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

TENNESSEE

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS RECOGNIZES THE GROWING NEEDS OF ELDERLY AND INFIRMED INMATES AS SPECIAL POPULATIONS. CURRENTLY, THE TDOC OPERATES THE DeBERRY SPECIAL NEEDS FACILITY AS ITS CENTRAL HOSPITAL AND PHARMACY FOR MEDICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH NEEDS. THE SHELTERED LIVING UNIT AT DSNF CONTAINS BEDS FOR INMATE WORKERS AND ALSO 85 BEDS FOR INFIRMED INMATES WHO ARE INDEPENDENT IN THEIR ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING.

NO SPECIAL PROGRAMS CURRENTLY EXIST FOR ELDERLY INMATES, HOWEVER, 45 BEDS AT THE WAYNE COUNTY BOOT CAMP ARE UTILIZED FOR GERIATRIC INMATES WHO PROVIDE SUPPORT SERVICES FOR THE FACILITY.

ALTERNATIVES TO INCARCERATION

COMMUNITY CORRECTIONS GRANT PROGRAMS SERVE AS AN ALTERNATIVE TO INCARCERATION FOR TARGET POPULATIONS OF OFFENDERS, ENSURING THE COURTS A RANGE OF SENTENCING OPTIONS. THE INTENSIVE PROBATION PROGRAM IS AVAILABLE TO DIVERT OFFENDERS FROM INSTITUTIONS WHO WOULD OTHERWISE BE INCARCERATED. THIS SUPERVISION DOES INVOLVE EVENING AND WEEKEND HOME VISITS, ELECTRONIC MONITORING AND RANDOM DRUG SCREENS.

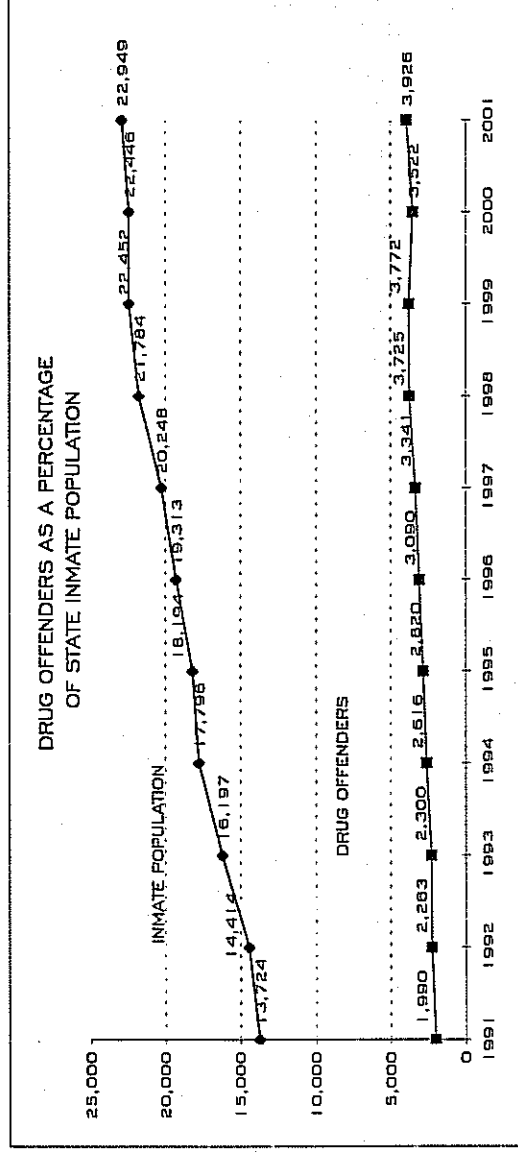
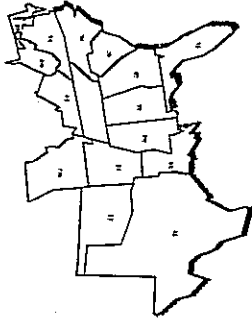
TENNESSEE

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

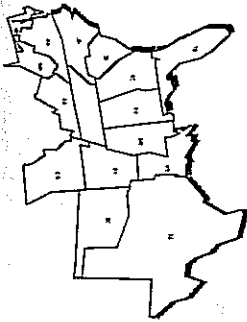
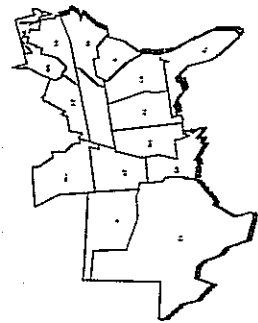
PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS HAS A NUMBER OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS INCLUDING MODIFIED THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY PROGRAMS, STRUCTURED SELF-HELP PROGRAMS, GROUP COUNSELING PROGRAMS, ETC. THE LENGTH OF THESE PROGRAMS RANGES FROM 10 WEEKS TO 6 MONTHS AND THE ANNUAL PROGRAM CAPACITY OF THESE PROGRAMS IS 1,428. THE TOTAL COST ASSOCIATED WITH THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS IS \$1.2 MILLION. THIS INCLUDES STATE AND FEDERAL (BYRNE) \$137,000 AND RSAT \$331,500 FUNDS.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR TENNESSEE HAS INCREASED FROM 14.5% IN 1991 TO 17.1% IN 2001.

TENNESSEE



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

32.6 YEARS

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

2,259 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

8.52 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

4.31 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. DRUGS 33,477
- B. ROBBERY 22,504
- C. BURGLARY 19,358

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

31.10%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

43.30%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

25.60%

PERCENTAGE MALE

92.26%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

7.74%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

7,550 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

N/A

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

348 INMATES

TEXAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

440 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

20 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

43,882 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

1,773

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

12,319 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

PAROLE

GOODTIME

PROBATION

DEATH

OTHER

TOTAL

5,028 INMATES

11,155 INMATES

19,390 INMATES

650 INMATES

494 INMATES

N/A INMATES

36,717 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

ELIGIBILITY REQUIRES PRISON TIME PLUS GOOD
CONDUCT TIME TO EQUAL THE TOTAL SENTENCE.

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

Yes

ARTICLE 42.18, SECTION 8 (M) OF THE TEXAS CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE/SPECIAL NEEDS RELEASES: THE CODE OF CRIMINAL
PROCEDURE STIPULATES THAT SOME ELDERLY, PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED, MENTALLY ILL, TERMINALLY ILL OR
MENTALLY RETARDED INMATES MAY BE RELEASED FROM THE TDCJ/D BEFORE THEIR PAROLE DATE, WITH WRITTEN
DOCUMENTATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FROM THE INSTITUTIONAL DIVISION PHYSICIANS.

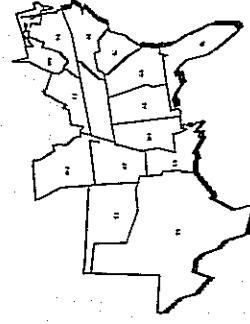
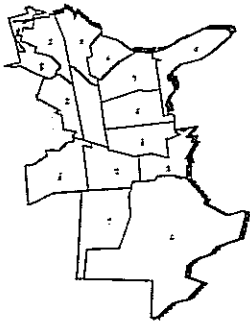
NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

6,968 INMATES

TEXAS



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:	847 INMATES
NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES	33,801 INMATES
TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:	
ADMISSION	N/A
RANDOM	N/A
INCIDENT	N/A
HIGH RISK GROUP	N/A
SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:	N/A
INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:	346 INMATES

THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

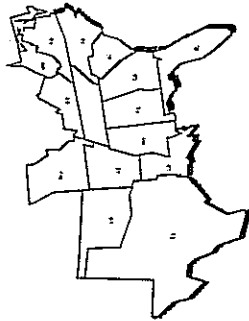
COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS UNDER A STATE COURT ORDER FOR FISCAL YEAR 2001. THIS COURT ORDER RELATES TO THE FOLLOW:

- 1.) USE OF FORCE TRAINING.
- 2.) AMELIORATION OF CONDITIONS IN ADMINISTRATIVE SEGREGATION.
- 3.) PROTECTIVE CUSTODY - RESPONSE TO VULNERABLE OFFENDERS.

TEXAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRM INMATES

THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE (TDCJ) ESTABLISHED A TASK FORCE ON AGING OFFENDERS WHICH IS ADDRESSING THE ISSUE OF THE GROWING NUMBER OF ELDERLY OFFENDERS. THE ELDERLY INMATE POPULATION IS PROJECTED TO INCREASE BY 121% BETWEEN 1998 AND 2008, FROM 4,779 INMATES TO 10,601 INMATES. THIS INCREASE IN POPULATION MAY CAUSE THE HEALTH CARE COSTS OF THE ELDERLY INMATE POPULATION TO MORE THAN DOUBLE DURING THIS PERIOD. THE PRISON SYSTEM'S ANNUAL HEALTH CARE COST FOR ELDERLY INMATES MAY INCREASE FROM \$27 MILLION PER YEAR IN 1999 TO \$56 MILLION IN 2008.

TDCJ CLUSTERS ELDERLY INMATES IN CERTAIN UNITS. FOURTEEN UNITS HOUSE ABOUT 47% OF THE ELDERLY POPULATION AND THE REMAINING 53% ARE DISTRIBUTED THROUGHOUT THE OTHER TDCJ FACILITIES. A UNIT DEVELOPED AS A GERIATRIC FACILITY WITH A CAPACITY OF 60 BEDS HOUSES OFFENDERS WHO REQUIRE A SHELTERED ENVIRONMENT AND MAY NEED SPECIALTY SERVICES.

CURRENTLY, THERE IS NO NEW LEGISLATION WHICH HAS BEEN ENACTED SPECIFICALLY ADDRESSING THIS ISSUE.

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE HAS IDENTIFIED THE FOLLOWING FORMS OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS:

- (1) SUBSTANCE ABUSE FELONY PUNISHMENT FACILITIES - AN INTENSIVE NINE TO TWELVE MONTH THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY PROGRAM SENTENCED BY A JUDGE AS A CONDITION OF PROBATION OR AS A MODIFICATION OF PAROLE/PROBATION. THE PROGRAM CONSISTS OF ORIENTATION, MAIN TREATMENT, AND RE-ENTRY. OFFENDERS MAY ALSO PARTICIPATE IN PEER SUPPORT GROUPS.

TEXAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

(2) IN-PRISON THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY-9 TO 12 MONTH INTENSIVE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITY TREATMENT PROGRAM FOR OFFENDERS IDENTIFIED AS NEEDING SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT; PARTICIPATION BY PAROLE BOARD VOTE, RELEASED ON PAROLE AFTER PROGRAM COMPLETION TO COMMUNITY RESIDENTIAL FACILITY FOR 3 MONTHS FOLLOWED BY OUTPATIENT TREATMENT FOR 12 MONTHS.

(3) PRE-RELEASE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAM - AN INTENSIVE 6-MONTH TREATMENT PROGRAM FOR OFFENDERS WITH SERIOUS SUBSTANCE ABUSE/DEPENDENCY AND ANTISOCIAL CHARACTERISTICS FROM INSTITUTIONAL DIVISION UNITS. THESE OFFENDERS ARE WITHIN 6 TO 9 MONTHS OF RELEASE AS IDENTIFIED BY THE TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE CLASSIFICATION DEPARTMENT AND PAROLE DIVISION. TREATMENT MODALITY IS SIMILAR TO SUBSTANCE ABUSE FELONY PUNISHMENT FACILITIES, BUT IS MUCH MORE CONDENSED. OFFENDERS MAY PARTICIPATE IN PEER SUPPORT GROUPS.

(4) STATE JAIL SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM - OFFERS FIVE SEPARATE PROGRAMS FOR OFFENDERS WITH FOURTH DEGREE FELONIES WHO ARE SENTENCED BY A JUDGE TO SERVE A SENTENCE FOR NOT MORE THAN TWO YEARS.

(5) INTERMEDIATE SANCTION FACILITY (ISF) - A PAROLE PROGRAM DESIGNED TO TREAT OFFENDERS WHO HAVE RELAPSED.

(6) INSTITUTIONAL SUBSTANCE ABUSE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM - ALL INSTITUTIONAL DIVISION OFFENDERS ARE REFERRED TO THE ADDICTION AND HUMAN DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION PROGRAM AS IT BENEFITS EVEN NON-DRINKERS/NON-USERS. THE PROGRAM INVOLVES SCREENING TO HELP DETERMINE SEVERITY OF ANY ALCOHOL OR DRUG PROGRAMS, AND PRIORITIZING PROGRAM PARTICIPATION. DRUG EDUCATION IS PROVIDED TO OFFENDERS AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER INCARCERATION.

TEXAS

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

STATE INITIATIVES (CONTINUED)

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS (CONTINUED)

(7) CONTINUUM OF CARE - SUCCESSFUL GRADUATES OF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS AT THE SAFF FACILITIES AND IPTC'S PROGRESS TO ONE OF THE TRANSITIONAL TREATMENT CENTERS OPERATED UNDER CONTRACT MONITORED BY THE PAROLE DIVISION AND THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM. PARTICIPANTS RESIDE FOR 3 MONTHS AT THE TTC, BUT OBTAIN EMPLOYMENT IN THE LOCAL COMMUNITY. SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT AND THE THERAPEUTIC GROUP PROCESS CONTINUE DURING THE RESIDENTS' TIME IN THE TTC. UPON LEAVING THE TTC, PARTICIPANTS CONTINUE FURTHER TREATMENT FOR ONE YEAR ON AN OUTPATIENT BASIS WITH AN AFTERCARE PROVIDER. THUS, THE CONTINUUM OF CARE, FROM SAFFP OR IPTC THROUGH THE TTC AND AFTERCARE PROCESS, IS TWO YEARS.

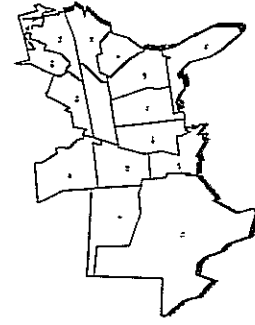
EVALUATION

PERFORMANCE MEASURES AS OUTLINED IN THE CONTRACT AND AUDITS PERFORMED REGULARLY ARE TWO PROCEDURES USED TO TRACK THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS. THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE POLICY COUNCIL'S COMPARISON OF RECIDIVISM RATES FOR 1993, 1994, AND 1995 AS WELL AS THE 1997/98 COMPARISON ARE ALSO METHODS OF EVALUATING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE PROGRAM. THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM IS EVOLVING AND CONTINUALLY IMPROVING AS METHODS OF EVALUATION INCREASE EACH YEAR.

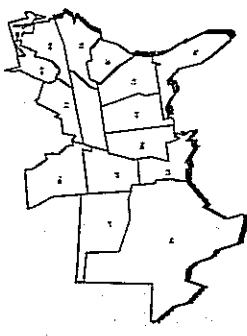
TRACKING

PARTICIPANTS ARE TRACKED THROUGH THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE MASTER PLAN INFORMATION MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (SAMPIMS). THE SAMPIMS IS CURRENTLY UNDER REVIEW TO ADEQUATELY DETERMINE WHAT IMPROVEMENTS TO THE SYSTEM CAN BE MADE TO BETTER SUPPORT THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE INITIATIVE.

TEXAS

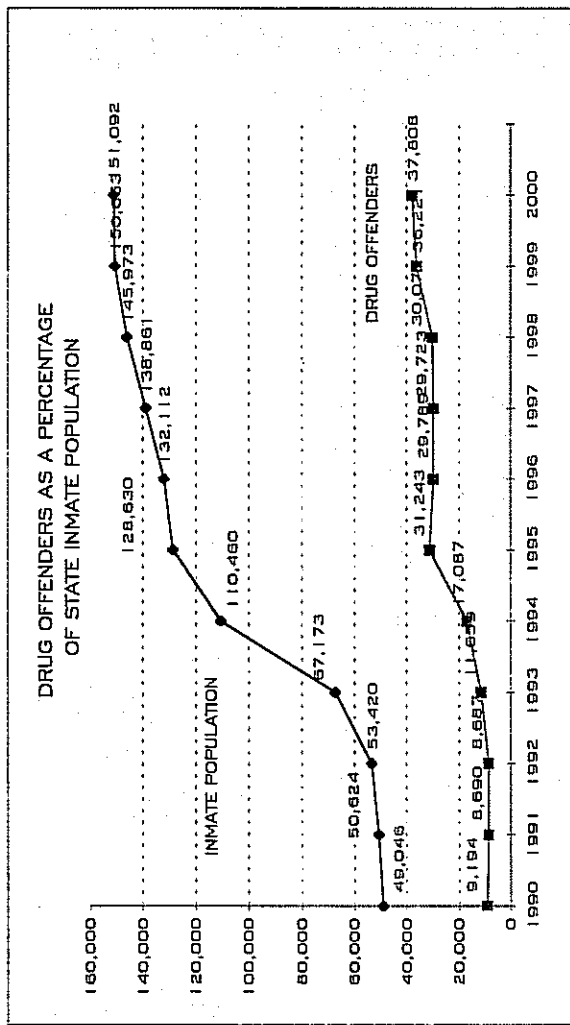


STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



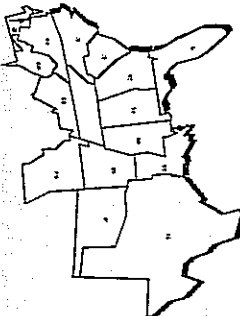
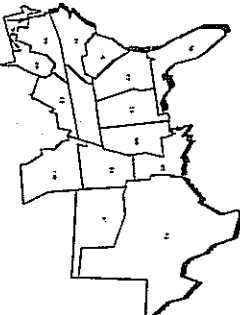
RECIDIVISM RATES

RECIDIVISM RATES ARE COMPARED BETWEEN OFFENDERS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS VERSUS OFFERS THAT MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE PROGRAMS, BUT WHO DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE PROGRAMS. THE COMPARISON WAS MADE FOR OFFENDERS WHO PARTICIPATED IN THE IN-PRISON THERAPEUTIC TREATMENT COMMUNITIES (IPTC) AND THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE FELONY PUNISHMENT FACILITIES (SAFPF) VERSUS OFFENDERS WHO MAY HAVE BEEN ELIGIBLE FOR PARTICIPATION IN THESE PROGRAMS, BUT WHO DID NOT PARTICIPATE. THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE POLICY COUNCIL (CJPC) COMPLETED A THREE-YEAR RECIDIVISM TRACKING OF OFFENDERS PARTICIPATING IN SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS FOR 1993, 1994, AND 1995. THE CJPC IS CURRENTLY TRACKING A 2-YEAR RECIDIVISM RATE FOR THE COMPARISON POPULATION FOR FISCAL YEAR 1997 AND 1998.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR TEXAS HAS INCREASED FROM 18.75% IN 1990 TO 25.02% IN 2000.

TEXAS



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES

(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

STATE RESPONSE:

32.5 YEARS

444 INMATES

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

5.2 YEARS

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

3.2 YEARS

THE THREE (3) MOST FREQUENTLY COMMITTED CRIMES FOR WHICH

INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

A. LARCENY/FRAUD

B. ROBBERY

C. DRUGS

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

32.80%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

66.20%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

1.00%

PERCENTAGE MALE

93.60%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

6.40%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

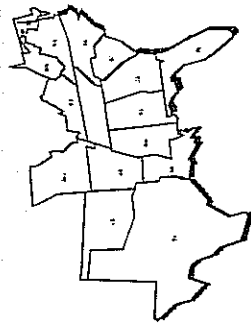
1,521 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

313 INMATES

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

53 INMATES



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:
28 INMATES

INMATES EXECUTED IN FY 2001:

6 INMATES

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

10,028 INMATES

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

1,018 INMATES

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

916 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 2001 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

749 INMATES

PAROLE

2,313 INMATES

GOODTIME

5,585 INMATES

PROBATION

INCLUDED IN EXPIRATION

DEATH

77 INMATES

OTHER

298 INMATES

TOTAL

9,022 INMATES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

THESE INMATES SERVED APPROX. 85 TO 90%
OF THEIR SENTENCE.

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

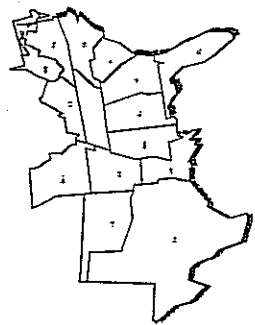
No

NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 2001 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

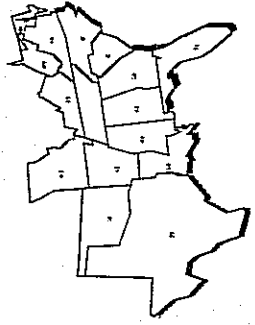
N/A

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

N/A



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

550 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

3,145 INMATES

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

N/A

RANDOM

YES

INCIDENT

YES

HIGH RISK GROUP

YES

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

INMATE REQUEST OR SYMPTOMATIC

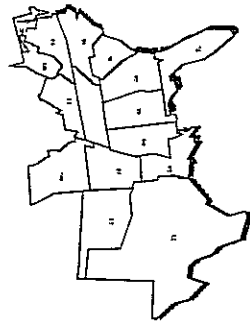
INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

550 INMATES

THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS WAS NOT UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER AS OF JUNE 30, 2001.



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

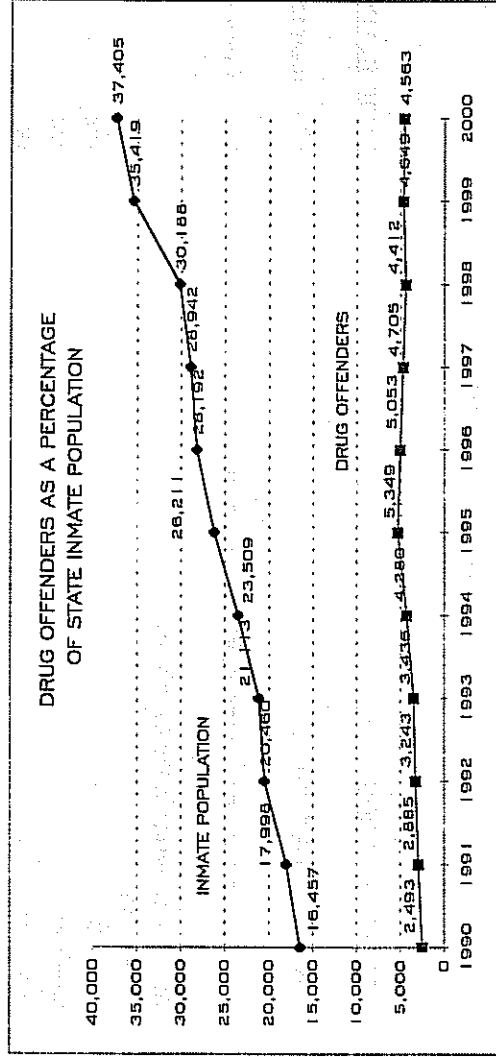
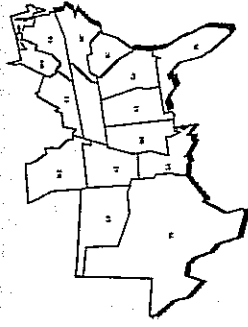
STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

HEALTH CARE IS BASED ON PATIENT FUNCTIONALITY AND NOT AGE. IF A PATIENT REQUIRES ASSISTANCE WITH 3 OR MORE ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, THEN THEY ARE HOUSED AT THE POWHATAN, GREENSVILLE, OR FLUVANNA (WOMEN ONLY) INFIRMARIES. IF THE PATIENT REQUIRES HELP WITH 1 OR 2 ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING, THEN HE IS HOUSED AT DEERFIELD'S ASSISTED LIVING UNIT. SKILLED NURSING CARE IS ABOUT \$100 PER DAY, AND ASSISTED LIVING IS ABOUT \$225 PER DAY IN ADDITION TO NORMAL HOUSING COSTS.

PRISON BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

ALL PRISONS OFFER A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PSYCHO-EDUCATION CURRICULUM AND MANY OFFER GROUP COUNSELING. VIRGINIA'S FLAGSHIP PROGRAMS ARE SUBSTANCE ABUSE THERAPEUTIC COMMUNITIES (TC). THEY HAVE 1,825 BEDS IN 9 PRISONS ACROSS THE STATE, INCLUDING 2 FACILITIES THAT OPERATE SOLELY AS SECURE TC PRISONS. TOTAL FUNDING FOR THESE PROGRAMS IS APPROXIMATELY \$3 MILLION PER YEAR. NATIONAL CONSULTANTS ARE ON CONTRACT TO CONDUCT PROCESS EVALUATIONS OF THESE PROGRAMS. THE DEPARTMENT HAS EMPLOYED AN ANALYST WHO IS COLLECTING DATA FOR A LONGITUDINAL RECIDIVISM STUDY.

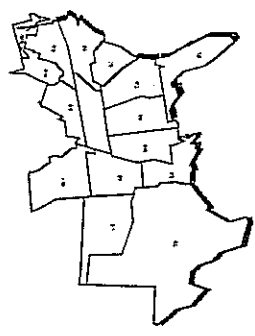
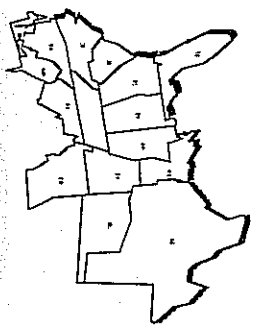


NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR VIRGINIA HAS DECREASED FROM 15.15% IN 1990 TO 12.20% IN 2000.

VIRGINIA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES
(AS OF JULY 1, 2001)



PROFILE QUESTION

STATE RESPONSE:

AVERAGE AGE AT COMMITMENT:

N/A

TOTAL NUMBER OF INMATES 50 YEARS OR OLDER:

N/A

AVERAGE SENTENCE FOR NEW COMMITMENTS:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

11.4 YEARS (MALES)

10.4 YEARS (FEMALES)

AVERAGE TIME SERVED BY THOSE RELEASED:
(EXCLUDING LIFE SENTENCES)

1.86 YEARS (MALES)

1.43 YEARS (FEMALES)

THE THREE (3) MOST SERIOUS CRIMES FOR WHICH
INMATES ARE CURRENTLY SERVING TIME:

- A. FIRST DEGREE MURDER
- B. AGGRAVATED ROBBERY
- C. SEXUAL ASSAULT

RACE AND SEX DISTRIBUTION:

PERCENTAGE WHITE

83.00%

PERCENTAGE BLACK

16.00%

PERCENTAGE OTHER

1.00%

PERCENTAGE MALE

94.00%

PERCENTAGE FEMALE

6.00%

NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE

314 INMATES

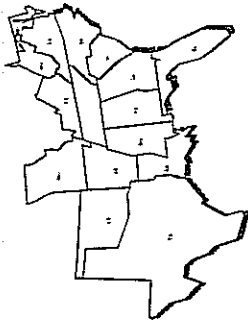
NUMBER OF INMATES SERVING LIFE (WITHOUT PAROLE)

204 INMATES

NEW COMMITMENTS TO LIFE SENTENCES:

N/A

WEST VIRGINIA



STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

INMATES SERVING DEATH SENTENCES:

STATE RESPONSE:

0 INMATES (WV ABOLISHED THE DEATH PENALTY
IN 1965)

INMATES SERVING TWENTY (20) YEARS OR MORE:

UNKNOWN

INMATES THAT HAVE ALREADY SERVED TWENTY (20)

YEARS OF THEIR CURRENT SENTENCE:

UNKNOWN

INMATES ADMITTED WHO WERE PAROLE VIOLATORS:

214 INMATES

INMATES RELEASED FROM CUSTODY IN FY 01 FOR THE FOLLOWING:

EXPIRATION OF SENTENCE

313 INMATES

PAROLE

542 INMATES

GOODTIME

0 INMATES

PROBATION

203 INMATES

DEATH

18 INMATES

OTHER

99 INMATES

TOTAL

1,175 INMATES

COURT ORDERED RELEASES

METHOD IN WHICH "GOODTIME" IS CALCULATED:

No Response

IS MEDICAL-EARLY OR COMPASSIONATE RELEASE ALLOWED:

Yes

NUMBER OF INMATES RELEASED IN FY 01 BASED ON THE ABOVE:

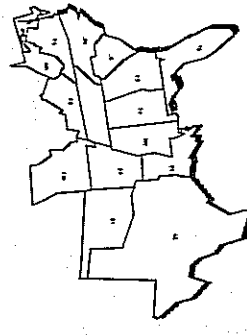
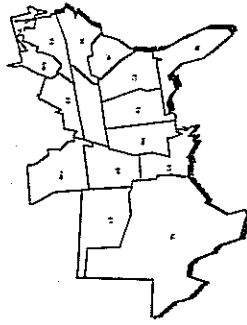
UNKNOWN

INMATES BETWEEN THE AGES OF 17 AND 20:

24 INMATES

WEST VIRGINIA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE



SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF ADULT INMATES (HIV/AIDS AS OF JULY 1, 2001)

PROFILE QUESTION

NUMBER OF AIDS CASES:

STATE RESPONSE:

10 INMATES

NUMBER OF INMATES TESTED FOR HIV ANTIBODIES

UNKNOWN

TESTING OF INMATES BY CATEGORY:

ADMISSION

UNKNOWN

RANDOM

UNKNOWN

INCIDENT

UNKNOWN

HIGH RISK GROUP

UNKNOWN

SYSTEMS FREQUENCY OF TESTING:

CLINICALLY NEEDED; INMATE REQUEST; INCIDENT

INMATES TESTING POSITIVE FOR HIV ANTIBODIES:

UNKNOWN

NOTE: THE WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DOES NOT SEGREGATE OR ISOLATE HIV-INFECTED INMATES.

COURT ORDER REQUIREMENTS

THE WEST VIRGINIA DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS IS NOT CURRENTLY UNDER A FEDERAL OR STATE COURT ORDER DURING THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2001.

WEST VIRGINIA

STATE CORRECTIONS PROFILE

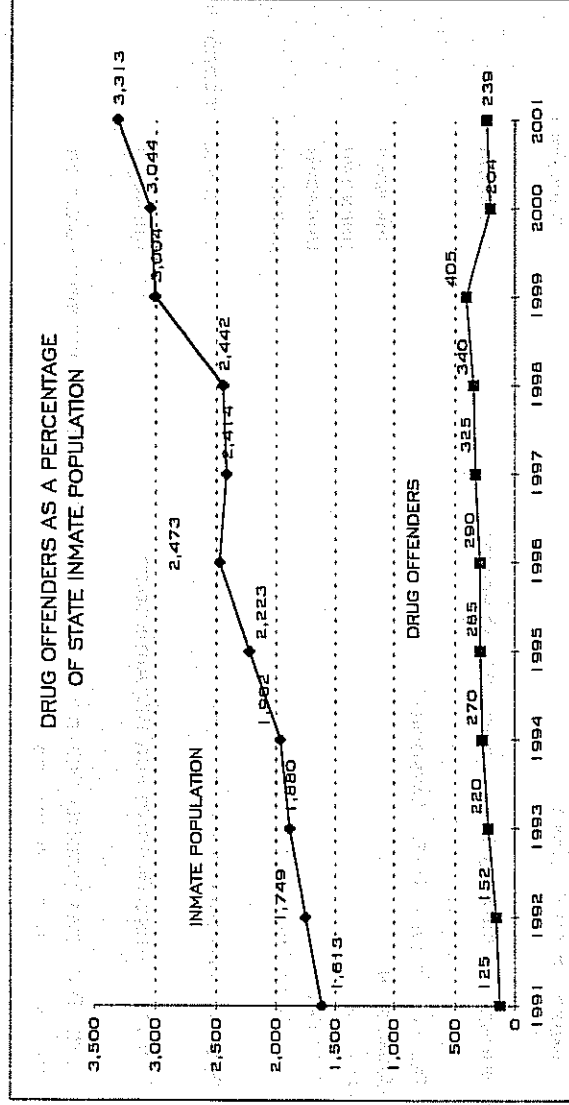
STATE INITIATIVES

ELDERLY OR INFIRMED INMATES

THE WEST VIRGINIA DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS CONVERTED THE OLD MENTAL RETARDATION CENTER INTO A PRISON FOR OLDER INMATES AND INMATES WITH MEDICAL PROBLEMS.

PRISON-BASED SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS

THE WEST VIRGINIA DIVISION OF CORRECTIONS HAS INDICATED THAT EXTENSIVE DRUG TREATMENT CLASSES ARE PROVIDED AT MOST INSTITUTIONS. IN ADDITION, BECKLEY CORRECTIONAL CENTER IS A DEDICATED DUI TREATMENT FACILITY. RECIDIVISM RATES ARE NOT AVAILABLE FOR THE SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROGRAMS.



NOTE: THE NUMBER OF DRUG OFFENDERS RELATED TO THE TOTAL INMATE POPULATION FOR WEST VIRGINIA HAS REMAINED AT ABOUT 7% FOR THE LAST 10 YEARS.

WEST VIRGINIA